# Grant Thornton

# Group financial statements Causeway Technologies Limited

For the year ended 31 December 2009

### **Amended**

Causeway Technologies Limited's parent company (Causeway Software Solutions Limited) accounts are attached





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### Company information

**Company registration number** 

3921897

**Registered office** 

Commo House **Furlong Road** Bourne End Buckinghamshire SL8 5AQ

**Directors** 

P J Brown P D Nagle

Secretary

H Evans

**Bankers** 

Barclays Bank PLC 15 Colemore Row **BIRMINGHAM** SL8 5AQ

**Auditor** 

Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor 1 Westminster Way OXFORD

OX2 0PZ

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### Report of the directors

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2009

### Principal activities and business review

During the year under review the Comapny continued to consolidate its position as a leading supplier of construction software and online services

The Directors are pleased to report the continued growth of the business in the year to 31st December 2009 with consolidated turnover for the Company of £16.4 million (2008 £14.9 million), an increase of 10% over the previous year. This increase resulted from a steady growth in sales in the UK and the Middle East holding its own in difficult market conditions.

In April 2009, the Company acquired Vixen Software Solutions Ltd ("Vixen"), a leading provider of software and mobile solutions to building services contractors, maintenance providers and field service teams. Vixen have been successfully developing, implementing and supporting integrated software solutions for over thirty years and is used by over two hundred and fifty customers in the UK.

In May 2009, the Company acquired the trade and assets of Globallive Ltd, which has now been rebranded as Causeway Telematics, further enhancing the depth and range of its software portfolio to provide mobile tracking technology to property maintenance, utilities and fleet management sectors

Vixen and Causeway Telematics have been fully integrated into the Company. As part of this process, the Directors have rationalised operations to eliminate duplication and to centralise common business processes across the Company to provide top quality customer support and product delivery, providing significant cross-selling opportunities

The directors will continue to review other potential acquisitions that can further strengthen the group's position as the leading supplier of software solutions to the construction market place. The Company's client list continues to grow with some 1,500 customers. The business is supported by our highly knowledgeable and dedicated staff operating from our offices in the UK and through our overseas offices in Dublin (Ireland), Dubai Internet City (United Arab Emirates) and at our R&D facility in Bangalore (India)

Consolidated total assets have grown to £21 0 million as at 31st December 2009 (2008 £17 3 million) and the Company continues to enjoy strong liquidity with cash reserves of £2 1 million at the end of a year when substantial cash sums were used to fund acquisitions. Shareholders' funds at 31st December 2009 were £5 1 million (2008 £5 2 million) maintaining the underlying financial strength of the business

### Results and dividends

Earnings before Interest Taxation, Depreciation, Amortisation ("Ebitda") and Exceptional Items (restructuring costs) was £1 03 million in 2009 (2008 £3 27 million). The reduction in Ebitda was largely a result of an increase in Cost of Sales from the Company's Irish parent, from whom the Company licences software for resale. Notwithstanding the current economic climate and increased cost of sales, with 1,500 customer relationships and long-term recurring maintenance revenues the company is in an excellent position to sustain profitable operations in 2010 and beyond

The Directors have not recommended payment of a Dividend

### Financial risk management objectives and policies

There are no matters concerning financial risk which are material for the assessment of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

P J Brown P D Nagle

### **Directors' responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom. Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the group's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

#### **Auditor**

Grant Thornton UK LLP, having expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006 unless the company receives notice under section 488(1) of the Companies Act 2006

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BEHALF OF THE BOAR

Director

# Grant Thornton

### Report of the independent auditor to the member of Causeway Technologies Limited

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements ("the financial statements")of Causeway Technologies Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the principal accounting policies, the group profit and loss account, the group balance sheet, the company balance sheet, the group cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's member, as a body, in accordance with Part 3 of Chapter 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/UKNP

### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of the group's loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

## Report of the independent auditor to the member of Causeway Technologies Limited (continued)

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Janet Crookes

Senior Statutory Auditor for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP, Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants Oxford

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### Principal accounting policies

### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards, and have remained unchanged from the previous year

### **Going concern**

At the year end the group's current liabilities exceeded it's current assets. The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they believe that the group and the parent company can continue to meet their liabilities as and when they fall due. The directors have prepared forecasts for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that the group is able to operate within its funding facilities.

The group also received confirmation from its bankers, following the year end, of a new financing package which will allow the business to meet its debts as and when they fall due for payment

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and all group undertakings. These are adjusted, where appropriate, to conform to group accounting policies. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method and goodwill on consolidation is capitalised and written off over twenty years from the year of acquisition. The results of companies acquired or disposed of are included in the profit and loss account after, or up to, the date that control passes.

#### Turnover

Turnover on maintenance and other professional service contracts is invoiced in advance and released to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the course of the contract in line with the contract terms

### Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions, representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired, is capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life as follows

Purchased goodwill - 5 - 20 years

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Software licences and trademarks - 3 - 5 years

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Building refurbishments - 10 years
Fixtures & fittings - 5 years
Computer equipment - 3 years
Motor vehicles - 3 years

### Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off to the profit and loss account as incurred

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

### **Operating lease agreements**

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

### Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

- Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.
- Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

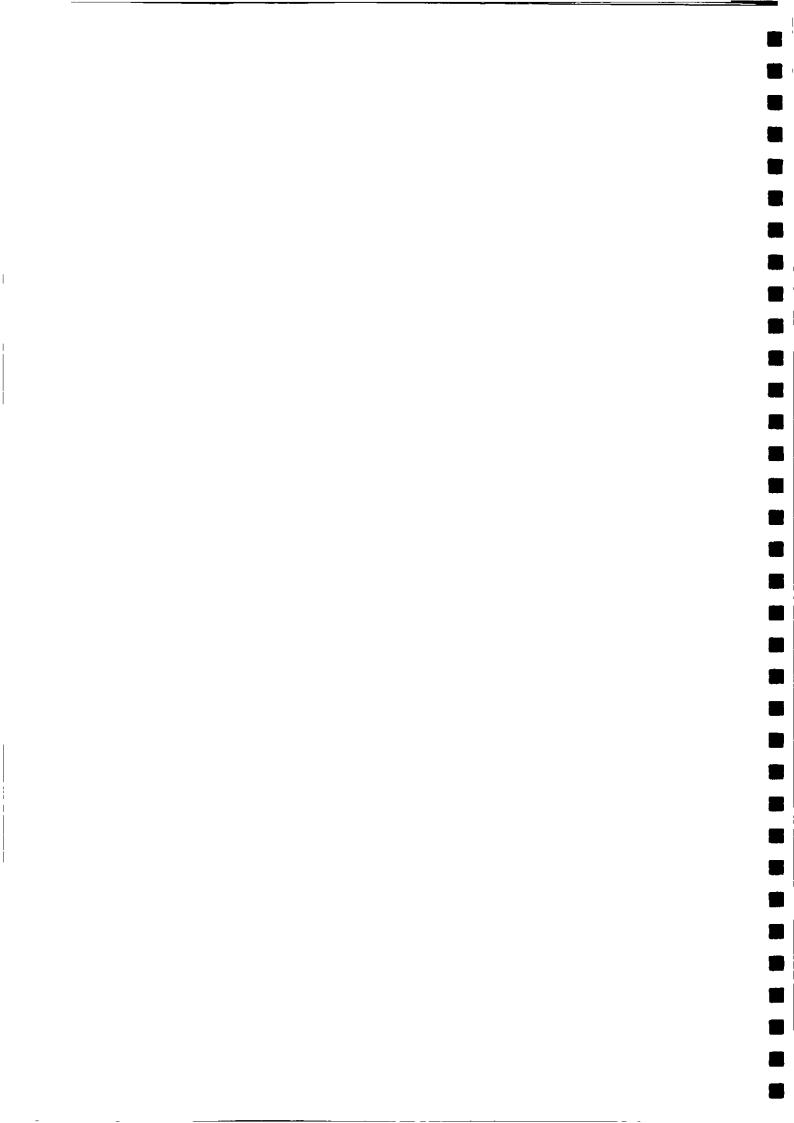
### Group profit and loss account

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Group turnover	1	16,367,602	14,852,561
Cost of sales		(3,692,332)	(1,869,537)
Gross profit		12,675,270	12,983,024
Other operating charges	2	(12,614,931)	(10,119,399)
Operating profit before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation			
and restructuring costs		1,032,571	3,279,611
Restructuring costs		(392,293)	_
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		(176,744)	(160,292)
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets		(403,195)	(255,694)
Operating profit	3	60,339	2,863,625
Interest receivable		8,491	140,746
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(183,625)	(342,493)
Loss/(profit) on ordinary activities before taxation		(114,795)	2,661,878
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	7	(68,776)	(438,513)
Loss/(profit) for the financial year	8	(183,571)	2,223,365

All of the activities of the group are classed as continuing

The group has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above

The company has taken advantage of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to publish its own profit and loss account



# Group balance sheet

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Fixed assets	- 1 - 1 - 1	~	25
Intangible assets	9	7,970,360	3,389,351
Tangible assets	10	504,537	440,979
		8,474,897	3,830,330
Current assets			
Stocks	12	_	13,091
Debtors	13	10,433,755	11,109,058
Cash at bank		2,079,994	2,381,951
		12,513,749	13,504,100
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	15	15,506,089	8,305,609
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(2,992,340)	5,198,491
Total assets less current liabilities		5,482,557	9,028,821
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	16	450,000	3,812,693
		5,032,557	5,216,128
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	19	11,200	11,200
Share premium account	20	5,340,800	5,340,800
Profit and loss account	20	(319,443)	(135,872)
Shareholder's funds	21	5,032,557	5,216,128
		=	

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on Shaper 10, and are signed on their behalf by

PD Nagle

Company Registration Number 3921897

## Company balance sheet

		2009	2008
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	9	7,328,756	2,713,978
Tangible assets	10	504,537	440,979
Investments	11	272,434	271,634
		8,105,727	3,426,591
Current assets			
Stocks	12	_	13,091
Debtors	13	10,432,955	11,114,285
Cash at bank		2,079,994	2,381,951
		12,512,949	13,509,327
Creditors, amounts falling due within one year	15	15,708,608	8,513,355
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(3,195,659)	4,995,972
Total assets less current liabilities		4,910,068	8,422,563
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	16	450,000	3,812,693
		4,460,068	4,609,870
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	19	11,200	11,200
Share premium account	20	5,340,800	5,340,800
Profit and loss account	20	(891,932)	(742,130)
Shareholder's funds		4,460,068	4,609,870
		<del></del>	

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 30 mapper 10, and are signed on their behalf by

P D Nagle

Company Registration Number 3921897

# Group cash flow statement

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	22	1,849,507	(2,757,950)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	22	(175,134)	(201,747)
Taxation	22	(12,778)	(318)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	22	(205,049)	(303,907)
Acquisitions and disposals	22	(807,137)	-
Cash inflow/(outflow) before financing		649,409	(3,263,922)
Financing	22	(951,366)	3,796,788
(Decrease)/increase in cash	22	(301,957)	532,866

### Notes to the financial statements

### 1 Turnover

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The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the group An analysis of turnover is given below

	2009	2008
	£	£
United Kingdom 15,2	237,624	12,758,743
Rest of World 1,1	129,978	2,093,818
16,3	367,602	14,852,561
Other operating charges		
	2009	2008
	£	£
Administrative expenses 12,	614,931	10,119,399
Operating profit		
Operating profit is stated after charging		
	2009	2008
	£	£
Amortisation of intangible assets	403,195	255,694
	176,744	160,292
Auditor's remuneration Audit of the financial statements	18,675	19,050
Taxation compliance fees	6,000	5,500

### 4 Particulars of employees

The average number of persons employed by the group during the financial year, including the directors, amounted to 147 (2008 - 108)

The aggregate payroll costs of the above were

	2009 £	2008 £
Wages and salaries	8,339,616	4,549,815
Social security costs	788,853	515,964
Other pension costs	245,559	135,293
	9,374,028	5,201,072

### 5 Directors

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Remuneration in respect of o	directors was :	as follows
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remaineration in respect of directors was as follows		
	2009 £	2008 £
Remuneration receivable Value of company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	1,076,610 31,659	560,784 66,209
	1,108,269	626,993
Remuneration of highest paid director		
	2009 £	2008 £
Total remuneration (excluding pension contributions)	451,111	283,084
The number of directors who accrued benefits under company pension sche	mes was as follow	vs
	2009 No	2008 No
Money purchase schemes	2	2
Interest payable and similar charges		
	2009	2008
	£	£
Interest payable on bank borrowing Other similar charges payable	15,563 168,062	113,195 229,298
	183,625	342,493
Taxation on ordinary activities		
(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
	2009	2008
	£	£
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	25,000 (17,224)	33,678
Total current tax	7,776	33,678
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 14)	61,000	404,835
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	68,776	438,513

### (b) Factors affecting current tax charge

	2009 £	2008 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(114,795)	2,661,878
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of		
corporation tax in the UK	(32,143)	552,340
Net expenses not deductible for tax purposes	113,722	213,399
Depreciation for the period in excess of capital allowances	7,140	1,760
Marginal relief	(1,098)	_
Research and development tax credits	(40,333)	_
Movement in losses	(15,739)	(734,228)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(17,224)	
Other	(6,549)	<b>40</b> 7
Current tax (note 7(a))	7,776	33,678

The group has tax losses available for set off against future profits of approximately £nil (2008 £565,000)

### 8 Loss attributable to members of the parent company

The loss dealt with in the financial statements of the parent company was £149,802 (2008 - profit of £1,996,716)

### 9 Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill on consolidation £			Total £
3,782,542	_	607,652	4,390,194
3,124,765	1,814,534	_	4,939,299
_	_	35,000	35,000
		166,878	166,878
6,907,307	1,814,534	809,530	9,531,371
423,280	_	577,563	1,000,843
335,852	53,693	13,650	403,195
		156,973	156,973
759,132	53,693	748,186	1,561,011
6,148,175	1,760,841	61,344	7,970,360
3,359,262		30,089	3,389,351
	3,782,542 3,782,542 3,124,765 ————————————————————————————————————	consolidation       goodwill         £       £         3,782,542       -         3,124,765       1,814,534         -       -         6,907,307       1,814,534         423,280       -         335,852       53,693         -       -         759,132       53,693         6,148,175       1,760,841	Goodwill on consolidation         Purchased goodwill         Iteences and trademarks           3,782,542         —         607,652           3,124,765         1,814,534         —           —         —         35,000           —         —         166,878           6,907,307         1,814,534         809,530           423,280         —         577,563           335,852         53,693         13,650           —         —         156,973           759,132         53,693         748,186           6,148,175         1,760,841         61,344

Company				Software licences and trademarks	Total £
Cost At 1 January 2009 Acquisitions (see note 26) Additions Assets hived-up from subsidia Arising on hive-up of trade an undertakings (see note 26) At 31 December 2009			2,929,870 1,814,534 - - 3,124,765 7,869,169	607,652 - 35,000 166,878 - 809,530	3,537,522 1,814,534 35,000 166,878 3,124,765 8,678,699
Amortisation At 1 January 2009 Amounts hived-up from substitution Charge for the year At 31 December 2009	diary undertakir	ngs	245,981 - 355,776 601,757	577,563 156,973 13,650 748,186	823,544 156,973 369,426 1,349,943
Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2008			<b>7,267,412</b> 2,683,889	<b>61,344</b> 30,089	<b>7,328,756</b> 2,713,978
Tangible fixed assets  Group	Building furbishments £	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer equipment	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions Disposals On acquisition of subsidiary undertakings At 31 December 2009	164,513 66,931 - - - 231,444		19,995 - (19,995) - - -	1,596,866 3 <b>3</b> ,546	2,284,393 205,049 (19,995) 266,914 2,736,361
Depreciation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year On disposals On acquisition of subsidiary undertakings At 31 December 2009	19,178 18,571 — — — — 37,749	39,566	13,426 - (13,426) - -	1,430,349 115,628 - 185,526 1,731,503	1,843,414 176,744 (13,426) 225,092 2,231,824
Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2008	<b>193,695</b> 145,335		6,569	<b>117,194</b> 166,517	<b>504,537</b> 440,979

Company	Building	Fixtures &	Computer	Motor	
1	refurbishments	Fittings	equipment	vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 January 2009 Additions	164,513 66,931	503,019 104,572	19,995	1,596,866 33,546	2,284,393 205,049
Disposals	-	104,572	(19,995)	55,5 <del>4</del> 0 -	(19,995)
Assets hived-up from		40.620	, .	240.205	
subsidiary undertakings		48,629 ———		218,285	266,914
At 31 December 2009	231,444	656,220		1,848,697	2,736,361
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2009	19,178	380,461	13,426	1,430,349	1,843,414
Charge for the year On disposals	18,571 —	42,545 _	(13,426)	115,628	176,744 (13,426)
Amounts hived-up from			(10,120)		(13,120)
subsidiary undertakings		39,566		185,526	225,092
At 31 December 2009	37,749	462,572		1,731,503	2,231,824
Net book value					
At 31 December 2009	193,695	<u>193,648</u>	_ 	117,194	504,537
At 31 December 2008	145,335	122,558	6,569	166,517	440,979
Investments					
Company				Sha	res in group
				u	ndertakıngs £
Cost and net book value					~
At 1 January 2009					271,634
Additions (see note 26)					2,803,270
Impairment Transferred to goodwill					(48,557) (2,753,913)
At 31 December 2009					272,434
Subsidiary undertaking	S		Proportion		
			of voting		
	Country of incorporation	Holding	rights and g shares held	Nature	of business
Valleyhall Limited	England	Ordinary share	es 100%		ing company
Elstree Computing Limited	(*) England	Ordinary share	es 100%	Supplier of	construction software
Vixen Software Solutions Limited	England	Ordinary share		Supplier of	construction
* Held by Valleyhall Limited			.05/0		

On 13 April 2009 the trade and assets of Vixen Software Solutions Limited were hived up to Causeway Technologies Limited through the inter-company account. The consideration was at book value. Vixen Software Solutions Limited declared a dividend of £48,557 to the company following the hive-up, which resulted in an impairment of the same value to the company's investment. The remaining difference between the net assets of the subsidiary undertaking and the fair value of the trade and assets hive-up has been transferred to purchased goodwill.

### 12 Stocks

	The group		The company	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	£	£	£	£
Finished goods		13,091		13,091

### 13 Debtors

		The group	The company		
	2009	2008 <b>200</b>		9 2008	
	£	£	£	£	
Trade debtors	3,182,807	2,819,714	3,182,807	2,819,714	
Amounts owed by parent undertaking	6,546,690	7,796,487	6,546,690	7,796,487	
Other debtors	83,842	82,347	83,042	87,574	
Deferred taxation (Note 14)	_	61,000		61,000	
Prepayments and accrued income	620,416	349,510	620,416	349,510	
	10,433,755	11,109,058	10,432,955	11,114,285	

The directors consider that, of the amounts owed by the parent undertaking, £2,000,000 (2008 £nil) will be recovered in the coming year

### 14 Deferred taxation

The movement in the deferred taxation asset during the year was

	The group		The company		
	2009	2008 <b>2009</b>		2008	
	£	£	£	£	
At 1 January	61,000	465,835	61,000	280,000	
Profit and loss movement during the year	(61,000)	(404,835)	(61,000)	(404,835)	
On acquisition of subsidiaries	_	_	_	185,835	
At 31 December		61,000		61,000	

The group's deferred taxation asset consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

Group	20	2009		2008	
•	Provided	Unprovided	Provided	Unprovided	
	£	£	£	£	
Tax losses available	_	_	61,000	118,000	

The company's deferred taxation asset consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

Company	2009		2008	
• •	Provided Unprovided		Provided	Unprovided
	£	£	£	£
Tax losses available			61,000	118,000

### 15 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	The group		The company	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdraft	3,479,360	712,640	3,479,360	712,640
Trade creditors	424,339	281,342	424,339	281,342
Amounts owed to group undertakings	_	_	207,954	207,746
Amounts owed by related parties	1,781,348	969,070	1,781,348	969,070
Corporation tax	28,358	33,360	28,358	33,360
Other creditors	1,173,284	855,294	1,167,849	855,294
Deferred consideration	437,208	142,083	437,208	142,083
Accruals and deferred income	8,182,192	5,311,820	8,182,192	5,311,820
	15,506,089	8,305,609	15,708,608	8,513,355

The bank loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all of the group's assets and is due for repayment in quarterly instalments of £345,840 with a final payment of £2,096,000 due in October 2010

### 16 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		The group	T	he company
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans	_	3,479,360	_	3,479,360
Deferred consideration	450,000	333,333	450,000	333,333
	450,000	3,812,693	450,000	3,812,693

### 17 Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2009 the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

The group	<b>2009</b> 2008		08	
•	Land and		Land and	
	buildings	Other items	Buildings	Other items
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire				
Within 1 year	4,500	39,500	_	_
Within 2 to 5 years	125,000	180,000	52,000	_
After more than 5 years	100,000	-	100,000	_
	229,500	219,500	152,000	

### 18 Related party transactions

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Causeway Software Solutions Limited, the group is exempt from the requirements of FRS 8 to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by Causeway Software Solutions Limited Copies of the group financial statements can be obtained from Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, SL8 5AQ

### 19 Share capital

			2009 £	2008 £
15,000,000 Ordinary shares of £0 001 each			15,000	15,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid				
	2009		2008	
	No	£	No	£
11,200,001 Ordinary shares of £0 001 each	11,200,001	11,200	11,200,001	11,200

### 20 Reserves

Group	Share premium	Profit and loss
	account	account
	£	£
At 1 January 2009	5,340,800	(135,872)
Loss for the year	_	(183,571)
At 31 December 2009	5,340,800	(319,443)
Company	Share premium	Profit and loss
	account	account
	£	£
At 1 January 2009	5,340,800	(742,130)
Loss for the year	-	(149,802)
At 31 December 2009	5,340,800	(891,932)
		·

### 21 Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

	2009 £	2008 £
(Loss)/profit for the financial year Opening shareholder's funds Prior year adjustment	(183,571) 5,216,128 -	2,223,365 3,567,201 (574,438)
Closing shareholder's funds	5,032,557	5,216,128



# Group Financial Statements Causeway Software Solutions Limited

For the year ended 31 December 2009

# Causeway Software Solutions Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

# Company information

**Registered office** 

49 Woodfield Rathfarnham

Dublin 16

**Directors** 

Mark Howell Peter Nagle Philip Brown David Kennelly

Secretary

Greg O'Broin

**Bankers** 

Barclays Bank Plc

1 Snowhill

Snowhill Queensway

Birmingham B3 2WN

Auditor

Grant Thornton

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors 24-26 City Quay,

Dublin 2

Solicitors

McEvoy Partners

Connaught House Burlington Road

Dublin 4

# Causeway Software Solutions Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

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Group balance sheet	12
Company balance sheet	13
Group cash flow statement	14
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## Report of the directors

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009

### Principal activities and business review

During the year under review the group continued to consolidate its position as a leading supplier of construction software

The Directors are pleased to report the continued growth of the business in the year to December 2009 with consolidated turnover for the Group of £18.9 million, an increase of 15% over the previous year

Consolidated total gross assets have grown to £23 4 million as at December 2009, and the Group enjoys strong financial liquidity with cash reserves of £23 million at the end of the year Shareholders' Funds have grown from £411 million at December 2008 to £587million at December 2009, representing further growth in the underlying financial strength of the business

In April 2009, the Company acquired Vixen Software Solutions Ltd (Vixen), a leading provider of software and mobile solutions to building services contractors, maintenance providers and field service teams. Vixen have been successfully developing, implementing and supporting integrated software solutions for over thirty years and is used by over two hundred and fifty customers in the UK.

In May 2009, the Company acquired the trade and assets of Globallive Ltd, which has now been rebranded as Causeway Telmatics, further enhancing the depth and range of its software portfolio to provide mobile tracking technology to property maintenance, utilities and fleet management sectors

Vixen and Causeway Telmatics have been fully integrated into the group. As part of this process, the Directors have rationalized operations to eliminate duplication and to centralise common business processes across the group to provide top quality customer support and product delivery, providing significant cross-selling opportunities

The Directors will consider other acquisitions to strengthen the company's leading position in the construction sector as well as pursing international expansion through its Middle East and Indian operations

The Groups client list continues to grow and the business is supported by our highly skilled and dedicated staff operating from our offices in Dublin and the UK at Bourne End (Buckinghamshire), Maidstone (Kent), Matlock (Derbyshire), Watford (Hertfordshire), Alton (Hampshire) and at our R&D facilities in Ireland, the UK and India

### Results and dividends

Group Earnings Before Interest Taxation, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA) is £3.1 million before restructuring costs. The Group consolidated profit before tax for the year was £1.3 million and £1.0 million after tax. The group is forecasting steady growth in both sales and profits in 2010.

The directors have not recommended a dividend

### Financial risk management objectives and policies

There are no matters concerning financial risk which are material for the assessment of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group

### Directors and secretary and their interests in the shares of the company

The directors and secretary who served the company during the year together with their beneficial interests in the shares of the company were as follows

	Ordinary shares of €0.005 each		
	At 31 December 2009	At 1 January 2009 or later date of appointment	
Peter Nagle Mark Howell	-	-	
Philip Brown David Kennelly Greg O'Broin	6,000,000	6,000,000	

### **Directors' responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland including the accounting standards issued by the Accounting Standards Board and published by The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements

The directors are responsible for keeping proper books of account that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and enable themselves to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in Ireland and comply with the Companies Acts, 1963 to 2009 and the European Communities (Companies Group Accounts) Regulations, 1992. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Directors' responsibilities - continued

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Peter Nagle Director

Phylip Brown

Approved by the directors on 14th May 2010





# Causeway Software Solutions Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

## Report of the independent auditor to the member of Causeway Software Solutions Limited

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements ("the financial statements") of Causeway Software Solutions Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise group profit and loss account, group balance sheet and company balance sheet, group cash flow statement and notes 1 to 25 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 193 of the Companies Act, 1990. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on pages 5 - 6, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland including the accounting standards issued by the Accounting Standards Board and published by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland, and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Acts, 1963 to 2009, and the European Communities (Companies Group Accounts) Regulations, 1992. We also report to you whether in our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the company, whether, at the balance sheet date, there exists a financial situation requiring the convening of an extraordinary general meeting of the company, and whether the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements. In addition, we state whether we have obtained all the information and explanations necessary for the purposes of our audit and whether the financial statements are in agreement with the books of account

We also report to you if, in our opinion, any information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and directors' transactions is not disclosed and, where practicable, include such information in our report

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatement within it



# Causeway Software Solutions Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

# Report of the independent auditor to the member of Causeway Software Solutions Limited

### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements

give a true and fair view, in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland, of the state of the group's and company's affairs as at 31st December 2009 and of the group's profit for the year then ended, and

have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Acts, 1963 to 2009, and the European Communities (Companies Group Accounts) Regulations, 1992

We have obtained all the information and explanations we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit. In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the company. The financial statements are in agreement with the books of account.

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report on pages 4 to 6 is consistent with the financial statements

The net assets of the company, as stated in the company's Balance Sheet on page 13, are more than half of the amount of its called up share capital and, in our opinion, on that basis there did not exist at 31st December 2009 a financial situation which, under Section 40(1) of the Companies (Amendment) Act, 1983, would require the convening of an extraordinary general meeting of the company

24 - 26 City Quay Dublin 2

14th May 2010

GRANT THORNTON
Chartered Accountants

& Registered Auditor

### Principal accounting policies

### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles under the historical cost convention and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board, as promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland, and Irish statute comprising the Companies Acts, 1963 to 2009, and the European Communities (Companies Group Accounts) Regulations, 1992

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and all group undertakings. These are adjusted, where appropriate, to conform to group accounting policies. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method and goodwill on consolidation is capitalised and written off over twenty years from the year of acquisition. The results of companies acquired or disposed of are included in the profit and loss account after or up to the date that control passes respectively.

### **Turnover**

Turnover on maintenance and other professional service contracts is invoiced in advance and released to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the course of the contract in line with the contract terms

### Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions, representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired, is capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life as follows

Purchased goodwill - 5 - 20 years

### Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Software licences and trademarks - 3 - 5 years

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Building refurbishments - 10 years
Fixtures & fittings - 5 years
Computer equipment - 3 years

### Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

### **Operating lease agreements**

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

### Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

### Reporting currency

The reporting currency of the group is pound sterling

### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover on maintenance and other professional service contracts is invoiced in advance and released to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the course of the contract in line with the contract terms

### Group profit and loss account

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Turnover	1	18,869,735	16,450,940
Cost of Sales		1,499,076	1,904,265
Gross profit		17,370,659	14,546,675
Other operating charges	2	15,652,082	11,364,692
Operating profit before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation  Restructuring costs Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Depreciation of intangible fixed assets		3,062,406 392,293 187,943 763,593	4,004,419 - 166,506 655,930
Operating profit	3	1,718,577	3,181,983
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	11,885 (402,935)	48,252 (633,418)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	1,327,527 (318,191)	2,596,817 (443,665)
Profit for the financial year	19	1,009,336	2,153,152
Balance brought forward Prior year adjustment		3,448,259	1,869,575 (574,468)
Adjusted balance brought forward		3,448,259	1,295,107
Balance carried forward		4,457,595	3,448,259

All of the activities of the group are classed as continuing

The group has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above. The company has taken advantage of section 3(2) of the Companies (Amendment) Act 1986 not to publish its own Profit and Loss Account

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the 14th May 2010 and are signed on their behalf by

Peter Nagle

Director

Phylip Brown

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of these financial statements.

# Causeway Software Solutions Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

## Group balance sheet

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Fixed Assets			
Intangible assets	8	16,132,042	11,920,359
Tangible assets	9	600,391	469,799
		16,732,433	12,390,158
Current assets			
Stocks	11	-	13,091
Debtors	12	4,455,395	3,948,183
Cash at bank and in hand		2,257,184	2,491,783
		6,712,579	6,453,057
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	15,141,513	8,688,360
Net current assets		(8,428,934)	(2,235,303)
Total assets less current liabilities		8,303,499	10,154,855
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	15	(2,436,885)	(6,047,577)
		5,866,614	4,107,278
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	18	42,987	41,918
Share premium account	19	1,366,032	617,101
Group profit and loss account		4,457,595	3,448,259
		5,866,614	4,107,278

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the 14th May 2010 and are signed on their

Peter Nagle Director Phylip Brown

# Company balance sheet

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Fixed Assets			
Intangible assets	8	3,414,212	3,677,165
Tangible assets	9	1,588	1,457
		3,415,800	3,678,622
Investments	10	7,323,449	7,323,449
Current assets			
Debtors	12	48,651	10,276
Cash at bank and in hand		35,723	18,619
		84,374	28,895
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	2,711,210	8,538,105
Net current assets		(2,626,836)	(8,509,210)
Total assets less current habilities		8,112,413	2,492,861
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15	6,482,803	2,234,884
		1,629,610	257,977
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	18	42,987	41,918
Share premium account	19	1,366,032	617,101
Company profit and loss account		220,591	(401,042)
		1,629,610	257,997

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the 45 band are signed on their behalf by

Peter Nagle Director

Duedtor

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of these financial statements.

# Group cash flow statement

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	21	3,162,394	3,996,905
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	21	(391,050)	(585,166)
Taxation	21	(391,572)	(44,319)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	21	(699,979)	(3,724,619)
Acquisitions and disposals	21	(2,172,137)	-
Cash (outflow)/inflow before financing		(492,344)	(357,199)
Financing	21	257,745	832,255
(Decrease)/increase in cash	21	(234,599)	475,054

## Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Turnover

Auditor's remuneration

2

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one activity of the group. An analysis of turnover for the Group is given below:

	2009 £	The group 2008 £
United Kingdom & Ireland Rest of World	17,739,757 1,129,978	14,357,122 2,093,818
	18,869,735	16,450,940
Other operating charges		
	2009 £	The group 2008 £
Administrative expenses	15,652,082	11,364,692
Operating profit		
Operating profit is stated after charging		
		The group
	2009	2008
	£	£
Amortisation	763,593	655,930
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	187,943	166,506

35,575

43,750

#### Particulars of employees

The average number of staff employed by the group during the year amounted to 182 (2008–137) The aggregate payroll costs of the above were

	The group
2009	2008
£	£
Wages and salaries 9,098,622	5,439,718
Social security costs 888,634	627,142
Other pension costs 261,105	143,008
10,248,361	6,209,868

#### 5 Directors

Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows

	2009 £	The group 2008 £
Emoluments receivable  Value of company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	1,076,610 31,659	743,020 66,459
The number of directors who accrued benefits under group pension schemes	1,108,269 was as follows	809,479
	2009	2008
Money purchase schemes	3	3

#### 6 Interest payable and similar charges

	•	The group
	2009 £	2008 £
Interest payable on borrowings Facility fees and other similar charges payable	234,873	252,418
racinty fees and other similar charges payable	168,062 402,935	381,000 633,418

# Causeway Software Solutions Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 7 Taxation on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
		The group
	2009	2008
	£	£
Current tax		
Corporation tax based on the results for the		
Year	95,476	130,830
Over/under provision prior year	(78,114)	-
	17,362	130,830
Deferred tax		
Deferred Tax debit/(credit)	300,829	312,835
Total tax charge for the year	318,191	443,665
(I) Francisco (Contrar annount tour change		
(b) Factors affecting current tax charge		The group
	2009	2008
	£	£
	~	۵
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	1,327,527	2,596,817
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax -		
21/20% (2008 21/20%)	286,290	538,833
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	135,060	475,615
Depreciation for the period in excess of capital allowances	11,461	8,679
Group relief	(1,098)	-
Movement in losses	(15,739)	(847,074)
Income tax withheld	8,251	8,850
Research & development tax credits	(90,339)	-
Revise Irish profits to Irish tax rate of 12 5%	(56,429)	(54,481)
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(78,114)	-
Other	(6,549)	408
Utilisation of tax losses	(175,432)	
	17,362	130,830

#### Intangible fixed assets

Group	Goodwill £	Software licences and trademarks	Total £
Cost At 1 January 2009 Acquisitions Additions	13,182,273 4,930,370	608,772 166,878 35,000	13,791,045 5,097,248 35,000
At 31 December 2009	18,112,643	810,650	18,923,293
Amortisation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year On acquisition of subsidiary undertaking At 31 December 2009	1,292,003 749,942 - <b>2,041,945</b>	578,683 13,650 156,973 <b>749,306</b>	1,870,686 763,592 156,973 <b>2,791,251</b>
Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2008	16,070,698 11,890,270	61,344 30,089	16,132,042 11,920,359
Intangible fixed assets			
Company	Goodwill	Software licences and trademarks	Total
Cost At 1 January 2009 Additions	£ 3,401,802	£ 465,000	£ 3,866,802
At 31 December 2009	3,401,80	465,000	3,866,802
Amortisation At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year At 31 December 2009	99,220 169,953 <b>269,173</b>	90,417 93,000 183,417	189,637 262,953 452,590
Net book value At 31 December 2009 At 31 December 2008	3,132,629 3,302,582	281,583 374,583	3,414,212 3,677,165

#### Tangible fixed assets

Group	Building refurbishments	Fixtures & fittings	Computer equipment	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost	~	~	~	~	~
At 1 January 2009	164,513	525,334	1,612,404	19,995	2,322,246
Additions	117,815	128,672	51,925	,	298,412
Disposals	-	-	-	(19,995)	(19,995)
On acquisition of subsidiary				(17,775)	(17,775)
undertakings	<u> </u>	48,629	218,285		266,914
At 31 December 2009	282,328	702,635	1,882,614	_	2,867,577
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2009	19,178	387,315	1,432,528	13,426	1,852,447
Charge for the year	34,153	47,725	121,195	-	203,073
On disposals	5 1,135	17,725	121,175	(13,426)	•
On acquisition of subsidiary				(13,120)	(13, 120)
undertakings	-	39,566	185,526		225,092
	53,331	474,606	1,739,249		2,267,186
	<del></del>	<del></del>	1,737,247		2,207,100
Net book value					
At 31 December 2009	228,997	228,029	143,365	_	600,391
At 31 December 2008	145,335	138,019	179,876	6,569	469,799
Company				ī	Computer
Cost					Equipment
At 1 January 2009					<b>£</b> 1,639
Additions					813
Additions					613
At 31 December 2009					2,452
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2009 Charge for the year					182 682
2					
At 31 December 2009					864
Net book value At 31 December 2009					1,588
At 31 December 2008					1,457

#### 10 **Investments**

Company	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost	
At 1 January 2009	7,323,449
At 31 December 2009	7,323,449
Net book value At 31 December 2009	7,323,449
At 31 December 2009	7,323,447
At 31 December 2008	7,323,449

#### Subsidiary undertakings

Direct subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Holding	Proportion of voting rights and shares held
Causeway Technologies Ltd (Supplier of computer software)	England	Ordinary shares	100%
Building Register Ltd			
(Supplier of online directory &			
vendor information) Indirect subsidiaries	England	Ordinary shares	100%
Vixen Software Solutions Ltd			
(Supplier of constructions software)	England	Ordinary shares	100%

The registered office of the above companies is Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Bucks, Sl8 5AQ

#### 11 Stocks

	The group		The company	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	£	£	£	£
Finished goods	-	13,091	_	

The replacement cost of stocks did not differ significantly from cost

#### 12 Debtors

		The group	Th	e company
	2009			2008
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	3,513,616	3,074,951	_	<u>.</u>
Other debtors	179,025	113,186	48,651	10,276
Prepayments and accrued income	674,957	369,046	-	-
Deferred taxation (Note 13)	87,797	391,000	-	-
	4,455,395	3,948,183	48,651	10,276

#### 13 Deferred taxation

The movement in the deferred taxation asset during the year was

	The group		The company	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2009	391,000	703,835	-	-
Profit and loss account movement arising during the year (note 8)	(303,203)	(312,835)	-	-
Asset carried forward	87,797	391,000	-	-

The group's asset for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

Group	2009		2008	
	Provided	Unprovided	Provided	Unprovided
	£	£	£	£
Tax losses available	87,797	<del>-</del>	391,000	118,000

The company's asset for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

Company	2009		200	08
	Provided	Unprovided	Provided	Unprovided
	£	£	£	£
Tax losses available	-	-	-	-

A deferred tax asset has been recognised in the financial statements to the extent to which the directors believe that there is sufficient certainty of future trading profits within the group with which to relieve past trading losses

In addition to the above unprovided tax losses, the group is in the process of making a claim for R&D tax relief

#### 4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		The group	T	he company
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	£	£	£	£
Trade creditors	480,670	291,771	2,216	1,320
Amount owed to group undertaking	-	_	2,211,752	7,831,179
Bank overdrafts and loans	3,479,360	712,640	-	-
Corporation tax	57,127	130,511	31,142	90,538
Other creditors	1,216,352	998,789	6,728	6,950
Deferred consideration	855,379	503,661	-	361,578
Accruals and deferred income	9,052,625	6,050,988	151,672	246,540
	15,141,513	8,688,360	2,711,210	8,538,105

Barclays Bank plc have confirmed approval of a loan facility of £55m over three years subject to contract with Causeway Technologies Ltd On drawdown, the loan will increase the Groups liquidity and reduce the amount falling due for repayment within one year by £2,104,360. The facility will provide funds that will enable the Directors negotiate and conclude new acquisitions to strengthen the Groups position as a leading supplier of software to the construction sector.

#### 15 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		The group	Т	he company
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	£	£	£	£
Bank and other loans	1,986,884	5,466,244	1,986,885	1,986,884
Deferred consideration	450,000	581,333	95,918	248,000
Amount owed to group undertaking		<u> </u>	4,400,000	· -
	2,436,884	6,047,577	6,482,803	2,234,884

Bank borrowings are secured by Barclays Bank plc who hold a floating charge over the assets and undertaking of the group

#### 16 Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2009 the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

The group	2009		<b>2009</b> 2008		08
	Land and		Land and		
	buildings	Other items	Buildings	Other items	
	£	£	£	£	
Operating leases which expire					
Within 1 year	4,500	39,500	-	-	
Within 2 to 5 years	183,000	180,000	110,000	16,200	
After more than 5 years	100,000	-	100,000	-	
	287,500	219,500	210,000	16,200	

At 31 December 2009 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

The company	20	109	200	08
-	Land and		Land and	
	buildings	Other items	Buildings	Other items
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire				
After more than 5 years	-	-	-	-
·				

#### 17 Related party transactions

Southern Investment Group Inc, a shareholder, loaned the company £1,986,884 on 5th June 2008 The loan remains outstanding and facility fee payable during the year was £219,213

There were no other related party transactions that are required to be disclosed under FRS 8

#### 18 Share capital

Authorised share capital			2009 £	2008 £
20,000,000 Ordinary shares of €0 005 each			67,100	67,100
	2009		2008	
Allotted, called up and fully paid	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of €0 005 each	12,724,664	42,987	12,489,123	41,918

During the year the company issued 235,541 at a premium realising £750,000

As the company is registered in Ireland the share capital is nominated in Euro, €0 005 per share

#### 19 Share Premium and Reserves

Group	Share premium	
	account	account
	£	£
At 1 January 2009	617,101	3,448,259
Premium on shares issued	748,931	
Restated balance brought forward	1,366,032	3,448,259
Profit for the year	-	1,009,336
At 31 December 2009	1,366,032	4,457,595
Company	Share premium	Profit and loss
	account	account
	£	£
At 1 January 2009	617,101	(401,042)
Profit for the year	748,931	621,633
At 31 December 2009	1,366,032	220,591

#### 20 Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

	2009	2008
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	1,009,336	2,153,152
New equity share capital subscribed	1,069	-
Premium on new share capital subscribed	748,931	-
Prior year adjustment (Note 14)	-	-
Net addition to shareholder's funds	1,759,336	2,153,152
Opening shareholder's funds	4,107,278	1,954,126
Closing shareholder's funds	5,866,614	4,107,278

#### 21 Notes to the statement of cash flows

#### Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

2009 £	2008 £
1,718,577 920,565 428,165 15,670 158,566 (79,149) 3,162,394	3,181,983 655,930 166,506 3,204 (1,170,775) 1,160,057 3,996,905
2009	2008 £
11,855 (402,935) 391,050	48,252 (633,418)
	£  1,718,577 920,565 428,165 15,670 158,566 (79,149) 3,162,394  2009 £  11,855 (402,935)

### 21 Notes to the statement of cash flows (continued)

#### Taxation

Idaaton		
	2009	2008
		_
	£	£
Taxation	(391,573)	(44,319)
Capital expenditure		
	2009	2008
	£	£
Payments to acquire intangible fixed assets	(192,949)	(3,401,801)
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(513,599)	(322,818)
Receipts from sales of fixed assets	6,569	, , ,
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	(699,979)	(3,724,619)
Acquisitions		
	2009	2008
	£	£
		~
Acquisition of shares in group undertakings	(2,923,270)	_
Cash on acquisition of group undertakings	751,133	-
Net cash outflow from acquisitions and disposals	(2,172,137)	-
Financing		
	2009	2008
	£	£
Issue of equity share capital	750,000	-
Net movement on loan accounts	220,385	(1,326,106)
Net movement in short term borrowings	2,766,720	(409,687)
Net movement in long term borrowings	(3,479,360)	2,568,048
Net cash inflow from financing	257,745	832,255

#### 21 Notes to the statement of cash flows *(continued)*

#### Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

		2009	2008
		£	£
Decrease in cash in the period		(234,599)	475,054
Net movement on deferred consideration		(220,385)	
Net movement in short term borrowings Net movement in long term borrowings		(2,766,720) 3,479,360	
Change in net funds from cash-flows		257,656	(357,200)
Net debt at 1 January 2008		(4,772,094)	(4,414,894)
Net debt at 31 December 2008		(4,514,439)	(4,772,094)
Analysis of changes in net debt			
	At 1 Jan 2009	Cash flows	At 31 Dec 2009
	£	£	£
Net cash			
Cash in hand and at bank Overdrafts	2,491,784	(234,599)	2,257,184
	2,491,784	(234,599)	2,257,184
Debt	(742 (40)	(0.766.700)	(2.470.260)
Debt due within 1 year	(712,640)	(2.700.720)	(3,479,360)
Debt due after I year	,		
Debt due after 1 year	(6,551,238)	3,258,975	(3,292,263) (6,771,623)

#### 22 Capital commitments

The group had no capital commitments at 31 December 2009 or 31 December 2008

#### 23 Contingent liabilities

The group is part of a composite banking arrangement whereby it has jointly undertaken to cross guarantee the bank overdrafts of Building Register Limited, Causeway Technologies Limited and Causeway Software Solutions Limited (formerly Farbay Limited)

At 31 December 2009 the extent of this contingent liability was £ Nil (2008 £Nil)

#### 24 Acquisition of subsidiary undertaking

During April 2009 Causeway Technologies Limited a group company acquired 100% of the ordinary share capital of Vixen Software Solutions Limited During May 2009 Causeway Technologies Limited acquired the trade and assets of Globallive Limited

#### 25 Controlling party

The company is controlled by the board of directors acting in concert

#### 25 Acquisitions

(a) In April 2009 the company acquired 100% of the ordinary share capital of Vixen Software Solutions Limited The assets and liabilities acquired were as follows

Fixed assets	<b>Book value</b>	Adjustments £	Fair value £ 51,727
Current assets Stocks Cash at bank Debtors	2,579 751,133 1,047,067	(370,852)	2,579 751,133 676,215
Total assets	1,852,506	(370,852)	1,481,654
Creditors: amounts falling due within one yr	(1,803,149)	-	(1,803,149)
Net assets	49,357	(370,852)	(321,495)
Goodwill			3,124,765 
Satisfied by			=======================================
Cash			1,350,000
Share issued in the holding company at fair value			750,000
Professional costs Deferred consideration			53,270 650,000
			2,803,270

Adjustments were made to increase the bad debt provision against acquired trade debtors and to write-off accrued income and prepayments with no value to the company

Deferred consideration payable of £650,000 has been accrued in line with the acquisition agreement based on the directors' best estimate of amounts that will fall payable based on the performance of the acquired company

Note that the fair value adjustments noted above are provisional and open to hindsight amendments by the Board

(b) In May 2009 the company acquire the trade and assets of Globallive Limited The assets and liabilities acquired were as follows

Fixed assets	Book value £ 268,144	Adjustments £ (268,144)	Fair value £
Current assets Debtors	210,393	(210,393)	-
Total assets	478,537	(478,537)	-
Creditors amounts falling due within one yr	(154,933)	(1,539,601)	(1,694,534)
Net assets	323,604	(2,018,138)	(1,694,534)
Goodwill			1,814,534
Satisfied by Cash			120,000
			====

Adjustments were made to eliminate fixed assets and trade debtors which had no value to the company Further adjustments were made to account for deferred income relating to contractual obligations which the company acquired under the asset purchase agreement

Note that the fair value adjustments noted above are provisional and open to hindsight amendments by the Board