DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

Company Registration No 3868901 (England and Wales)

WEDNESDAY

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Lady Bamford

Sir Anthony Bamford

Secretary

S Ovens

Company number

3868901

Registered office

11a West Halkin Street

London SW1X 8JL

Auditors

Nexia Smith & Williamson 25 Moorgate

London EC2R 6AY

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006

Principal activities, review of the business and future developments

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a retail farm shop and cafe located on the Daylesford Organic Farm in Gloucestershire—The company traded at a loss during the year, however the directors are optimistic about the future

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7. The directors do not recommend payment of an ordinary dividend (2005. nil)

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2006

Lady Bamford Sir Anthony Bamford

Statement of disclosures to auditors

(a) so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
(b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Nexia Smith & Williamson be re-appointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

Financial instruments

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in credit risk and liquidity risk. The company has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by monitoring levels of debt finance and the related finance costs. The company does not use derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate costs and as such, no hedge accounting is applied

Given the size of the company, the directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board. The policies set by the board of directors are implemented by the company's finance department.

Price risk

The company is exposed to price risk due to normal inflationary increases in the purchase price of the goods and services in purchases in the UK. The company has no exposure to equity securities price risk as it holds no listed or other equity investments.

Credit risk

The company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before sales are made. The amount of exposure to any individual counterparty is subject to a limit, which is reassessed annually by the board

Fair review of the business

Daylesford Organic Limited has shown an increase in sales in over the past year reflecting the expansion of the Brand, specifically into London (Clifton Stores) as well as E-Retail. This increase in sales reflects the continued strength of the Daylesford Brand. Daylesford Organic Limited will continue to expand into London with new stores (Pimlico and Pimlico Garden) as well as Concessions. The E-Retail business will also continue to grow through 2007 and 2008. These developments will impact the business in a positive way with revenue expected to continue to increase year on year for the foreseeable future.

On behalf of the board

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Lady Bamford

Director

Nexia Smith & Williamson

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Daylesford Organic Limited

We have audited the accounts of Daylesford Organic Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 18. These accounts have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company a members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company as members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors. Report is consistent with the accounts. We also report to you if in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if the information specified by law regarding directors remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatement within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts

Opinion

In our opinion

- the accounts give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- * the accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and
- * the information given in the Directors Report is consistent with the accounts

Emphasis of matter - going concern

In forming our opinion which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures in note 1 to the accounts concerning the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. The company incurred a loss of £3,476,383 during the year ended 31 December 2006 and, at that date, the company is liabilities exceeded its total assets by £9,467,149. The conditions explained in note 1 indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the support of the directors. The accounts do not include any adjustments that might result if this supports to continuing

Nexua Smith & Williamson Chartered Accountants

Registered Auditors

25 Moorgate London EC2R 6AY

Date 10 June 2008

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

		2006	2005
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	3,620 687	2,631 341
Cost of sales		(2 047 328)	(1 362,976)
Gross profit		1,573,359	1,268,365
Administrative expenses		(5 003 670)	(4 400 584)
Operating loss	3	(3 430,311)	(3,132 219)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(46,072)	(31,890)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(3,476,383)	(3 164 109)
Taxation			
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	5	-	•
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation	10	(3 476,383)	(3 164,109)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations. There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2006

£ 133 385,102 405 026	£ 599 499
385,102	·
405 026	
57,345	
847 473	
(7 437 738)	
.82)	(6,590,265)
49)	(5 990 766)
- :	
ı	1
.50)	(5,990,767)
49)	(5,990,766)
1	.282) 149) 1 150)

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 9 June 2008

Lady Rose Sand

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

1 Accounting policies

11 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and on the going concern basis

The company made a loss of £3 476 383 during the year ended 31 December 2006 and at that date, the company's liabilities exceeded its assets by £9,467 149 The directors have confirmed that they will provide financial support to enable the company to continue as a going concern and pay its liabilities as they fall due for a period of at least one year from the date of approval of these accounts by the board of directors. On this basis, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on the going concern basis. The accounts do not include any adjustments that would be required in the event of the withdrawal of this support.

12 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life as follows

Leasehold Improvements
Plant and Machinery
Fixtures, fittings & equipment

over term of lease straight line over 2 to 5 years straight line over 2 to 7 years

1.5 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term

16 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value and consists of finished goods and goods for resale

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.8 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided for on a full provision basis on all timing differences which have arisen but not reversed at the balance sheet date. A deferred tax asset is not recognised to the extent that the transfer of economic benefit in future is uncertain. Any assets and liabilities have not been discounted.

19 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

1 10 Pensions

The company is a participating employer in two defined benefit schemes. J.C. Bamford Lifeplan and J.C. Bamford Excavators. Limited Senior Directors and Executives Retirement Benefits Scheme, both of which are defined benefit schemes. The company is unable to identify its shares of the underlying assets and liabilities of these scheme. As a result, the company accounts for contributions to the schemes as if they were defined contributions schemes by charging them to the profit and loss account as incurred.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom

3 Operating Loss

	2006	2005
Operating loss is stated after charging	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	2 26 46 5	232 020
Loss on foreign exchange transactions	8,836	4 730
Operating lease rentals	26 534	13,525
Auditors' remuneration	9 370	7,000

4 Interest payable	2006	2005
	£	£
On amounts payable to related companies	46,072	31,846
On bank loans and overdrafts		45
	46,072	31,890

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 $\,$

5 Taxation	2006 £	2005 £
Current tax charge	-	
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(3 476 383)	(3 164 109)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation		
tax of 30 00% (2005 30 00%)	(1,042,915)	(949 233)
Effects of		
Non deductible expenses	41,171	224
Depreciation in excess of capital allowance	49 055	1 589
Other short term timing differences	23 847	-
Unrelieved tax losses	928 842	947,420

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

6 Tangible fixed assets					
	Leasehold Improvements	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings &	Total	
	£	£	equipment £	£	
Cost			-	*	
At 1 January 2006	-	101 239	874,489	975,728	
Additions	1 103 164	121 117	838,600	2,062,881	
Disposals	<u> </u>	(41 398)	(96,700)	(138 098)	
At 31 December 2006	I 103 164	180 958	1 616,389	2,900,511	
Depreciation					
At I January 2006	-	38 362	337 867	376 229	
Charge for the year	49,184	76,223	101,058	226 465	
Disposals	-	(9 749)	(51 567)	(61 316)	
At 31 December 2006	49 184	104 836	387,358	541,378	
Net book value					
At 31 December 2006	1 053 980	76 122	1 229,031	2,359,133	
At 31 December 2005	•	62 877	536 622	599 499	
7 Debtors				2006	2005
Trade debtors				£ 155,558	£ 122 676
				258 769	122 070
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors				298,120	262 973
Prepayments and accrued income				483,912	19 377
Trepayments and accreed theorie			_	1,196,359	405,026
8 Creditors amounts falling due within one year				2006	2005
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				£	£
Bank overdraft				235 568	-
Trade creditors				4 850 253	4,405 097
Amounts owed to group undertakings				5,165 210	1 177,890
Other creditors				2,988,380	1,725,296
Accruals and deferred income				245 672	129 455
				13,485,083	7,437,738
9 Share capital				2006 £	2005 £
Authorised				*	*
10 000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			_	10 000	10,000
Allotted, called and fully paid up					
I Ordinary share of £1				1	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

10 Statement of movements on profit and loss account		Profit and loss account
Balance at 1 January 2006		(5,990,767)
Retained loss for the year		(3 476 383)
Balance at 31 December 2006		(9 467,150)
ll Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' deficit	2006 £ (3 476 383) (5 990 766)	2005 £ (3 164,109) (2,826,657)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(9,467 149)	(5 990 766)
12 Directors' emoluments Emoluments for qualifying services	2005 £	2005 £

13 Financial Commitments

At 31 December 2006 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 December 2007

	Land and buildings	
	200 6	2005
	£	£
Operating leases which expire		
Within one year	-	
Between two and five years	_	•
In over five years	274 633	-
	274,633	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

14 Transactions with directors

During the year, the following transactions have been made with companies in which Lady Bamford and her family have an interest

- £Nil (2005 £6 750) recharges made to Wootton Organic Farms Limited
- £Nil (2005 £115,072) sales and recharges made to JCB Service
- £Nil (2005 £279 996) purchases from Wootton Organic Farms Limited
- £901,911 (2005 £605 424) purchases from JCB Service
- -£1,886,468 (2005 £1 428,429) salary recharge from ICB Service

During the year the company made sales of £147,333 to Lady Bamford and her family at normal commercial rates from Daylesford Organic Limited

Included within debtors are the following amounts

- £1 077 (2005 £13,291) due from Wootton Organic Farms Limited
- £31,018 (2005 £72,973) due from JCB Service

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

Included within creditors are the following amounts

- £1,198 220 (2005 £1,598 556) due to Wootton Organic Farms Limited
- £2 969 794 (2005 £2,724,739) due to JCB Service
- £18,586 (2005 Nil) due to Daylesford Organic Farms

At the year end the company has also been loaned £- (2005 £981 000) by JCB Service and subsidiaries

15 Implovees

Number of employees	2006	2005
	Number	Number
The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was	103	91
Employment costs	2006	2005
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1 697 949	1,382,272
Social security costs	157 767	131 989
Pension costs	60,146	20,511
	1,915,862	1,534,772

16 Pension schemes

The most recent formal actuarial valuation of the JC Bamford Lifeplan and JC Bamford Excavators Limited Senior Directors and Executives Retirement Benefits Scheme was carried out as at 6 April 2004 and 31 December 2003 (both updated to 31 December 2006). The combined net pension liability as at 31 December 2006 was £27 4m.

17 Related Party Transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption permitted by FRS8. Related party transactions on the basis that the company is a 100% subsidiary of JCB World Brands Limited and the results have been included in the consolidated accounts of JCB World Brands Limited.

18 Control

The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of JCB World Brands Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales, which is ultimately controlled by Lady Bamford