UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 2022

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Company Registration Number: 03932086

COMPANIES HOUSE

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st DECEMBER 2022

	Notes	2022	2021	
CURRENT ASSET Stocks		-	-	
		<del></del>		
NET ASSETS		£-	£-	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital	2	25,000	25,000	
Profit and loss account		(25,000)	(25,000)	
TOTAL EQUITY		£-	£-	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16<sup>th</sup> June 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

R.L.BEAL Director

Company Registration Number: 03932086

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 2022

## 1. Principal Accounting Policies

## **Company information**

Beal Capricorn Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales, The registered office is;

Holderness House Alder Road Bridgehead Business Park Hessle Hull HU13 0GW

### a) Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

These financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

## b) Stock

Stock is represented by the cost of land options and associated development costs valued by the directors at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with the bank, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 2022

#### d) Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

## Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## e) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 2022

#### f) Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is released. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it related to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 2022

# 2. Share capital

2022 £	2021 £
12.500	
•	12,500 12,500
£25,000	£25,000
12,500	12,500
12,500	12,500
£25,000	£25,000
	£ 12,500 12,500 £25,000