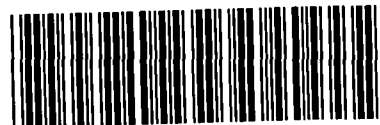


Company Registration No. 03960154 (England and Wales)

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

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COMPANIES HOUSE

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr A G Duncan
 The Hon D P C Legh

Secretary Mr W Lockett

Company number 03960154

Registered office Abberley Hall
 Abberley
 Worcester
 WR6 6DD

Auditor Kendall Wadley LLP
 Granta Lodge
 71 Graham Road
 Malvern
 Worcestershire
 WR14 2JS

Business address Abberley Hall
 Abberley
 Worcester
 WR6 6DD

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

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ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2017.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of the provision of swimming facilities.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr A G Duncan

The Hon D P C Legh

Auditor

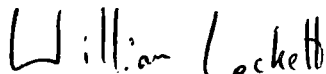
In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Kendall Wadley LLP be reappointed as auditor of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

By order of the board



Mr W Lockett

Secretary

16 March 2018

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Abberley Hall Enterprises Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 August 2017 set out on pages 5 to 9. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 August 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

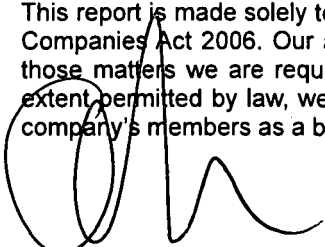
In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Elizabeth Needham ACA CTA (VAT) (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Kendall Wadley LLP

16 March 2018

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

Granta Lodge
71 Graham Road
Malvern
Worcestershire
WR14 2JS

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

	2017	2016
	£	£
Turnover	46,221	51,611
Administrative expenses	(68,798)	(72,436)
Loss before taxation	(22,577)	(20,825)
Tax on loss	-	-
Loss for the financial year	(22,577)	(20,825)
Retained earnings brought forward	(50,984)	(30,159)
Retained earnings carried forward	(73,561)	(50,984)

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2017

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
Current assets					
Debtors	3	20,776		4,868	
Cash at bank and in hand		14,834		17,921	
		<u>35,610</u>		<u>22,789</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(109,169)		(73,771)	
Net current liabilities			<u>(73,559)</u>		<u>(50,982)</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss reserves			(73,561)		(50,984)
Total equity			<u>(73,559)</u>		<u>(50,982)</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 March 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr A G Duncan
Director



Company Registration No. 03960154

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Abberley Hall Enterprises Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Abberley Hall, Abberley, Worcester, WR6 6DD.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2017 are the first financial statements of Abberley Hall Enterprises Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 September 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents the value of services provided to the extent that there is a right to consideration and is recorded at the value of the consideration due. Where a service has only been partially completed at the balance sheet date turnover represents the value of the service provided to date on a proportion of the total expected consideration at completion. Where payments are received from customers in advance of services provided, the amounts are recorded as deferred income and included as part of creditors due within one year.

1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 4 (2016 - 4).

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

3 Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	14,597	4,866
Unpaid share capital	2	2
Other debtors	5,861	-
Prepayments and accrued income	316	-
	<u>20,776</u>	<u>4,868</u>

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	108,549	72,659
Other taxation and social security	-	512
Accruals and deferred income	620	600
	<u>109,169</u>	<u>73,771</u>

5 Related party transactions

Both of the directors of the company are also directors of Abberley Hall Limited, a charitable company incorporated in England and Wales.

During the year, the company traded on normal commercial terms with Abberley Hall Limited. Net sales to Abberley Hall Limited totalled £18,000 (2016 - £22,000). The company paid rent of £32,000 (2016 - £32,000). Expenses of £27,149 (2016 - £31,228) were recharged by Abberley Hall Limited to the company. During the year, Abberley Hall Limited received cash of £nil (2016 - £13,218) on behalf of the company. At the year end, £108,549 (2016 - £72,659) was owed by the company to Abberley Hall Limited.

ABBERLEY HALL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

		2017		2016
	£	£	£	£
Turnover				
Membership fees		28,166		38,785
Pool hire		13,939		12,826
Contributions received towards staffing costs		4,116		-
		<u>46,221</u>		<u>51,611</u>
 Administrative expenses				
Staffing costs	17,068		9,576	
Lifeguard training costs	80		1,272	
Rent	32,000		32,000	
Oil	9,926		11,844	
Chemicals	5,695		8,200	
Repairs and maintenance	1,137		8,909	
Audit and accountancy	635		625	
Bank charges	13		10	
Bad and doubtful debts	2,244		-	
	<u> </u>	(68,798)	<u> </u>	(72,436)
 Operating loss		<u>(22,577)</u>		<u>(20,825)</u>
