Liquidator's Progress Report

Pursuant to Sections 92A, 104A and 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

		Company Number
		03899003
	Name of Company	
(a) Insert full name of company	(a) JD FMANCE	
		Limited
(b) insert full name(s) and address(es)	IMME (b) ROBELICK JULIAN	PNEI
	Glaister Jones & Co 1A The Wool Market Dyer Street Cirencester Gloucestershire GL7 2PR	
	the liquidator(s) of the company attach a under section 192 of the Insolvency Act	copy of my/out Progress Report 1986.
	The Progress Report covers the period f to?	rom 10th January 2012

Signed

Jane -

Date 15/10/12

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)



A27

23/10/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE

#309

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

JD Finance Limited

Company Registered Number

03899003

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

10 July 2007

Date to which this statement is

brought down

GH Juy Zuiz

Name and Address of Liquidator

Roderick Julian Jones

Glaister Jones & Co 1A The Wool Market Dyer Street Cirencester Gloucestershire GL7 2PR NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each shoet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

J'D FINANCE LIMITED Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
10 January 2012		Cumulative Receipts Brought Forward	7,595 41
	NO RECEIPTS IN THE PERIOD		
	-		
		Carned Forward	7,595

'J D FINANCE LIMITED Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount £
10 January 2012		Cumulative Payments Brought Forward	7,595 41
	NO PAYMENTS IN THE PERIOD		
			1
	<u>. </u>	Carned Forward	7,595 4

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements	Balance £	£ 7,595 41 (7,595 41) ~11
This balance is made up as follows		
Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at bank		NIC
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	3	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0.00	
Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above		~16

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors
Including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

Unsecured creditors

£

236,345 00

236,345 00

24,868 00

0 00

25,181 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

4 00
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

INVESTIGATIONS

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

12 MONTHS.