Report and Financial Statements

31 March 2002

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Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants Southampton

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2002

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2002

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

DIRECTORS

J R Coninx J Roberts A R Tomkins C J W Wheatcroft

SECRETARY

G Hemmings

REGISTERED OFFICE

5-6 The Square Winchester Hampshire SO23 9WE

BANKERS

Bank of Scotland 38 Threadneedle Street London EC2P 2EH

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants Southampton

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002.

ACTIVITIES AND DEVELOPMENTS

The principal activity of the company is as a holding company with subsidiary companies involved in property investment and property trading.

The company does not anticipate any significant changes in its business in the forthcoming year.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 5. An interim dividend of £nil (2001 - £168,594) has been paid. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend (2001 - £nil).

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors of the company, all of whom served throughout the year, are listed on page 1.

The interests of the directors at the end of the year and as notified at that date by the directors for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985, and inclusive of family and trust interests were as follows:

31 March 2002 and 1 April 2001

No.

Ordinary shares

J Roberts

84,300 *35,077

Nil

Remaining directors

* In trust

A resolution for the reappointment of Deloitte & Touche as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

G Hemmings

13 August 2002

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial period and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THOMAS ROBERTS ESTATES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Thomas Roberts Estates Limited for the year ended 31 March 2002 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 10. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 March 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Southampton

16 August 2002

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 March 2002

	Note	2002 £	2001 £
Administrative expenses		(252)	-
Bank interest receivable		13,124	-
Investment income	2	230,000	470,000
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITES BEFORE TAXATION – continuing operations		242,872	470,000
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	(2,574)	
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		240,298	470,000
Dividend paid	4		(168,594)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	8,9	240,298	301,406

There have been no gains or losses that have not been recognised in the profit and loss account for the current year or the prior year. Accordingly, a statement of total recognised gains and losses has not been prepared.

BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2002

	Note	2002 £	2001 £
FIXED ASSETS Investments	5	168,594	168,594
CURRENT ASSETS Cash at bank		544,278	301,406
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	6	(2,574)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		541,704	301,406
		710,298	470,000
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	_		
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	7 8	168,594 541,704	168,594 301,406
1 1011t and 1055 account	0		
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	9	710,298	470,000

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on /3 August 2002 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director

A. R. Tomenia

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 March 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at costs less provision for any impairment.

Group accounts

The company is exempt from the obligations to prepare group financial statements due to the size of its group. Accordingly these financial statements present information relating to the individual company and not the group.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no binding commitment to remit those earnings.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2. INVESTMENT INCOME

		2002 £	2001 £
	Dividend received from a subsidiary company	230,000	470,000
3.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	Taxation charge for the year:	2002 £	2001 £
	United Kingdom corporation tax at 20% based on the profit for the period	(2,574)	-

The tax charge in 2002 and 2001 is disproportionately low due to investment income from group companies being non-chargeable for tax purposes.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 March 2002

3. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

The tax assessed for the period is lower than that resulting from applying the standard 30% rate of corporation tax in the UK (2001: 30%). The differences are explained below:

				2002 %	2001 %
	Standard tax rate for period as a percentage of profits	1		20	20
	Effects of:				
	UK dividend income			(19)	(20)
	Current tax rate for the period a percentage of profits	as a		1	
4.	DIVIDEND PAID				
				2002 £	2001 £
	Interim dividend paid, £1 per sha	nre			168,594
5.	INVESTMENTS HELD AS FI	XED ASSETS			
	Shares in group undertakings:				£
	At 1 April 2001 and 31 March 20		168,594		
	The following were the subsidiaries at the balance sheet date:				
	Subsidiary Undertaking	Description and proportion of share capital owned	Country of registration	Nature of Business	
	Aynho Estates Limited Burt Boulton Holdings Limited	Ordinary 100% Ordinary 100%	England England	Property trading Property investment &	trading
	Financial information summary	– subsidiary undertakin	gs:		
				Aggregate capital and reserves at 31 March 2002 £	Results for the year ended 31 March 2002 £
	Aynho Estates Limited			658,119	62,706
	Burt Boulton Holdings Limited			26,061,161	1,033,994

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 March 2002

6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2002 £	2001 £
	Corporation tax	2,574	
7.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		2002 £	2001 £
	Authorised 500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	500,000	500,000
	Allotted and fully paid 168,594 ordinary shares of £1 each	168,594	168,594
8.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
			£
	At 1 April 2001 Profit for the year		301,406 240,298
	At 31 March 2002		541,704
9.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
		2002 £	2001 £
	Profit for the financial year Dividends	240,298 -	470,000 (168,594)
	Net additions to shareholders' funds	240,298	301,406
	Shareholders' funds at 1 April 2001	470,000	168,594
	Shareholders' funds at 31 March 2002	710,298	470,000

10. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's ultimate controlling party is considered to be Mr J Roberts.