DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009



COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS C S Bowden - Chief Executive Officer

A H Shrager - Chairman, Non-executive

P R Ibbetson - Non-executive P A Rushing - Non-executive

COMPANY NUMBER 3922833

REGISTERED OFFICE 35 Ballards Lane

London N3 1XW

AUDITOR Berg Kaprow Lewis LLP

Berg Kaprow Lewis LLP Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditor

35 Ballards Lane

London N3 1XW

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2009

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Utilyx is a leading energy and climate change advisory and transaction management firm. It provides a wide range of services to a large and diversified client base that includes corporations, government bodies, developers and investors.

BUSINESS REVIEW

We aim to present a balanced and comprehensive review of the development and performance of our business during the year and its position at the year end. Our review is consistent with the size of our business and is written in the context of the risks and uncertainties we face

By many measures 2008/9 was a challenging year as we were faced with the biggest upheaval in financial markets since the great depression of the 1930's Nevertheless, the directors are pleased to report another year of solid growth with turnover rising around £1 million to £6.3 million. During the year the company continued to make investments in growing its operations in Northampton and expanding its activities in the renewable energy and carbon abatement area. Customer retention was excellent and we added a number of blue chip corporate customers. During the year we experienced record highs in most energy commodities and this has brought sharply back into focus the importance of managing energy costs.

The revenue growth from the last year was based on strong performance in three key areas sales to new accounts, retention and increasing length of customer contracts to existing accounts, and targeted 'up sell' of new products to current customers. Risk Management Services continues to be our most significant product line representing just over half the company's total revenues.

We consider that our key financial performance indicators are those that communicate the financial performance and strength of the company as a whole, these being turnover and EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation and share based incentive schemes) The company's EBITDA margin has improved by 61% during the year

	2009	2008	Change
	£'000	£'000	%
Turnover	6,275	5,358	17%
EBITDA	916	487	88%
EBITDA as a percentage of turnover	15%	9%	61%

The strategy for the next year and beyond is to continue to focus on our three commercial principles of strong sales, retention and up sale. We will also be looking at expanding into Europe. Increasingly we are being asked to provide our services to customers in Europe and we will be considering the best way to take advantage of these opportunities. Although the outlook for 09/10 is challenging especially because many customers have taken advantage of the drop in price for energy commodities by buying further out, we remain positive about our ability to retain and acquire new customers. As such we are confident that we can continue to expand the business both in our core services and into the new areas of renewable energy and carbon abatement.

RESULTS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £596,053 (2008 - £295,179)

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were

C S Bowden - Chief Executive Officer

A H Shrager - Chairman, Non-executive

P R Ibbetson - Non-executive

P A Rushing - Non-executive

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing its report and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

AUDITOR

Under section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, Berg Kaprow Lewis LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditor(s) 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

This report was approved by the board on

3 PELEMAGE

2009

and signed on its behalf

C S Bowden - Chief Executive Officer

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF UTILYX LTD

We have audited the financial statements of Utilyx Ltd for the year ended 31 May 2009, set out on pages 6 to 19

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Sections 495 and 496 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2009 and of its profit, for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF UTILYX LTD

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

David Landau FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of

BERG KAPROW LEWIS LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

London

Date

26 FEBRUARY 2010

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
TURNOVER	1,2	6,275,235	5,358,349
Cost of sales		(379,674)	(304,271)
GROSS PROFIT		5,895,561	5,054,078
Administrative expenses		(5,136,478)	(4,754,222)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	759,083	299,856
Interest receivable		1,223	3,276
Interest payable	8	(58,046)	(110,673)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		702,260	192,459
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	9	(106,207)	102,720
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		596,053	295,179

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2009 or 2008 other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account

The notes on pages 8 to 19 form part of these financial statements

UTILYX LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 3922833

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2009

	Note	£	2009 £	£	2008 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible fixed assets	10		146,352		141,548
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors amounts falling due after more than one year	11	810,753		642,584	
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	11	3,066,200		2,152,494	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,830		39	
		3,878,783		2,795,117	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(2,371,451)		(2,048,995)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,507,332		746,122
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITI	ES		1,653,684		887,670
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(177,941)		(32,174)
NET ASSETS			1,475,743		855,496
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	15		21,100		21,100
Share premium account	16		4,301,894		4,301,894
Profit and loss account	16		(2,847,251)		(3,467,498)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17		1,475,743		855,496

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 3 December 2001

C S Bowden - Chief Executive Officer

Director

P R Ibbetson - Non-executive

Director

The notes on pages 8 to 19 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

12 TURNOVER AND REVENUE RECOGNITION

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of services supplied, exclusive of Value Added Tax

For fixed price fixed term energy supply contracts, the company recognises revenue by reference to the commencement of the underlying energy supply contract. Fees are generated on an annual basis but the underlying energy supply contracts may be for any period from a few months up to several years.

For energy supply contracts of one year or less, the full fee generated from the transaction is recognised as revenue in the year in which the contract commences but, for multiple year contracts, revenue is recognised on an annual basis on the anniversary of the contract commencement date

For energy supply contracts where Utilyx has an ongoing responsibility buying energy for clients in the open market, revenue is recognised evenly over the estimated period that Utilyx will undertake this service, subject to an initial proportion of the fee being taken at the outset to recognise the consultancy services provided at the start of contracts of this nature. This initial proportion is recognised as soon as the consultancy services to which it relates are substantially complete. The balance of the income of the contract is recognised evenly over the period when Utilyx manage the exposure.

For certain contracts with electricity generators, Utilyx takes responsibility for finding a buyer for the electricity in advance. Utilyx receives a fixed fee and/or a share of future revenue from the supply of that electricity. Revenue is recognised when Utilyx has both found a buyer and also obtained agreement from the electricity generator. This revenue is initially estimated, but is revised in later years as necessary. The future revenue is discounted where relevant. Any change during the period in the discounted amount arising from the passage of time and the effect of any change in the discount rate is charged to the profit and loss account as interest receivable.

Any performance related fees are recognised when they are certain

Fees for consultancy and similar work are recognised when the work is performed

1.3 DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Development expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.4 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

Long term leasehold property

straight line over the life of the lease

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings

straight line over 3 yearsstraight line over 3 years

1.5 LEASING AND HIRE PURCHASE

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the Profit and Loss Account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

16 OPERATING LEASES

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate

1.7 DEFERRED TAXATION

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are discounted

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

18 FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account

19 PENSIONS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year

1 10 SHARE INCENTIVE SCHEMES

The company operates several equity-settled, share-based compensation schemes. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options in the ultimate parent undertaking, Utilyx Holdings Limited, is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable

At each balance sheet date, a revised estimate is made of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. If the revised estimate differs from the original estimate, the charge to the profit and loss account is adjusted over the remaining vesting period of the options

2 TURNOVER

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom

3 OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging

	2009	2008
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
- owned by the company	96,493	59, <i>044</i>
- held under finance leases	14,323	22,604
Operating lease rentals		
- other operating leases	138,129	111,185
Difference on foreign exchange	7,240	1,970
Research and development expenditure written off	-	4,155
Share-based payments	24,194	105,378

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

4.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates in respect of	19,000	19,000
	The auditing of accounts of associates of the company pursuant to legislation Other services relating to taxation All other services	7,000 10,000 52,096	6,500 30,114 21,710
5	STAFF COSTS		
	Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,975,773 326,792 84,821	2,784,758 320,976 38,782
		3,387,386	3,144,516
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, dur	ing the year was a	s follows
		2009	2008
	Directors (excluding non-executive directors but including directors of the ultimate holding company who are remunerated by Utilyx	No.	No
	Ltd)	2	3
	Management and administration	52	52
		54	55
6	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Emoluments	356,826	183,233
	The highest paid director received remuneration of £291,818 (2008 - £1	18,233)	

During the year, three directors participated in the employee and management share option plans (note

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

7 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

During the year the ultimate parent had three employee and management share option plans in place to which FRS 20 (share-based payments) is applicable

Details of these plans are as follows

	Plan 1	Plan 2	Plan 3
Exercise price £0 01	107,749	275,542	-
Exercise price £2 50	· •	´ -	10,000
Exercise price £3 00	-	-	26,764
Total	107,749	275,542	36,764
Options were granted between	01/06/2005	21/06/2006	01/06/2005
and	28/03/2008	26/01/2008	31/03/2008
Earliest vesting dates are between	01/08/2006	26/01/2008	01/06/2006
and	01/06/2009	31/05/2011	01/06/2011
Options expire between	01/08/2006	31/05/2008	30/09/2007
and	25/01/2018	31/05/2013	01/06/2014

Only Plan 2 above has any performance criteria, the performance condition being based upon achieving a share price within a specified range

The estimated fair value was calculated by applying a binomial model. The key inputs to this model were

- share price at date of grant £2 50 to £3 00 (dependent on date of grant),
- expected volatility of 10% to 15% (different estimates being used for options issued in different years),
- no expected dividends,
- a risk free interest rate equal to the yield on a zero coupon government security at grant date

To allow for the effects of early exercise, it was assumed that the employees would exercise the options after vesting date when the share price was twice the exercise price

The charge for the year was £24,194 (2008 105,378) The charge is treated as an expense in this company's figures as the relevant option holders are employees of this company

The group has further share options which were granted and vested before the implementation date of FRS 20

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

INTEREST PAYABLE		
	2009 £	2008 £
On bank loans and overdrafts On other loans	38,344 7,500	108,032 -
On finance leases and hire purchase contracts	12,202	2,641
	58,046	110,673
TAXATION		
	2009	2008
ANALYSIS OF TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) IN THE YEAR CURRENT TAX (see note below)	£	£
UK corporation tax charge/(credit) on profit for the year	207	(18,720)
DEFERRED TAX		
Ongination and reversal of timing differences Decrease in discount	201,000 (95,000)	(84,000)
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX (see note 14)	106,000	(84,000)
TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	106,207	(102,720)
	On bank loans and overdrafts On other loans On finance leases and hire purchase contracts TAXATION ANALYSIS OF TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) IN THE YEAR CURRENT TAX (see note below) UK corporation tax charge/(credit) on profit for the year DEFERRED TAX Ongination and reversal of timing differences Decrease in discount TOTAL DEFERRED TAX (see note 14)	On bank loans and overdrafts On other loans On finance leases and hire purchase contracts TAXATION TAXATION 2009 £ ANALYSIS OF TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) IN THE YEAR CURRENT TAX (see note below) UK corporation tax charge/(credit) on profit for the year DEFERRED TAX Origination and reversal of timing differences Decrease in discount TOTAL DEFERRED TAX (see note 14) 106,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

9. TAXATION (continued)

FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2008 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (28%) The differences are explained below

	2009 £	2008 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	702,260	192,459
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 29 67%)	196,633	57,103
EFFECTS OF		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	16,687	48,333
Depreciation for year in excess of capital allowances	9,033	930
Utilisation of tax losses	(220,786)	915
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	•	(18,720)
Other short term timing differences	(1,292)	2,317
Tax losses not yet recoverable	•	61,390
Effect of prior year adjustment	-	(170,988)
Other adjustments	(68)	-
CURRENT TAX CHARGE/(CREDIT) FOR THE YEAR (see note above)	207	(18,720)

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

The discounted future value of the tax losses and other timing differences is shown in note 14

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
COST				
At 1 June 2008	126,320	612,275	104,519	843,114
Additions Disposals	-	126,977 (83,820)	11,781 -	138,758 (83,820)
At 31 May 2009	126,320	655,432	116,300	898,052
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 June 2008	126,320	501,657	73,589	701,566
Charge for the year	-	93,134	17,682	110,816
On disposals	-	(60,682)	-	(60,682)
At 31 May 2009	126,320	534,109	91,271	751,700
NET BOOK VALUE				<u></u>
At 31 May 2009		121,323	25,029	146,352
At 31 May 2008	-	110,618	30,930	141,548
			_	

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows

	2009	2008
	£	£
Plant and machinery	69,534	26,306

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

11	DEBTORS		
		2009	2008
		£	£
	DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	Other debtors	131,900	66,957
	Prepayments and accrued income	422,853	107,627
	Deferred tax asset (see note 14)	256,000	468,000
		810,753	642,584
		2009	2008
		£	£
	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	Trade debtors	1,170,011	769,694
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	179,646	224,543
	Other debtors	159	52,472
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,467,384	962,785
	Deferred tax asset (see note 14)	249,000	143,000
		3,066,200	2,152,494
12	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2009	2008
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	789,594	814,786
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	32,876	24,320
	Trade creditors	310,705	337,601
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	51,814	-
	Corporation tax	6,457	2,750
	Social security and other taxes	277,030	202,399
	Other creditors	52,302	9,010
	Accruals and deferred income	850,673	658,129
		2,371,451	2,048,995

The bank overdraft is secured by a debenture over the fixed and current assets of the company, a fixed charge over the intellectual property rights and with a fixed charge over the company's book debts

Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured by fixed charges on the assets concerned

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

13	CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR				
		2009 £	2008 £		
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts Accruals and deferred income	39,950 137,991	6,424 25,750		
		177,941	32,174		
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, included above, are payable as follows				
		2009	2008		
	Between one and five years	£ 39,950 ————	£ 6,424		
14	DEFERRED TAX ASSET				
		2009 £	2008 £		
	At beginning of year (Decrease)/increase during the year	611,000 (106,000)	527,000 84,000		
	At end of year	505,000	611,000		
	The deferred tax asset is made up as follows				
		2009 £	2008 £		
	Accelerated capital allowances	17,000	8,000		
	Tax losses carried forward Short term timing differences	566,000 1,000	775,000 2,000		
	Undiscounted provision for deferred tax	584,000	785,000		
	Discount	(79,000)	(174,000)		
	Discounted provision for deferred tax	505,000	611,000		
15	SHARE CAPITAL				
		2009 £	2008 £		
	ALLOTTED, CALLED UP AND FULLY PAID				
	2,109,961 Ordinary shares of 1p each	21,100	21,100		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

16	RESERVES		
		Share	.
		premium account	Profit and loss account
		£	£
	At 1 June 2008	4,301,894	(3,467,498)
	Profit for the year		596,053
	Share based payments		24,194
	At 31 May 2009	4,301,894	(2,847,251)
	•		
17	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
		2009	2008
		£	£
	Opening shareholders' funds	855,496	454,939
	Profit for the year	596,053	295,179
	Share based payments	24,194	105,378
	Closing shareholders' funds	1,475,743	855,496

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has entered into leases under which it is liable to pay for dilapidations to the premises on their vacation. The directors are not able to reliably estimate any future liability arising for this, so have not provided for it in the financial statements.

19 PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company and amounted to £84,821 (2008 £38,782). Contributions totaling £3,195 (2008 £7,810) were payable to the fund at the year end and are included in creditors.

20 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 May 2009 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	Land and buildings		
	2009	2009 2008	
	£	£	
EXPIRY DATE.			
Between 2 and 5 years	140,520	124,180	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2009

21. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

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C S Bowden had an unsecured loan from the company during the year. The opening balance was £33,536 (2008 £41,000), the closing balance was £30,000 (2008 £33,536) and the maximum amount outstanding during the year was £48,000 (2008 £41,000). The interest charged on the loan was 7.5% p.a. up to 31 December 2008, and LIBOR plus 3% p.a. after that date. It is repayable on 31 December 2011 or, if earlier, on the termination of office or on the change of control of the company.

C S Bowden and J S Stokes (a director of Utilyx Holdings Ltd, the ultimate parent undertaking) have given a joint personal guarantee of £150,000 to Bank of Ireland in respect of corporate facilities

In addition, C S Bowden has provided as security to the bank an assignment of a life policy in the sum of £500,000

22 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group undertakings on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by Utilyx Holdings Ltd, the ultimate parent undertaking

Fees of £20,000 were payable to F Herve for his services as a non-executive director of Utilyx Holdings Ltd (2008 £20,000)

Included within other debtors is £25,000 due from J S Stokes, a director of Utilx Holdings Ltd (2008 £nil)

Included within creditors are the following amounts

- £28,814 (included within trade creditors) due to Hillsilk Ltd, a company in which A H Shrager, a
 director of the company, has an interest (2008 £nil),
- £23,262 (included within trade creditors) due to F Herve, a director of Utilyx Holdings Ltd (2008 £23,152).
- £20,000 (included within accruals) due to P A Rushing, a director of the company (2008 £20,000), and
- £22,500 (included within accruals) due to P R lbbetson, a director of the company (2008 £20,000)

23 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent company is Utilyx Broking Ltd, a company registered in England and Wales

The ultimate parent undertaking is Utilyx Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales Utilyx Holdings Limited prepares group financial statements and copies can be obtained from the Registered Office at 35 Ballards Lane, London, N3 1XW