Registered number: 03871468

A F P CONSULTING ENGINEERS LIMITED

FILLETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018



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A F P CONSULTING ENGINEERS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03871468

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

:	Note	· ·	2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		1,087		1,798
			1,087	_	1,798
Current assets			e e		
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	57,290		75,062	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	32,495		40,541	
•	-	89,785	_	115,603	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(45,154)		(46,251)	
, o.c.	· _		_		
Net current assets			44,631		69,352
Total assets less current liabilities		_	45,718	.	71,150
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	8	(185)		(342)	
	_		(185)		(342)
Net assets		_	45,533		70,808
Capital and reserves		_	_	_	
Called up share capital			4		4
Capital redemption reserve			3		3
Profit and loss account			45,526		70,801
			45,533	_	70,808

A F P CONSULTING ENGINEERS LIMITED **REGISTERED NUMBER: 03871468**

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19 July 2018.

N A Wilson

Director

S C Grange

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Director

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

A F P Consulting Engineers Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales, registration number 03871468. The registered office is Stable Barn, Park End, Swaffham Bulbeck, Cambridge, Cambridgeshire, CB25 0NA.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Furniture - 20% on cost Office equipment - 33% on cost

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

2.10 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of income and retained earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

2.11 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (2017 - 3).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	·			
4.	Tangible fixed assets			
		Furniture £	Office equipment £	Total £
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 April 2017	565	5,851	6,416
	Additions	-	1,628	1,628
	At 31 March 2018	565	7,479	8,044
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2017	565	4,053	4,618
	Charge for the year on owned assets	-	2,339	2,339
	At 31 March 2018	565	6,392	6,957
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2018	-	1,087	1,087
	At 31 March 2017	-	1,798	1,798
5.	Debtors			
			2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors		43,232	56,497
	Prepayments and accrued income		418	160
	Amounts recoverable on long term contracts		13,640	18,405
			57,290	75,062
6.	Cash and cash equivalents			
	·		2018	2017
	Cash at bank and in hand	•	£ 32,495	£ 40,541
			32,495	40,541

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	-	
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors _	23,015	16,826
	Corporation tax	13,010	17,731
	Other taxation and social security	9,020	11,585
	Other creditors	109	109
	·		
		45,154	46,251
8.	Deferred taxation		
			2018 £
	At beginning of year		(342)
	Utilised in year	·	157
	At end of year		(185)
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	· <u>-</u>	2018 £	2017 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	(185)	(342)
		(185)	(342)