Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

for

Policy Network & Communications Limited

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Policy Network & Communications Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

DIRECTORS:

Lord RJ Liddle MJ Browne P Diamond Ms S J M Hitch J Kronig

Lord G Radice S Beer

Lord A Adonis S Hockman

Professor A M Gamble Dame H S Wallace

REGISTERED OFFICE:

8/9 Well Court

London EC4M 9DN

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03918992 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR: Richard Billinghurst

AUDITORS:

Knox Cropper

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

8/9 Well Court London EC4M 9DN

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2015.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2015 to the date of this report.

Lord RJ Liddle
MJ Browne
P Diamond
Ms S J M Hitch
J Kronig
Lord G Radice
S Beer
Lord A Adonis
S Hockman

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

Professor A M Gamble - appointed 18 May 2015 Dame H S Wallace - appointed 18 May 2015

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Knox Cropper, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Lord RJ L\ddle - Director

11 April 2016

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Policy Network & Communications Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Policy Network & Communications Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 on pages six to eleven. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its surplus for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Policy Network & Communications Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Richard Billinghurst (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Knox Cropper Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 8/9 Well Court

London EC4M 9DN

11 April 2016

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

	Notes	2015 £	2014 £
INCOME		937,969	899,567
Direct costs		179,652	159,931
GROSS SURPLUS		758,317	739,636
Administrative expenses		741,701	699,241
OPERATING SURPLUS and	DO.		
SURPLUS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITI BEFORE TAXATION	2	16,616	40,395
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities	3	4,003	9,030
SURPLUS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		12,613	31,365
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	L	_	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
FOR THE YEAR		12,613	31,365

The notes form part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet 31 December 2015

	2015	2014
Notes	£	£
4	-	-
	·	
	12,677	10,074
	276,657	271,389
	289,334	281,463
5	55,202	59,944
	234,132	221,519
	234,132	221,519
	004.100	221 510
6	234,132	221,519
	234,132	221,519
	4	Notes 4 - 12,677 276,657 289,334 5 55,202 234,132 234,132 6 234,132

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 11 April 2016 and were signed on its behalf by:

Lord R. Liddle - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2014	190,154	190,154
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	31,365	31,365
Balance at 31 December 2014	221,519	221,519
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	12,613	12,613
Balance at 31 December 2015	234,132	234,132

The notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirement of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d).

Income

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Income principally comprises donations received in respect of the year, and the invoiced value of sponsorship and other services supplied by the company. Any income received under contract is recognised as the costs of fulfilling contractual obligations are incurred.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures & fittings - 25% straight line Office equipment - 33% straight line

Because of the pace of technological development the Directors consider it prudent to write off the cost of computer equipment and software in the year of acquisition.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to surplus or deficit on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

2.	OPERATING SURPLUS		
	The operating surplus is stated after charging:		
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Hire of plant and machinery	4,354	4,153
	Other operating leases	52,096	52,388
	Auditors' remuneration - for		
	audit services	5,040	5,320
	For other services	1,290	1,050
	Pension costs	40,975	44,866
	Directors' remuneration and other benefits etc	95 500	96 160
	Directors remuneration and other benefits etc	<u>85,500</u>	86,160
3.	TAXATION		•
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the surplus on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:		
	,	2015	2014
		£	£
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax	4,003	9,030
	Tax on surplus on ordinary activities	4,003	9,030
			
4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Fittings
			and
			equipment
			£
	COST		
	At 1 January 2015		
	and 31 December 2015		103,663
			
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 January 2015		
	and 31 December 2015		103,663
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2015		
5.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
٥.	CALLITORS, ANDONIS I ALLERO DOL WITHIN ONE LEAR	2015	2014
		£	£
	Trade creditors	2,423	2,577
	Taxation and social security	10,239	29,117
	Other creditors	42,540	28,250
	- · · · 		
		55,202	59,944
			====

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

6. RESERVES

I	ncome
	and
exp	enditur
a	ccount
	£
	21,519
,	12,613
_	
2.	34,132

7. LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

At 31 December 2015

At 1 January 2015 Surplus for the year

The Company is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the company in the event of liquidation.

8. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

The transition from the previous financial reporting framework to FRS 102 has had no impact on the company's financial position and financial performance at the date of transition (1 January 2014) and in respect of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014. Therefore, no Reconciliation of Equity and Reconciliation of Income and Expenditure is required.