BIDGREAT LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2007

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

The directors present their report together with the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 which were approved by the Board of Directors on 18 October 2007

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Company invests in stocks and shares, principally in UK

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

During the year Bidgreat Limited made a total profit after taxation of £428,774 (2006 profit £117,574). The directors do not recommend a dividend payment (2006 nil)

The Company will continue its existing activities and will pursue new business opportunities as they arise

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors of Bidgreat Limited during the year were as follows -

R F Emmerson

R B Haryott

T M Hill

D Michael (resigned 1 12 06)

M Shears

C Balmond (appointed 1 12 06)

AUDITORS

The auditors Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP will retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and offer themselves for re appointment

NOTIFIABLE POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year the Company made no notifiable political donations. There were no charitable donations during the year (2006 $\,$ £NIL)

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the year, and its profit or loss for the year then ended in preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention of fraud and other irregulanties.

AUDIT

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware and the directors have taken all steps, that ought to have been taken as directors, in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

By Order of the Board

Jen Jan L

J Baster

Company Secretary

<u>Dated</u>

18 October 2007

Registered Office

13 Fitzroy Street London W1T 4BQ

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

BIDGREAT LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

We have audited the financial statements of Bidgreat Limited for the year ended 31 March 2007 on pages 3 to 7 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors Responsibilities the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view, the financial statements are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of Audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of the information in the financial statements.

Unqualified Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2007
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

• the information provided in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

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Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

2.3 October 2007

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
		£	£
INVESTMENT INCOME	1(d)	128,046	143,133
Amounts written back on investments	1(c)	465,299	-
ADMINISTRATION COSTS Communications and other overheads Loss on disposal of investments		8,341 6,242_	10,334
Communications and other overheads		(164,583)	(10,334)
		300,716	(10,334)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	428,762	132,799
Interest receivable		2,385	2
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		431,147	132,801
Taxation on ordinary activities	5	(2,373)	(15,227)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	10 & 11	428,774	117,574

The profit and loss account contains all the gains and losses recognised in the current and preceding year

The notes on pages 5 to 7 form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2007

	<u>Notes</u>	٤	<u>2007</u> £	2006 £
FIXED ASSETS Unlisted investments	6		5,008,792	2,588,826
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	1,615 233,890 235,505		284 2,212,352 2,212,636
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT ASSETS	8	(67,467)	168,038	(53,406) 2,159,230
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			5,176,830	4,748,056
NET ASSETS			5,176,830	4,748,056
SHARE CAPITAL	9		5,000 000	5,000,000
RESERVES Profit and loss account	10		176,830	(251,944)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	11		5,176,830	4,748,056

Approved by the Board of Directors on 18th October 2007 and signed on its behalf

Director

19 october 2007

The notes on pages 5 to 7 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention

b) Deferred Taxation

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 19 full provision is made, at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date, in respect of timing differences which have arisen but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the accounts, which are not permanent. Deferred tax is measured on a non discounted basis.

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 19, no deferred tax has been provided for on revalued amounts, as no binding agreement to sell any property have been entered into prior to the balance sheet date or to the extent that any gain on any property contracted to be sold will be rolled over on to replacement assets

Deferred tax assets are only recognised where they arise from timing differences where their recoverability in the foreseeable future is regarded as more likely than not

c) Investments

Investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment in value

d) Investment Income

Investment income is recognised on an accruals basis

2 STAFF COSTS

The Company has no employees except for the directors who receive no remuneration

3	OPERATING PROFIT	<u>2007</u> £	2006 £
	This is stated after charging	L	L
	Auditors' remuneration - audit services	5,699	5,640
4	INTEREST PAYABLE	<u>2007</u> £	200 <u>6</u> £
	Other interest		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

(a) Analysis of tax charge The charge for taxation comprises Corporation tax for the year at 30% (2006 30%) Less double tax relief (b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) The differences are explained below 2007 2006	5	TAXATION	2 <u>007</u>	2006 £
Corporation tax for the year at 30% (2006–30%) Less double tax relief 2,373 15,227 (b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) The differences are explained below 2007 2 2006 2 Profit On Ordinary Activities Before Taxation 431,147 132,801 Profit on ordinary items activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003–30%) Effects of Permanent differences (27,374) (18,917) Timing adjustments (98,717) . Small company marginal tax relief (880) Unrelieved management charges (5,696)		(a) Analysis of tax charge	Ĺ	1.
(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) The differences are explained below \[\frac{2007}{\chi} \frac{2006}{\chi} \] Profit On Ordinary Activities Before Taxation \[\frac{431,147}{30\%} \frac{132,801}{30\%} \] Profit on ordinary items activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003 30%) Effects of Permanent differences \[\text{(27,374)} \text{(18,917)} \\ \text{Timing adjustments} \text{(98,717)} \\ \text{Small company marginal tax relief} \text{(880)} \\ \text{Unrelieved management charges} \text{(5,696)}		Corporation tax for the year at 30% (2006 30%)	2,373	15,227
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%) The differences are explained below $\frac{2007}{\Sigma} \frac{2006}{\Sigma}$ Profit On Ordinary Activities Before Taxation $\frac{431,147}{30\%(2003 30\%)} = \frac{132,801}{30\%(2003 30\%)}$ Profit on ordinary items activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003 30%) Effects of Permanent differences Permanent differences (27,374) (18,917) Timing adjustments (98,717) . Small company marginal tax relief (880) . Unrelieved management charges (5,696)			2,373	15,227
Profit On Ordinary Activities Before Taxation 431,147 132,801 Profit on ordinary items activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003 30%) Effects of Permanent differences Permanent differences (27,374) Timing adjustments (98,717) Small company marginal tax relief Unrelieved management charges - (5,696)			0%) The differences a	ire explained below
Profit on ordinary items activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003-30%) Effects of Permanent differences (27,374) (18,917) Timing adjustments (98,717) . Small company marginal tax relief (880) . Unrelieved management charges (5,696)		,	<u>2007</u>	2006
30% (2003 30%) Effects of Permanent differences (27,374) (18,917) Timing adjustments (98,717) . Small company marginal tax relief (880) . Unrelieved management charges . (5,696)		Profit On Ordinary Activities Before Taxation	431,147	132,801
Permanent differences (27,374) (18,917) Timing adjustments (98,717) . Small company marginal tax relief (880) . Unrelieved management charges (5,696)			129,344	39,840
Timing adjustments (98,717) Small company marginal tax relief (880) Unrelieved management charges (5,696)		Effects of		
Current tax charge 2,373 15,227		Timing adjustments Small company marginal tax relief	(98,717)	-
		Current tax charge	2,373	15,227
6 UNLISTED INVESTMENTS 2007 2006	6	UNLISTED INVESTMENTS	2007	2006
At 1 April 2.588,826 4,188,893 Acquisitions 3,791,388 63,756 Disposals (2,652,512) (1,663,823) Investment cash 815,790		Acquisitions Disposals	£ 2,588,826 3,791,388 (2,652,512)	<u>£</u> 4,188,893 63,756 (1,663,823)
Reversal of impairment in value 465,300		Reversal of impairment in value	465,300	
At 31 March 5,008,792 2,588,826		At 31 March	5,008,792	2,588,826

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

7	DEBTORS	<u>2007</u> £	£ 2006
	Amounts owed by a related party Corporation tax recoverable	145 1,470	145 139
		1,615	284
8	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	2007 £	2006 £
	Corporation tax Amounts owed to a related party Accruals and deferred income	2,373 15,300 49,794	15,227 - 38 179
		67,467	53,406
9	SHARE CAPITAL	2007 £	2006 £
	Authorised 10,000,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	10,000,000	10 000,000
	Allotted, called up & fully paid 5,000,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	5,000,000	5,000,000
10	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	<u>2007</u> £	<u>2006</u> £
	Balance at 1 April Retained profit for the financial year	(251,944) 428,774	(369,518) 117 574
	Balance at 31 March	176,830	(251,944)
11	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	<u>2007</u> £	<u>2006</u>
	Opening shareholders funds Retained profit for the financial year	4,748,056 428,774	4,630,482 117,574
	Closing shareholders' funds	5,176,830	4,748,056

12 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's ultimate controlling party is Ove Arup Partnership Employee Trust

13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Bidgreat Ltd is related to Arup Group Ltd by a common director. During the year, Ove Arup & Partners International Ltd invoiced Bidgreat £nil (2006 £nil) for administration services and expenses incurred in prior years on behalf of the company. At the year end, Bidgreat Ltd was owed £145 (2006 £145) by Arup Group Ltd and owed Arup Group Ltd £nil (2006 £nil)