Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2012 Registered number 3984460

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Directors' report

Registered number 3984460

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Principal activity and business review

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of web-based primary credit platforms for the financial markets, combining core workflow applications for the primary issuance of bond instruments and the associated data generated. The Company reported a pre-tax profit of £1,846k (2011 £2,851k). Turnover has increased year on year by 19% due to continued penetration into the markets of the Tier 2, 3 and 4 banks, however costs have increased due to an increase in inter UK costs that have been recharged from other UK group companies. Core profitability has remained consistent

Future developments

The Company continues to invest in and develop its core products, Issuebook and Issuenet, and has experienced further significant turnover growth during 2012. The Company remains market leader and continues to invest in and develop functionality of our products on behalf of our clients.

Financial and non-financial KPI's

The Company has always measured itself primarily on financial KPI's derived from the profit and loss and balance sheet which are commented on in this business review. Another important KPI for the group is the level of deferred income which at 31 December 2012 was £3 8m (2011 £2 4m)

Research and development

The company continues to invest significantly in product development. Research and development continues to be focused on integrating and further enhancing the product

Dividends

The directors recommend the payment of a dividend of £nil in respect of the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011 £nil)

Political and charitable contributions

The Company made no political or chantable donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year (2011 £nil)

Directors

The directors who held office throughout the year and to the date of these accounts were

Scott Ganeles Gary Brian Dockray Paul Anthony Lucas

Scott Ganeles and Gary Brian Dockray are directors of the largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated (see note 14)

All directors benefit from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial year and at the date of this report

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

By order of the Board Paul Lucas

Director

SKO

SEPTEMBER 2013

Registered Office

1st Floor Castle House 37 - 45 Paul Street

London EC2A 4LS United Kingdom

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable UK law. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- -select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- -make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- -state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements and
- -prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregulanties.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of Marketpipe Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Marketpipe Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 set out on pages 6 to 10 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to it in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and financial statements (set out on page 4), the directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and international Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditor's

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.trc.org/uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended, have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on the other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if in our opinion adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

John Bennett (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for an on behalf of KPMG LLP, Chartered Accountants (Statutory Auditor)

15 Canada Square

London E14 5GL

3 September 2013

Marketpipe Limited Profit and loss account

		Year	Year
		ended	ended
	-1	31 December	31 December
	Notes	2012	2011
		£'000	£,000
Turnover	2	8,218	6,922
Cost of sales		(2,598)	(2,162)
Gross profit		5,620	4,760
Operating expenses		(3,765)	(1,906)
Operating profit		1,855	2,854
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(9)	(3)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	4	1,846	2,851
Taxation on ordinary activities	6	(320)	(738)
Retained profit for the financial year	11	1,526	2,113

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations

Marketpipe Limited Balance sheet as at 31 December 2012

Notes 2012 £'000 2011 £'000 Fixed Assets 7 41 125 Current Assets 2012 £'000 41 125 Current Assets 2012 £'000 2010 2010 2010 Debtors – amounts falling due within one year 8 9,031 4,262 2010			At 31	At 31
Fixed Assets £ 000 £ 000 Tangible fixed assets 7 41 125 Current Assets Debtors – amounts falling due within one year 8 9,031 4,262 Cash at bank and in hand 80 1 Creditors amounts falling due within one year 9 (7,355) (4 117) Net current assets 1,795 146 Total assets less current liabilities 1,797 271 Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves 2 3 3 Called up share capital 10 3 3			December	December
Fixed Assets 7 41 125 Current Assets 20		Notes	2012	2011
Tangible fixed assets 7 41 125 Current Assets Debtors – amounts falling due within one year 8 9,031 4,262 Cash at bank and in hand 80 1 Creditors amounts falling due within one year 9 (7,355) (4 117) Net current assets 1,755 146 Total assets less current liabilities 1,797 271 Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves 2 1,797 3 Called up share capital 10 3 3			£'000	£,000
Current Assets Debtors – amounts falling due within one year 8 9,031 4,262 Cash at bank and in hand 80 1 9,111 4,263 Creditors amounts falling due within one year 9 (7,355) (4,117) Net current assets 1,755 146 Total assets less current liabilities 1,797 271 Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves 2 1,797 271 Called up share capital 10 3 3	Fixed Assets			
Debtors – amounts falling due within one year 8 9,031 4,262 Cash at bank and in hand 80 1 9,111 4,263 Creditors amounts falling due within one year 9 (7,355) (4,117) Net current assets 1,755 146 Total assets less current liabilities 1,797 271 Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves 3 3 Called up share capital 10 3 3	Tangible fixed assets	7	41	125
Cash at bank and in hand 80 1 9,111 4,263 Creditors amounts falling due within one year 9 (7,355) (4 117) Net current assets 1,755 146 Total assets less current liabilities 1,797 271 Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves 2 3 3 Called up share capital 10 3 3	Current Assets			
Creditors amounts falling due within one year 9 (7,355) (4 117) Net current assets 1,755 146 Total assets less current liabilities 1,797 271 Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves 3 3 Called up share capital 10 3 3	Debtors – amounts falling due within one year	8	9,031	4,262
Creditors amounts failing due within one year 9 (7,355) (4 117) Net current assets 1,755 146 Total assets less current liabilities 1,797 271 Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves 2 2 Called up share capital 10 3 3	Cash at bank and in hand		80_	1
Net current assets 1,755 146 Total assets less current liabilities 1,797 271 Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves 20 3 3 Called up share capital 10 3 3			9,111	4,263
Total assets less current liabilities 1,797 271 Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves Called up share capital 10 3 3 3	Creditors amounts falling due within one year	9	(7,355)	(4,117)
Net assets 1,797 271 Capital and Reserves Called up share capital 10 3 3 3	Net current assets		1,755	146
Capital and Reserves Called up share capital 10 3 3 3	Total assets less current liabilities		1,797	271
Called up share capital 10 3 3	Net assets		1,797	271
The state of the s	Capital and Reserves			
Share premium account 11 52 52	Called up share capital	10	3	3
	Share premium account	11	52	52
Profit and loss account 11	Profit and loss account	11	1,742	216
Shareholder's funds 11 1,797 271	Shareholder's funds	11		

Approved by the board on SLO SEPTEMBER 2013

and signed on its behalf by

Paul Lucas Director

Company number 03984460

Notes to the financial statements

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. A summary of the principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year is set out below.

Basis of accounting
The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, and under the historical cost accounting rules.

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of liprec UK Holdings Limited which includes the Company in its own published consolidated final

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of lipred UK Holdings Limited the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with wholly owned subsidiaries which form part of the group

Going Concern
The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis. The Directors have reviewed the budgets and cash flow forecasts of the company for a period of 12 months from the date of these financial statements.

Turnover the portion of invoking that relates to the financial reporting period represents amounts receivable from customers for goods and services provided in the normal course of business net of VAT and other sales-related taxes. Sales under contracts covering future periods which are invoiced annually in advance, are deferred and credited to the profit and loss account over the period to which they relate.

Fangable fixed assets are stated at cost net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset evenly over its expected useful fire as follows:

Computer equipment and software

three years

Fetures and fittings

Industrial that is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its result as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and is therefore recognised only when on the basis of all available evidence it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Deferred taxation is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Penzions
The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme

Research and development
Research expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred. Development expenditure is written off in the same way unless the directors are satisfied as to the technical commercial and financial viability of individual projects. In this situation, the expenditure is deferred and amortised over the period during which the company is expected to benefit.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange existing at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate existing at the date of transaction. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

2 SEGMENTAL REPORTING

	2012	2011
Turnover	£,000	£ 000
UK	3,404	2 498
Europe	1 732	1 702
North America	2 962	2 667
Far East	120	55
	5,218	6 922
The company has one class of business being the provision of web based primary credit platforms		
A THE STATE AND A		
3 INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2012	2011
e construire de la cons	£'000	£ 000
Foreign exchange loss		3
	9	3
4 PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		
FROM OF ORDINARY NOTHING SELECTE PROGRAM		
	2012	2011
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging	2002	€ 000
Deprezation	115	164
рерганция	115	104
Auditor's remuneration	4.0	
Audit of these financial statements	15	15

Amounts receivable by the Company's auditors and their associates in respect of services to the Company and its associates other than the audit of the Company's financial statements have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis in the consolidated financial statements of the Company a parent lipreo UK Holdings Limited

Notes to the financial statements - continued 6 STAFF COSTS

The average number of persons employed by the Company during the year analysed by category was as follows	Number of em 2012	ployees 2011
Cost of sales	22	16
Operational	17	16
	39	32
	2012	2011
Wages and salanes	£ 000 2 7 5 7	£ 000 2,281
yvagye anu samira Social security costs	314	269
Other persons costs	31	44
Otto Perimer 1 000m	3 102	2 594
In 2012, the emoluments of the directors were borne by tyreo Limited and I-Deal LLC of which they were employees. None of the Directors received remuneration in respect of their qualify	ng services during the year (2011	£nif)
8 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	Year	Year
Analysis of charge in period	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
	6,000	90003
UK corporation tax		
Current tax on income for the period at 24 5% (2011 26 5%)	303	
Total current tax	303	
Deferred tax Origination and revenual of timing differences	17	738
Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	320	738
Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period		
The current tax charge for the period is lower (2011 lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 24.5% (2011 26.5%). The differences are explained below		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,846	2 851
Current tax at 24 5% (2011 26 5%)	452	756
Effects of Other expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(1)	1
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(7)	43
Transfer pricang adjustments	157	70
Utilisation of tax losses	(118)	(758)
Group relief	(180)	(42)
Current tax charge for the year	303	
Orderred taxation The amount of deterred tax is disclosed below-	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
	£,000	£.000
Accelerated capital allowances	104	121
Total deferred tax asset	104	121
Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 26% to 24% (effective from 1 April 2012) and to 23% (effective 1 April 2013) were substantively enacted on 26 March 2012 and 3 July 2012 April 2014) and 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) were substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly and reduce the deterred calculated based on the rate of 23% substantively enacted at the balance sheet date)		which has been
7 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Fixtures, fittings &
		equipment
Cost		£ 000
Cost at 1 January 2012	•	979
Additions		31
Cost at 31 December 2012	;	1 010
Depreciation At 1 January 2012		854
A Lanceny 2012 Charge for the year		115
At 31 December 2012	•	969
Net book value at 31 December 2012	_	41
Net book value at 31 December 2011		125
TIGN SPACE AT AT SECURITIES EXTEN		123

Notes to the financial statements - continued

8 DEBTORS

	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
Amounts failing due within one year	£,000	000 ž
Trade debtors	2 562	1,254
Deferred tax	104	121
Other debtors	21	31
Prepayments and accrued income	150	113
Amounts due from group undertakings	6 194	2 743
	9,031	4 262
Deferred Tax		
At the beginning of the year	121	859
Charge to the profit and loss for the year	(17)	(738)
At end of year	104	121
The elements of deferred taxation are as follows		
Difference between accumulated depreciation and amorbisation and capital allowances	104	121
Deferred tax asset (see note 6)	104	121
9 CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	31 December 2012	31 December 2011
	E,000	€ 000
Trade creditors		
Other creditors	88	68
Amounts due to group undertakings	2,405	1 118
Other taxes and social security	487	259
Accruats and deferred income	4,066	2 616
Corporation tax payable	303	
	7,355	4 117

The Company operates a defined contribution person scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund. There was £50 payable at the end of 2012 (2011 £124).

10 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

3	1 December 2012	31 December 2011
	E,000	£ 000
Allotted cailed up and fully-paid		-
340 573 ordinary shares of 1p each	3	3

11 MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDER S FUNDS (DEFICIT) AND RESERVES

	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Profit and loss account	Total stareholder's funds 31 December 2012	Total shareholder's funds 31 December 2011
	£.000	€.000	2 000	€ 000	€ 000
At 1 January	3	52	216	271	(1 842)
Retained profit for the year			1 526	1 526	2 113
At 31 December	3	52	1,742	1 797	271

12 COMMITMENTS

The company does not have any capital commitments (2011 Enil)

13 RFI ATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Name of connected party	Description of transaction during the year	Movement during 2012 £'000	Movement dumng 2011 £ 000	Receivable / (payable) at 31 December 2012 £'000	Receivable / (payable) at 31 December 2011 £ 000
i-Deal LLC	Transactions in the ordinary course of business	(238)	753	348	586
Ipreo Vision LLC	Transactions in the ordinary course of business		(56)	(81)	(81)
Hemscott Americas Inc	Transactions in the ordinary course of business		48	48	48
Hemscott Holdings	Cash transactions paid on behalf of Marketpipe Limited by Hemscott Holdings Limited due to the cash pooling arrangements in place	3,428	2 548	5,477	2 049
Hemscott Limited	Transactions in the ordinary course of business	(637)	(56)	(632)	(f)
Ipreo Holdings LLC	Transactions in the ordinary course of business	30	(12)		(30)

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by FRS\$ Related Party transactions not to disclose details of transactions with other Group Companies All of the related party transactions above are with other subsidiance of [preo Holdings LLC

14 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND PARENT UNDERTAKING OF LARGER GROUP OF WHICH THE COMPANY IS A MEMBER

The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by loreo Holdings LLC incorporated in the US. The smallest group in which they are consolidated as that headed by loreo UK Holdings LLMited. Incorporated in the UK No other group financial statements include the results of the Company. The consolidated financial statements of the lipreo UK Holdings Limited group are available to the public and may be obtained from: 1st Floor Castle House. 37 45 Paul Street. EC2A 4LS. Those of lipreo Holdings LLC are not publicly available. Marketiple Limited is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of KKR & Co. L.P. the ultimate parent company incorporated in the USA.