Abbreviated Accounts

For the Year Ended 31 March 2012

WHITING & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants & Business Advisers

Greenwood House Greenwood Court Bury St Edmunds Suffolk IP32 7GY

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Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 March 2012

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Abbreviated Balance Sheet

31 March 2012

		2012		2011	
Pt . 1 A 4	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets Tangible assets	2		-		34
Current Assets					
Stocks		21,387		16,072	
Debtors		57,311		81,227	
Cash at bank and in hand		44,671		30,909	
		123,369		128,208	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due Wit	hin				
One Year		60,332		53,007	
Net Current Assets			63,037		75,201
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities	5		63,037		75,235
Capital and Reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	3		7		7
Profit and loss account			63,030		75,228
Shareholders' Funds			63,037		75,235

The Balance sheet continues on the following page
The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

Abbreviated Balance Sheet (continued)

31 March 2012

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 28 September 2012, and are signed on their behalf by

S.C. Graze

N A Wilson Director

S C Grange Director

Company Registration Number 03871468

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 March 2012

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Furniture

20% on cost

Office Equipment

33% on cost

Work in Progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

Operating Lease Agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 31 March 2012

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

2. Fixed Assets

					Tangible Assets £
	Cost At 1 April 2011 and 31 March 2012				1,034
	Depreciation At 1 April 2011 Charge for year				1,000 34
	At 31 March 2012				1,034
	Net Book Value At 31 March 2012				
	At 31 March 2011				34
3.	Share Capital				
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	7 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2012 No 7	£ 7	2011 No 7	£ 7