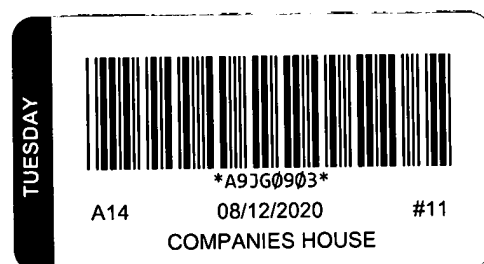


PEARL (CHISWICK HOUSE) LIMITED

Company Registration Number: 3943490

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 31 December 2019



PEARL (CHISWICK HOUSE) LIMITED

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PEARL (CHISWICK HOUSE) LIMITED

Directors' report

The Directors present their report and the financial statements of Pearl (Chiswick House) Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The Company is incorporated in the United Kingdom as a private limited company. Its registration number is 3943490 and its Registered Office is 1, Wythall Green Way, Wythall, Birmingham B47 6WG.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ('IFRS').

Business review

Principal activities

The Company has not traded during the year.

Result and dividends

There was no profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: £nil) and the Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2018: £nil).

Key Performance Indicators ('KPIs')

As the Company is dormant and has not traded during the year, the Directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPI's is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

Directors and their interests

The names of those individuals who served as Directors of the Company during the year or who held office as at the date of signature of this report are as follows:

A Moss
R Sheriff

Secretary

Pearl Group Secretariat Services Limited acted as Secretary throughout the year.

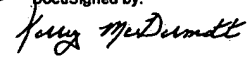
Disclosure of indemnity

Qualifying third party indemnity arrangements (as defined in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006) were in force for the benefit of the Directors of the Company during the year and remain in place at the date of approval of this report.

Auditors

The financial statements have not been audited as the Company is entitled to the exemption provided by section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies and no notice under section 476(1) has been deposited at the Company's registered office requiring the Company to obtain an audit of the financial statements.

On behalf of the Board

DocuSigned by:

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K McDermott
For and on behalf of Pearl Group Secretariat Services Limited
Company Secretary

2 December 2020

PEARL (CHISWICK HOUSE) LIMITED

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are required to prepare financial statements for each accounting period that comply with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2006 and International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ('IFRS'), and which present fairly the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company at the end of the accounting period. A fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Directors to:

- select suitable accounting policies and verify they are applied consistently in preparing the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRS is insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the Company's financial position and financial performance; and
- state that the Company has complied with applicable IFRSs, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which are intended to disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company. They are also ultimately responsible for the systems of internal control maintained for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

PEARL (CHISWICK HOUSE) LIMITED

Statement of financial position
as at 31 December 2019

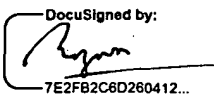
	Notes	As at 31 December 2019 £	As at 31 December 2018 £
Equity attributable to owners			
Share capital	4	1	1
Total equity		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u><u>1</u></u>	<u><u>1</u></u>
Current assets			
Other receivables	5	1	1
Total current assets		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Total assets		<u><u>1</u></u>	<u><u>1</u></u>

For the year ended 31 December 2019 the Company is entitled to exemption under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 ('the Act') relating to dormant companies.

The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act (which permits 10% of members to make such a request).

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

On behalf of the Board

DocuSigned by:

 7E2FB2C6D260412...

R Sheriff
Director

2 December 2020

PEARL (CHISWICK HOUSE) LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements**1. Accounting policies****(a) Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

The Directors do not consider the Company to be a going concern as there is an intention to liquidate and that the financial statements as prepared are not materially different from those prepared on a break-up basis.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ('IFRS') as they apply to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019, and applied in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in sterling (£) rounded to the nearest £ except where otherwise stated.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are not offset in the income statement unless required or permitted by an international financial reporting standard or interpretation, as specifically disclosed in the accounting policies of the Company.

(b) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The area that the directors consider particularly susceptible to changes in estimates and assumptions are detailed below:

Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets disclosed in note (d) are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the company's past history and existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. For details of the key assumptions and inputs used, see note (e).

(c) Share capital

The Company has issued ordinary shares which are classified as equity. Incremental external costs that are directly attributable to the issue of these shares are recognised in equity, net of tax.

(d) Financial assets**Classification of Financial assets**

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost where they have:

- contractual terms that give rise to cash flows on specified dates, that represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding; and
- are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by holding to collect contractual cash flows.

These financial assets are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration paid for the acquisition of the financial asset. All transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition are also included in the cost of the financial asset. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost are included in note 5.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses expected credit losses associated with its other receivables carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology depends upon whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

The Company measures loss allowances which have low credit risk using the 12-month Expected Credit Loss (ECL). A simplified approach is used to determine the loss allowances for other receivables as these are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. See note 7 for detail of how the Company assesses whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs.

PEARL (CHISWICK HOUSE) LIMITED

1. Accounting policies (continued)

The loss allowance reduces the carrying value of the financial asset and is reassessed at each reporting date. ECLs are recognised using a provision for doubtful debts account in profit and loss. For other receivables, the ECL rate is recalculated each reporting period taking into account which counterparties are included in the reporting period.

ECLs are derived from probability-weighted estimates of expected loss, and are measured as follows:

- 12-month ECLs – Total expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.
- Lifetime ECLs – Expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial asset.

No significant changes to estimation techniques or assumptions were made during the reporting period.

2. Financial information

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018, set out on pages 5 to 9, were authorised by the Board of Directors for issue on 2 December 2020. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted for use by the European Union ('IFRS').

There have been no transactions during the current or prior year and therefore no statement of comprehensive income and no statement of changes in equity have been prepared. The Company held no cash balances during the current or prior year and accordingly no statement of cash flows has been prepared.

The financial statements have not been affected by any new standards, amendments or interpretations effective from 1 January 2019.

3. Directors' remuneration

None of the Directors received any remuneration in respect of their services to the Company during the year (2018: £nil).

4. Share capital

	2019 £	2018 £
Issued and fully paid: 1 (2018: 1) ordinary share of £1 each	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

The Company's Articles of Association contain a restriction on the number of shares that may be allotted.

5. Other receivables

	2019 £	2018 £
Amounts due from Group entities	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Amount recoverable after 12 months	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

6. Related party transactions

The other receivable amounting to £1 (2018: £1) is due from the Company's immediate parent company. There were no transactions with key management personnel during the year.

PEARL (CHISWICK HOUSE) LIMITED

7. Risk management

The Phoenix Group, of which the Company is a member, applies a consistent methodology for the identification, assessment, management and reporting of risk that includes a high level framework for the management of key risks within each business unit.

The principal risk and uncertainty facing the Company is credit risk. Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. These obligations can relate to both recognised and unrecognised assets and liabilities.

Credit risk management practices

The Company's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

Category	Description	Basis for recognising ECL
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	12 month ECL
Doubtful	There has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition	Lifetime ECL (not credit impaired)
In default	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired)
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off

The table below details the credit risk quality of the Company's financial assets, as well as the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades:

Financial assets	Note	External credit rating	Internal credit rating	ECL recognition	Gross carrying amount (£)	Loss Allowance (£)	Net carrying amount (£)
Other receivables	5	N/A	Performing	12 month ECL	1	-	1

The Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort to assess whether there has been a significant increase in risk since initial recognition. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and also, forward-looking analysis.

Other receivables – the Company is exposed to credit risk relating to other amounts owed by Group entities, which is considered low risk. The Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition by assessing whether there has been any historic defaults, by reviewing the going concern assessment of the borrower, the long term stability of the Phoenix Group and the ability of the parent company to prevent a default by providing a capital or cash injection.

The Company writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Company's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

8. Events after the reporting date

Post balance sheet date, the unfolding of Covid-19 pandemic crisis is affecting both economic and financial markets and there are numerous challenges associated with the resulting economic conditions. These include increased financial market volatility, liquidity concerns and government intervention. The Phoenix Group, of which the Company is a member, has instituted a program of actions to mitigate the financial and operational risks associated with the impacts of Covid-19.

In line with the Financial Reporting Council guidance issued in March 2020, the Company considers Covid-19 to be a non-adjusting post balance sheet event. When performing their going concern assessment, the Directors considered the possible impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic and do not consider this to have any impact on the operational or financial position of the Company, given the Company is expected to be inactive for the foreseeable future.

PEARL (CHISWICK HOUSE) LIMITED

9. Other information

The Company's principal place of business is the United Kingdom. The Company's immediate parent is Phoenix Life Assurance Limited and its ultimate parent is Phoenix Group Holdings Public Limited Company ('PGH plc'), a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. A copy of the financial statements of PGH plc can be obtained from the Company Secretary, The Phoenix Group, Juxon House, 100 St Paul's Churchyard, London, EC4M 8BU.