Report of the Directors and
Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

for

25 Whitehall Management Limited

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25 Whitehall Management Limited Statutory Financial Statements

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

Directors: M Cridge

J Merrick

Secretary: Wilson & Co Secretaries Ltd

Registered office: Mayesfield

Mayes Lane Danbury Chelmsford Essex CM3 4NJ

Registered number: 03870410 (England and Wales)

Auditors: Nortons Audit Limited

Statutory Auditor Highlands House Basingstoke Road Spencers Wood Reading

Berkshire RG7 1NT

Bankers: Barclays Bank plc

139-142 North Street

Brighton East Sussex BN1 1RU

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of managing the property located at 25 - 33 Whitehall, London on behalf of the residents.

The company has no income or expenditure in its own right, all transactions in the year being related to the maintenance of the common parts in accordance with the lease. Service charges collected are held on trust for the purpose of meeting the relevant costs in relation to the property in accordance with the provisions of section 42 of the Landlord and Tenant Act 1987.

Directors

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2015 to the date of this report.

M Cridge

Mr J Merrick was appointed as a director on 20 May 2015.

Ms C Merrick resigned as a director on 20 May 2015.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, Nortons Audit Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the board:

M Cridge - Director

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of 25 Whitehall Management Limited

We have audited the financial statements of 25 Whitehall Management Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 on pages four to five. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Report of the directors.

Anthony Campbell (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Nortons Audit Limited

Highlands House Basingstoke Road Spencers Wood Reading

Berkshire RG7 1NT

Date: 12 10516

Profit and Loss Account For the Year Ended 31 December 2015

The company has no income or expenditure in its own right, all transactions in the year relate to maintenance of the common parts in accordance with the lease. Income and expenditure arising from these transactions is shown in separate service charge accounts for the property that do not form part of the annual accounts of the company and are not filed at Companies House. All service charge monies received from the residents of 25 – 33 Whitehall, London are held on trust for its residents.

Balance Sheet 31 December 2015

		2015	2014
	Notes	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS Cash at bank		20	20
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		20	20
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	3	20	20
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			20

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 9 May 2016 and were signed on its behalf by:

M Cridge - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

2. TAXATION

20

Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the year ended 31 December 2015 or for the year ended 31 December 2014.

3. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issu	ied and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:		2015	2014
		Nominal		
		value:	£	£

£1

20

20

4. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

Ordinary

The company contracts with third parties in its own name for the supply of services to the property for maintenance of the common parts in accordance with the terms of the lease.

5. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The Directors believe there to be no ultimate controlling party.