

# **Momentum Services Limited**

Annual report and accounts Registered number 03874110 31 December 2017

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Momentum Services Limited Annual report and accounts 31 December 2017 (Registered Number 03874110)

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# Officers and professional advisers

# **Directors**

Cristian Biasoni David Cheeseman Joseph N Zaidan Fabio Croce-Sebastiani Frank Whittaker

# Secretary

Antonio Ghirarduzzi

# Registered office

90a Tooley Street London SE1 2TH

# Country of incorporation

United Kingdom

# Legal form

Company Limited by Shares

#### **Bankers**

Barclays Bank Plc 54 Lombard Street London EC3P 3AH

Barclays Bank Plc 45 Boulevard Haussman 75009 Paris France

KBC Bank Succursale Louise Avenue Louise 525-527 1050 Bruxelles Belgium

# Auditor

BDO LLP 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

# Lawyers

Stephenson Harwood LLP 1 Finsbury Circus London EC2M 7SH

# Strategic report

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is the provision of the railway restaurant and related services on board Eurostar trains running between London and Paris, London and Brussels and to other destinations pursuant to a contract entered into with Eurostar International Limited ("Eurostar"). The company also operates the Business Premier Lounges and the on-board equipment management contracts with Eurostar.

#### Market overview and contracts

The company was awarded a new contract for a 7 year period signed on 11 December 2013. The new contract started on 1 June 2014 and expires on 31 May 2021. The new contract includes the on-board services, the Business Premier Lounge services, the on-board equipment management and the bar buffet. The Paris lounge services are subcontracted to Lounge Services SAS, a fellow subsidiary company incorporated in France.

During 2017, the business has experienced a decrease of the level of activities with a reduction in trains' volumes by -8.1% albeit the passengers' volume increased by 2.5% compared to 2016. This result is the combination of the continuous roll-out of the new E320 trains set by Eurostar and of the rationalisation of the timetable. Overall 2017 has seen positive sign with higher passengers' volumes and 2018 activities and revenues are forecasted to rise with the launch of the new destination to Amsterdam planned for April 2018.

#### Results for the year

Profit after taxation for the financial year amounted to €1,249,000 (2016: €1,722,000).

There has been a reduction of cost efficiency from the on-board contracts and revenue from the sales at the bar buffet carriages due lower volumes of trains. Operating profit has decreased to 2.4% (2016: 3.4%) of turnover, primarily as a result of operating statement penalties.

# Key performance indicators

The main key performance indicators, as outlined in the Eurostar contracts (customers' satisfaction score and cost savings), show that the organisation has performed to expectations in 2017. The performance bonus score which is one for all services has maintained satisfactory levels in line with the old quality score of 95% of the management fee of the on-board contract.

# Principal risks and uncertainties

# Going concern risk

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in this report. The company is dependent on one source of income; that is income from contracts operated with Eurostar in relation to the provision of the railway restaurant and related services on board Eurostar trains running between London and Paris, London and Brussels and to other destinations. The company also operates the Business Premier Lounges and equipment contracts with Eurostar. At the balance sheet date all contracts have 3 years and 5 months to completion.

The company considers Brexit a principal risk, being exposed to the exchange rate volatility between sterling and EURO currencies and the fall in the value of the sterling has impacted the performance in the current financial year and could impact future performance. The directors are working to take the necessary measures to mitigate any other risks such as labour market implication and potential increases in food and beverage prices and they are monitoring the outcome of the Brexit negotiation with any potential other risks that may arise from it.

# Strategic report (continued)

# Going concern risk (continued)

The directors consider that the provision of these contracts will provide sufficient resources for the company to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due and as such the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The budget for 2018, approved by the Board of Directors in December 2017, indicates that the company is expected to maintain the current profitability for the next financial year. In addition, the directors have reviewed the forecasted cash flows of the company which indicate that cash flows will remain positive for at least twelve months from the date of the approval of the financial statements.

By order of the board,

David Cheeseman

Director

Date: 26/03/2018

# Directors' report

# **Directors and their interests**

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Cristian Biasoni David Cheeseman Joseph N Zaidan Fabio Croce-Sebastiani Frank Whittaker

None of the directors hold any interest in the company. During the year Cristian Biasoni was directors of Chef Express S.p.A. His interests in Chef Express S.p.A. and Cremonini S.p.A. are disclosed in those companies' accounts.

Fabio Croce-Sebastiani's salary was paid by Momentum Services Limited and then re-charged to Chef Express S.p.A. for services related to Chef Express S.p.A. The outstanding balance owed to the company at 31 December 2017 in respect of these charges is €78,836 (2016: €134,657). The total recharge for the year is €154,850 (2016: €171,186).

# **Accounting framework**

The company adopt FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. There are no changes in reporting compared to the previous year, 2016.

# **Ownership**

The company is owned by Chef Express UK Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, which held 100% of the equity.

#### **Dividend**

Dividends totalling €1,550,000 were paid in 2017 to Chef Express UK (2016: €1,800,000 to Chef Express UK).

A final dividend for the financial year of  $\in 1,250,000$  (2016:  $\in 1,550,000$ ) will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM. No provision for this dividend has been made at the Balance Sheet date.

# **Directors' insurance and indemnities**

The Company has entered into qualifying third party indemnity arrangements for the benefit of all its Directors in a form and scope which comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and which were in force throughout the year and remain in force.

# Principal financial risk and uncertainty

The company activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. These risks are not exceptional or different in nature from those that are customary in the industry. The company seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

- (a) Market risk
- (i) Foreign exchange risk

The company activities takes place in the United Kingdom and in the EURO countries, France and Belgium. The company results and shareholders' equity are therefore affected by foreign exchange rates. The exchange risk is limited because transactions are denominated largely in the functional currencies of the subsidiaries. The associated risk is not hedged.

# (ii) Price risk

The price risk is associated to the increase of the cost of material to produce food and drinks and to the inflationary price increases. The company has agreed a price indexation reimbursement clause with the client. The company takes a view that its currency policy on price risk is well balanced.

# (b) Credit risk

# Directors' report (continued)

# Principal financial risk and uncertainty (continued)

The company's cash and cash equivalent are held in the banks accounts of each local countries where it operates. The company limit the associated credit risk as a result of the Group's policy to work only with respectable banks and financial institutions. The company has positive cash flow and it expect to continue for the next twelve months from the balance sheet date and beyond.

# Overseas branches

The company has the following overseas branches:

- In France at the address 43 Rue de Dunquerke, 75010 Paris
- In Belgium at the address Frankrijkstraat 95 Rue de France, B-1070 Brussels

Both branches are carrying out Momentum activities in relation to the Eurostar contract for the France and Belgium territories respectively.

#### **Employees**

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the respective aptitudes and abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the company continues and the appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the company that the training, career development and promotion of a disabled person should, as far as possible, be identical to that of a person who does not suffer from a disability.

Consultation with employees or their representatives has continued at all levels, with the aim of ensuring that employees' views are taken into account when decisions are made that are likely to affect their interests. It ensures that all the employees are aware of the financial and economic performance of their business units and of the company as a whole. Communication with all employees continues through the house newspaper, newsletters and briefing groups.

# Strategic report

In accordance with section S414C (11) of the Companies Act 2006, the company has produced a Strategic Report which is set out on page 4. Information on likely future developments in the business of the company has been included in the Strategic Report on pages 4 and 5.

# **Directors' responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards), including 'FRS 101 Disclosure Framework' and applicable law.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

# **Directors' report (continued)**

# **Directors' responsibilities (continued)**

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Disclosure of information to the auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

# **Auditor**

In accordance with Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, BDO UK Audit LLP will be deemed to be reappointed as auditor of the company.

# **Approval**

The Directors' Report was approved by order of the Board on 26 March 2018.

Ántonio Ghirarduzzi Company Secretary

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MOMENTUM SERVICES LIMITED

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Momentum Services Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, Statement of financial position, Cash flow statement, Statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MOMENTUM SERVICES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic report and Director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.; or

# Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MOMENTUM SERVICES LIMITED (CONTINUED)

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Bro W

Dominic Stammers (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
London
March 2018

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 €'000	2016 €'000
Turnover	3	58,721	60,479
Other Income	3	82	-
Operating statement charges	3	(399)	(186)
Raw material and consumables		(19,390)	(19,297)
Depreciation	11	(343)	(168)
Other external charges		(6,944)	(7,447)
Staff costs	6	(29,338)	(30,709)
Other operating charges		(666)	(567)
Exchange differences	4	(216)	(20)
Operating profit		1,507	2,085
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(47)	(15)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,460	2,070
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	9	(211)	(348)
Profit for the financial year		1,249	1,722
Other comprehensive income:			
Exchange gains/(losses) arising on translation of foreign currency operations		(70)	(322)
Total comprehensive income		1,179	1,400

The results shown above are derived wholly from continuing operations.

The notes from page 16 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of financial position *At 31 December 2017*

	Note	20	17	20	16
		€'000	€'000	€,000	€'000
Fixed assets					
Intangible fixed assets	11		53		12
Tangible fixed assets	11		858		820
			911		832
Current assets			711		002
Stock	12	1,138		977	
Debtors	13	8,498		7,675	
Shareholders loan	13	-,		398	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,816		2,939	
		12.452		11 000	
		12,452		11,989	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(11,107)		(10,194)	
Net current assets			1,345		1,795
Net assets			2,256		2,627
			***************************************		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16		<b>269</b>		269
Redenomination reserve	17		99		99
Exchange reserve	17		(475)		(404)
Retained Earnings	17		2,363		2,663
Equity shareholders' funds	17		2,256		2,627

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 26 March 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

# Cash flow statement

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 €'000	2016 €'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit for the financial year		1,249	1,722
Adjustment for:			
Depreciation	11	343	168
Interest paid Taxation		47 211	15 348
(Increase)/Decrease in stocks		(161)	188
(Increase)/Decrease in debtors		(832)	1,933
Increase/(Decrease) in creditors		(358)	(2,980)
Cash from operations		499	1,394
Interest paid		(47)	(15)
Income tax paid		(170)	(79)
•			
Net cash generated from operating activities		282	1,300
Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	11	(450)	(773)
Net cash from investing activities		(450)	(773)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Dividend paid		(669)	(1,800)
Payments from shareholders loan (Increase)/decrease in deposit		783	1,320
Net cash used in financing activities		115	(480)
		***************************************	
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents		(53)	47
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		2,939	3,214
Foreign exchange differences		(70)	(322)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	21	2,816	2,939

The notes from page 16 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Share Capital <b>€'000</b>	Redenomination Reserve €'000	Exchange Reserves €'000	Retained Earnings €'000	Total shareholder Funds €'000
At 1 January 2016	269	99	(82)	2,713	2,999
Exchange gains / losses	-	-	(322)	28	(294)
Dividends paid	-	-	_	(1,800)	(1,800)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,722	1,722
At 1 January 2017	269	99	(404)	2,663	2,627
Exchange gains / losses	-	-	(71)	1	(70)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(1,550)	(1,550)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,249	1,249
At 31 December 2017	269	99.	(475)	2,363	2,256
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The notes from page 16 form part of these financial statements.

for year ended 31 December 2017

# 1 Accounting policies

# Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable Financial Reporting Standard 100 Application of Financial Reporting Requirements and Financial Reporting Standard 101 Framework. The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statement are set out below.

The financial statement have been prepared on a historical cost basis. The preparation currency used is EURO and amounts have been presented in round thousands ("€000s").

# Disclosure exemptions adopted

In preparing these financial statements the company has taken advantage of all disclosure exemptions conferred by FRS 101. Therefore these financial statements do not include:

- All disclosures required by IFRS 7;
- All disclosures required under IFRS 13;
- The effect of future accounting policies not yet adopted.

In addition, and in accordance with FRS 101 further disclosure exemptions have been adopted because equivalent disclosures are included in the consolidated financial statements of Cremonini S.p.A.

# Judgements and key areas of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the company's directors to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies.

There have been no other material amendments to the disclosure requirements previously applied in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

# Computer software

Computer software is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any provision for impairment. Externally acquired computer software and software licences are capitalised and amortised on a straight-line basis over their useful lives of three years.

# Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at cost net of depreciation. Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Plant and machinery - 3 to 5 years Computer software - 3 to 5 years

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchases, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location.

for year ended 31 December 2017

# 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

#### Financial assets – loans and receivables

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

The company's loans and receivables comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

#### Financial liabilities

Trade payables and other short-term liabilities are recognised at amortised cost.

Loan from group companies are recognised at amortised cost.

#### Share Capital

The company's ordinary shares are classified as equity instruments.

#### Dividends payable

Dividends are recognised when become legally payable. In the case of interim dividends to equity shareholders, this is when they are paid. In the case of final dividends, this is when approved by the shareholders at the AGM

#### **Provisions**

The company has recognised provisions for liabilities of uncertain timing. The provision is measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, discounted at a pre-tax rate reflecting current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the liability.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements.

#### Leased assets

Where substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership are not transferred to the company (an "operating lease"), the total rentals payable under the lease are charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction of the rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised where the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the statement of financial position differs from its tax base.

Recognition of deferred tax assets is restricted to those instances where it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the difference can be utilised

for year ended 31 December 2017

# 1 Accounting policies (continued)

# Deferred taxation (continued)

The amount of the asset or liability is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the deferred tax liabilities/(assets) are settle/(recovered).

# Foreign currencies

Transactions entered into by the company in a currency other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate (their "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of unsettled monetary assets and liabilities are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Exchange gains and losses arising on the retranslation of monetary available for sale financial assets are treated as a separate component of the change in fair value and recognised in profit or loss. Notes to the financial statements.

The company financial statements are presented in Euro currency in order to be aligned with the Group consolidated currency. Average FX rate is at 1.1421 (2016: 1.2244) and FX closing rate is at 1.1270 (2016: 1.1651) to convert the sterling data into Euro. The FX rates are provided by the Bank of England.

In the United Kingdom the functional currency of the entity is GBP sterling and in France and in Belgium the functional currency of these entities is EURO. The results and financial position of foreign operations where the currency is different to the functional currency are translated into the presentation currency using the following procedures:

- Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet.
- Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Where this is impracticable, an average rate for the year may be used provided that exchange rates do not fluctuate significantly.

All resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity and shown within the foreign exchange reserve.

# Turnover

Turnover, which excludes value added taxes, represents the revenues for the provision of the catering and related services on board of Eurostar trains. Turnover is recognised on delivery of the service.

#### Pension costs

The company contributes to a defined contribution scheme for employees in the UK, France and Belgium. Pension costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they are accrued.

# Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

for year ended 31 December 2017

# 2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The company makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions do not carry a significant risk of causing a material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# Estimates and assumption

# (a) Useful lives of plant and equipment and intangibles assets

Depreciation is provided so as to write down the assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as set out in the company's accounting policy. The selection of these estimated lives requires the exercise of management judgement. Useful lives are regularly reviewed and should management's assessment of useful lives shorten then depreciation charges in the financial statement would increase and carrying amounts of plant and equipment would reduce accordingly. The carrying amount of plant and equipment by each class is included in note 11.

# 3 Turnover

Momentum Services Limited provides catering and related services on board Eurostar trains running between the United Kingdom, France and Belgium. The directors consider that the company operates in one geographical segment, being Europe.

Turnover arises from:

	2017	2016
	€'000	€'000
Sales of goods	12,854	13,846
Provision of services	45,867	46,633
Other Income	82	-
Operating statement charge	(399)	(186)
	58.404	60,293

The other income is in respect of the research and development tax credit received by HMRC for €26,019 in 2015 and for €56,195 in 2016 in relation to the development of bespoke POS and on-board payment system solution.

The operating statement and ground revenue is in respect of the operating savings share fee levied as part of the on-board service and lounge contracts with Eurostar and in respect of profit share of sales at the bar buffet carriages.

Analysis of turnover by country of destination:

	2017	2016
•	€'000	€'000
United Kingdom	29,055	31,420
Rest of Europe	29,349	28,873
	58.404	60.293

for year ended 31 December 2017

# 4 Expenses by nature

Operating profit is stated after charging:		
1 01	2017	2016
	€'000	€,000
Staff costs (see note 6)	29,338	30,709
Management charges	300	304
Foreign exchange losses/(gains)	216	20
Depreciation of fixed assets	343	168
5 Auditor remuneration		
	2017	2016
	€'000	€,000
Fees for the audit of the company	38	42

# 6 Staff number and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	2017	2016
Average number of persons employed:	No.	No.
Managers	. 17	16
Clerical staff	69	66
Full time crew	494	530
Part time crew	111	96
Lounge	43	43
Temporary staff	27	34
	761	785
	2017	2016
	2017 €'000	
Staff costs during the year		2016 €'000
Staff costs during the year Wages and salaries		
Wages and salaries	€'000	€'000 23,866
	€'000 22,573	€,000

for year ended 31 December 2017

#### 7 Remuneration of directors

The aggregate remuneration of the individual directors of Momentum Services Limited for the year ended 31 December 2017 was as follows:

December 2017 was as follows.	2017 €'000	2016 €'000
Directors' emoluments	9	9

The chairman was employed by the company during the financial year and the emoluments disclosed above are for his services as chairman. All other directors served as directors of either the ultimate parent undertaking, other group companies or related parties. The emoluments of these directors have been borne by other group companies or related parties, and were not recharged to the company. Accordingly, the aggregate emoluments figures do not include any emoluments for these directors. None of the directors had any pension contributions made to them by the company.

Fabio Croce-Sebastiani's salary was paid by Momentum Services Limited and then re-charged to Chef Express S.p.A. for services related to Chef Express S.p.A. The outstanding balance owed to the company at 31 December 2017 in respect of these charges is €78,836 (2016: €134,657). The total recharge for the year is €154,850 (2016: €171,186).

# 8 Finance income and finance expenses

Interest payable and similar charges		
• •	2017	2016
	€'000	€,000
Interest on bank accounts and overdrafts	47	15

for year ended 31 December 2017

# 9 Taxation

# a) Analysis of charge in period:

	2017 €'000	2016 €'000
TIV	e-000	6.000
UK corporation tax	141	237
Current tax on income for the period		
Double taxation relief	(80)	(41)
Adjustment in respect of prior years	(25)	(2)
	36	194
Foreign tax		
Current tax on income for the period	166	122
Total current tax	202	316
Total current tax	202	310
Deferred tax		
UK deferred tax	21	44
Impact of reduction in UK tax rate	1	3
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(13)	(15)
Total deferred tax	9	32
Total deserted tax		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	211	348
•		

# b) Factors affecting the current tax charge for the current year:

The tax charge for the current year is lower at 17.97% (2016: 17.52%) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25%, (2016: 20.00%) applied to the profit on ordinary activities before tax. The differences are explained below:

	€'000	€'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,378	2,174
UK corporation tax at 19.25% (2015: 20.00%) of profit Effects of:	265	440
Group relief from group companies lower than UK tax rate	(46)	-
Depreciation in excess of/(less than) capital allowances for the period	(32)	(26)
Deferred tax assets	<b>9</b>	39
Other short term timing differences – pension	12	(7)
Permanent disallowance	(72)	(71)
Higher rates on overseas earnings	86	58
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(11)	(91)
Total tax expense (see above)	211	342

# c) Factors that may affect future tax charges:

The company expects the tax rate in the future to be affected by factors similar to those in the current year. The main corporation tax rate for 1 April 2017 is 19% and sets it at this rate for 1 April 2018 and 1 April 2019. The rate for 1 April 2020 is set at 18%. At Budget 2017, the government announced a further reduction to the Corporation Tax main rate (for all profits except ring fence profits) for the year starting 1 April 2020, setting the rate at 17%.

for year ended 31 December 2017

# 10 Dividends

	2017 €'000	2016 €'000
Total dividends paid	1,550	1,800

The dividend paid in 2017 was 6.89 per share (2016: 6.01 per share) totalling to 6.89 per share (2016: 6.01 per share) totalling to 6.89 per share (2016: 6.89 per share) totalling to 6.89 per share (2016: 6.89 per share) totalling to 6.89 per share (2016: 6.89 per share) totalling to 6.89 per share) totalling totalling

The directors are proposing a final dividend of  $\epsilon$ 5.56 (2016:  $\epsilon$ 6.89) per share totalling  $\epsilon$ 1,250,000 (2016:  $\epsilon$ 1,550,000) at the forthcoming AGM but have not been approved at the Balance Sheet date. This dividend has not been accrued in the statement of financial position.

# 11 Fixed assets

	Tangible Assets €'000	Intangible Assets €'000	Total €'000
Cost			
At 1 January 2017	1,889	332	2,221
Additions	398	52	450
Effect of exchange rate	(59)	(7)	(66)
At 31 December 2017	2,228	377	2,605
Depreciation	(4.00)	(2.2.2)	(1.22)
At 1 January 2017	(1,069)	(320)	(1,389)
Charge for the year	(333)	(10)	(343)
Effect of exchange rate	32	6	38
At 31 December 2017	(1,370)	(324)	(1,694)
Net book value		<del></del>	
At 31 December 2017	858	53	911
At 31 December 2016	820	12	832
12 Stock			
•		2017	2016
		€'000	€'000
Raw material and consumables		304	249
Finished goods for resale		834	728
		1,138	977
		<del></del>	

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) for year ended 31 December 2017

# 13 Debtors

	2017 €'000	2016 €'000
Too de debases	1,007	308
Trade debtors	5,152	4,952
Prepayments and accrued income	249	278
Amounts owed by group undertakings and related party (note 22) Other debtors	2,059	2,106
Deposit	31	31
Shareholders loan (note 22)	-	398
•		<del></del>
	8,498 ———	8,073
14 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2017	2016
	€,000	€'000
Trade creditors	3,479	4,044
Corporation tax	118	122
Shareholders loan (note 22)	385	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings and related parties (note 22)	615	552
Other taxation and social security	2,323	2,168
Deferred tax (note 15)	23	15
Accruals and deferred income	4,164	3,293
	11,107	10,194
15 Deferred taxation		<del></del>
	2017	2016
	€'000	€'000
Accumulated depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(35)	(39)
Other short term timing differences	12	24
	(23)	(15)
		€,000
A4.1 Tomore 2017		
At 1 January 2017 Charge to profit and loss account for current year		(15)
Credit to profit and loss account – impact of exchange rate		(20)
Credit to profit and loss account in respect of prior years		(1) 13
At 31 December 2017		(23)

for the year ended 31 December 2017

# 16 Called up share capital

	2017 €'000	€'000
Authorised 225,000 Ordinary shares of €1.1967 each	269	269
Allotted, called up and fully paid 225,000 Ordinary share of €1.1967 each	269	269

Total shares issued are 225,000 with an aggregate nominal value of €269,257.

At the balance sheet date Ordinary shares were held by Chef Express UK Limited (225,000 shares with aggregate nominal value of €269,257).

# 17 Reserves

The following describes the nature and purpose of each reserve within equity:

Reserve	Description and purpose
Share capital	Nominal value of share capital subscribed for.
Redenomination reserve	Redenomination of share capital from sterling to EURO currency
Exchange reserve	Foreign exchange gains and losses on capital reserves
Retained earnings	All other net gains and losses and transactions with owners (eg dividends) not recognised elsewhere.

# 18 Commitments under operating leases

The total future value of minimum lease payments is due as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	502	402
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	1,552	1,375
	2,054	1,777

The increase in the commitments under operating leases is related to a change in rates applied by Eurostar for premises in Time House in the London office.

for the year ended 31 December 2017

# 19 Pension commitments and retirement benefits

The company pays into a number of defined contribution schemes in England, France and Belgium, the countries in which the company has employees. The contribution rates vary according to the scheme, with some employees being allowed to choose schemes and select the level of personal and company contributions.

The pension cost charge of €1,505,000 (2016: €1,528,000) represents contributions payable by the company to the fund.

The amount outstanding at the year end in respect of these contributions was €312,884 (2016: €373,000).

# 20 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds

	2017 €'000	2017 €'000	2016 €'000	2016 €'000
(Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year Movement in loan less than one year Movement in deposit	(123) (783)		(275) (1,320)	
Change in funds resulting from cash flows	(906)		(1,595)	
Movement in net funds Net funds at 1 January 2017		(906) 3,368		(1,595) 4,963
Net funds at 31 December 2016		2,462		3,368
21 Analysis of net funds				
	At 1 January 2017	Cash Flows	Exchange differences	At 31 December 2017
	€'000	€'000	€,000	€'000
Cash at bank and in hand Deposit	2,939 31	(54)	(69)	2,816 31
Loan to/from the shareholders	398	(783)	-	(385)
	3,368	(837)	(69)	2,462

Security is granted to the Company's bankers over certain cash balances held.

for the year ended 31 December 2017

#### 22 Related party disclosures

# Transactions with group companies

During the year the Company entered into the following transactions with fellow group undertakings which are wholly owned members of the group headed by Cremonini S.p.A.:

	2017 €'000	2016 €'000
Amounts owed by fellow group undertakings	249	278
Amounts owed to fellow group undertakings	685	552

At the balance sheet date the company has a creditor balance of €376,804 (2016: €232,148) with Lounge Service S.A.S. in relation to the sub-contract of the Business Premier Lounge in Paris.

At the balance sheet date the company has a debtor balance of €102,155 (2016: €51,708) with Lounge Service S.A.S. in relation to the sub-contract of the Business Premier Lounge in Paris.

At the balance sheet date the company has an outstanding creditor balance of €5,000 (2016: €5,000) with the ultimate parent company, Cremonini S.p.A. for insurance services.

At the balance sheet date the company has an outstanding debtor balance of €68,121 (2016: €93,769) with Railrest S.A. with regards to general business costs.

At the balance sheet date the company has an outstanding creditor balance of €7,940 (2016: nil) with Railrest S.A. with regards to general business costs.

Fabio Croce-Sebastiani's salary was paid by Momentum Services Limited and then re-charged to Chef Express S.p.A. for services related to Chef Express S.p.A (note 6). At the balance sheet the amount owed to Momentum Services Limited is €78,836

The shareholders (or associated companies of the shareholders) have charged management fees with regard to the provision of financial, legal and general business services in 2017 of €300,000 (2016: €300,000 Chef Express S.p.A.). €300,000 was charged by Chef Express S.p.A. at 31 December 2017, €225,000 (2016: €292,500) was due to Chef Express S.p.A. in the respect of management fees. These amounts are included within creditors due within one year (note 14).

# Transactions with parent company

	2017 €'000	2016 €'000
Amounts owed to/(from) parent company	385	(398)

At the balance sheet date the company is fully 100% owned by Chef Express UK Limited, a subsidiary of Chef Express S.p.A.

The company entered in to an agreement for an intercompany credit facility with group parent company. At the balance sheet date the facility has been withdrawn from Chef Express UK Limited for €385,000 (2016: €398,000 debtor) (notes 13 and 14).

for the year ended 31 December 2017

# 23 Ultimate parent company and control

The immediate parent undertaking at the balance sheet date is Chef Express UK Limited, a company incorporated and registered in the United Kingdom.

Chef Express UK Limited is owned 100% by Chef Express S.p.A., a company incorporated and registered in Italy.

The smallest and largest group into which the company's results are consolidated are those of the ultimate parent company, Cremonini S.p.A, whose accounts can be obtained from the Company Secretary, Via Modena 53, 41014 Castelvetro di Modena, Italy.