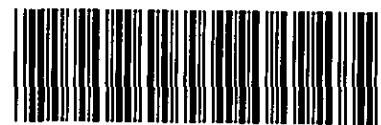


MURPHY SAWERS CONSULTING LIMITED
ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
31 MARCH 2013

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20/09/2013

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COMPANIES HOUSE

WINHAM HUGHES LIMITED

Chartered Certified Accountants

4 Office Village
Forder Way
Cygnet Park
Hampton
Peterborough
PE7 8GX

MURPHY SAWERS CONSULTING LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

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MURPHY SAWERS CONSULTING LIMITED

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2013

	Note	2013 £	£	2012 £
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Tangible assets			<u>4,692</u>	<u>5,229</u>
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		7,659		6,156
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>16,572</u>		<u>28,425</u>
		<u>24,231</u>		<u>34,581</u>
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year		<u>24,982</u>		<u>27,096</u>
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			<u>(751)</u>	<u>7,485</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>3,941</u>	<u>12,714</u>
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			<u>938</u>	<u>901</u>
			<u>3,003</u>	<u>11,813</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	3		150	150
Share premium account			9,950	9,950
Other reserves			50	50
Profit and loss account			<u>(7,147)</u>	<u>1,663</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>3,003</u>	<u>11,813</u>

The Balance sheet continues on the following page
The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

MURPHY SAWERS CONSULTING LIMITED

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET *(continued)*

31 MARCH 2013

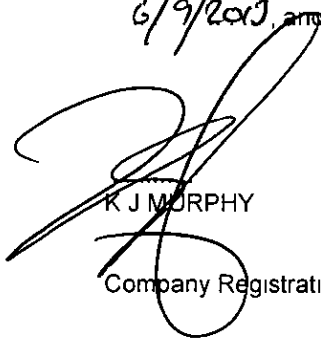
The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the Financial Statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing Financial Statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to Financial Statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 6/9/2013, and are signed on their behalf by



K J MURPHY



S A SAWERS

Company Registration Number 3933685

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts

MURPHY SAWERS CONSULTING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

Turnover represents commissions receivable from insurance and investment companies and fees Income is recognised as business is written

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant & Machinery - 15% reducing balance

An amount equal to the excess of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets over the notional historical cost depreciation charge on those assets is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension costs

The company operates a stakeholder pension for the benefit of its employees, the contributions charged in the financial statements represent the contributions payable by the company during the year

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

MURPHY SAWERS CONSULTING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Investments

Investments are revalued annually, at the balance sheet date, to their market value.

2 FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	
At 1 April 2012	12,244
Additions	800
At 31 March 2013	<u>13,044</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2012	7,015
Charge for year	1,337
At 31 March 2013	<u>8,352</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2013	<u>4,692</u>
At 31 March 2012	<u>5,229</u>

MURPHY SAWERS CONSULTING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

3 SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid

	2013		2012	
	No	£	No	£
150 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>150</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>150</u>