

Registration number: 03847904

Bibby Factors Sussex Limited

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

FRIDAY



04/07/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

#1

Contents

Company Information	1
Strategic Report	2
Directors' Report	
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	5
Independent Auditor's Report	6 to 7
Profit and Loss Account	8
Balance Sheet	g
Notes to the Financial Statements	10 to 19

Bibby Factors Sussex Limited Company Information

Directors

Ian Downing

Edward James Winterton

Paul Cunningham

Company secretary

Bibby Bros. & Co. (Management) Limited

Registered office

105 Duke Street

Liverpool L1 5JQ

Auditor

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Liverpool United Kingdom

Bibby Factors Sussex Limited Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

Bibby Factors Sussex Ltd is incorporated in the United Kingdom and engaged in debt factoring, principally to small and medium size businesses.

Fair review of the business

The company's results for the year are in line with the directors' expectations and budgets and the company has not been unduly affected by the poor economic conditions globally throughout the year. The directors do not see any significant changes that may effect the future outlook of the company.

The company's key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows:

	Unit	2013	2012
Turnover	£	7,255,339	9,336,028
Turnover growth	%	(22)	(8)
Operating profit margin	%	37	53
Profit before tax	£	2,712,053	4,185,229

Price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk

The business' principal financial assets and liabilities comprise bank balances, trade debtors, trade creditors and loans to the business. The main purpose of these instruments is to finance the business' operations.

In respect of bank balances, the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance between the continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of overdrafts at floating rates of interest. All of the business' cash balances are held in such a way that achieves a competitive rate of interest. The business makes use of money market facilities where funds are available.

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debtors.

Trade creditors' liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet amounts due.

Loans comprise loans from financial institutions. The interest rates and monthly repayments are variable. The business manages the liquidity risk by ensuring that there are sufficient funds to meet the payments.

Approved by the Board on 21 March 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Company secretary

Bibby Bros. &

Bibby Factors Sussex Limited Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year and to the date of this report were as follows:

Ian Downing

Edward James Winterton

Paul Cunningham (appointed 25 February 2013)

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is debt factoring.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

As set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, in preparing these financial statements the directors are required to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors of the parent company have considered in detail the Group's forecast performance, as well as its capital and liquidity resources which are available to all of its subsidiaries. The Group's funding facilities were renewed in 2010 until July 2014 and extended to July 2015 and on this basis the directors have a reasonable expectation that, despite uncertain market conditions, the Group has sufficient funding and liquidity facilities to ensure that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly the directors of the company have adopted the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

Directors' liabilities

Enhanced indemnities are provided to the directors of the company by Chartis Insurance UK Limited against liabilities and associated costs which they could incur in the course of their duties to the company. All of the indemnities remain in force as at the date of this Report and Accounts. A copy of each of the indemnities is kept at the registered office address of the company.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Bibby Factors Sussex Limited Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

Company secretary

Bibby Factors Sussex Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Bibby Factors Sussex Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Bibby Factors Sussex Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 19. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 5), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Bibby Factors Sussex Limited

..... continued

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

David Heaton (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP,
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor
Liverpool
United Kingdom

21 March 2014

Bibby Factors Sussex Limited Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	2	7,255,339	9,336,028
Cost of sales		(3,958,032)	(4,423,737)
Gross profit		3,297,307	4,912,291
Administrative expenses			(5,000)
Operating profit	3	3,297,307	4,907,291
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(585,254)	(722,062)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,712,053	4,185,229
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(633,502)	(1,036,536)
Profit for the financial year	14	2,078,551	3,148,693

Turnover and operating profit derive wholly from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year or prior year other than the results above and therefore no Statement of Total Recognised Gains or Losses has been prepared.

(Registration number: 03847904)

Balance Sheet at 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	8	1,763	36,259
Current assets			
Debtors	9	49,459,262	56,658,825
Cash at bank and in hand		919,058	2,296,221
		50,378,320	58,955,046
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	10	(43,055,510)	(49,363,323)
Net current assets		7,322,810	9,591,723
Total assets less current liabilities		7,324,573	9,627,982
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(272,815)	(574,775)
Net assets		7,051,758	9,053,207
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	350,000	350,000
Profit and loss account	14	6,701,758	8,703,207
Shareholder's funds	15	7,051,758	9,053,207

Approved by the Board on 21 March 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Ian Downing
Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom accounting policies.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

The company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement as 90% or more of the voting rights are held within the group and consolidated financial statements including the company are publicly available.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

As set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, in preparing these financial statements the directors are required to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors of the parent company have considered in detail the Group's forecast performance, as well as its capital and liquidity resources which are available to all of its subsidiaries. The Group's funding facilities were renewed in 2010 until July 2014 and extended to July 2015 and on this basis the directors have a reasonable expectation that, despite uncertain market conditions, the Group has sufficient funding and liquidity facilities to ensure that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly the directors of the company have adopted the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of services to customers.

Revenue recognition

The factoring administration fee is recognised in the profit and loss account at the time the debts are factored. Other fees are normally recognised in the profit and loss account at the time the charge is made. However, where fees are charged in respect of non-performing debt, the proportion credited to the profit and loss account is limited to the extent that total recoveries will exceed the debt outstanding.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, on a straight line basis over their expected useful economic life, as follows:

Asset class

Office equipment

Short leasehold land & buildings

Depreciation and rate

25% to 33.33%

lower of 10% and remaining lease term

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which represent a liability at the balance sheet date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income or expenditure in tax computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Taxation

Tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years or which are never taxable or deductible. Current tax is calculated using rates enacted, or substantively enacted, at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currency

Profit and loss account transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the closing rates at the balance sheet date and the exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

Financing

The company finances its operation through overdrafts and loans from its immediate parent undertaking. Interest is charged at base rates plus a small premium.

Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Debtors and creditors

Trade debtors represent the debts assigned under factoring agreements, net of the bad debt provision. The full value of the assigned debt is recognised on the balance sheet as it represents rights or other access to future economic benefits. The corresponding trade creditor recognised represents the difference between the assigned debt and cash advanced to clients net of appropriate factoring fees.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

Rad debts

Bad debts are written off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Specific provisions are made to reduce all impaired balances to their expected realisable values. Additional provisions are made for losses not specifically identified based on past experience, knowledge of the group's exposure and other relevant factors. The charge for the year for bad debts is included in cost of sales.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

The company is a member of the Bibby Line Group Limited pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. Because the company is unable to identify its share of the scheme assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis, as permitted by FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits' the scheme has been accounted for as if the scheme were a defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

2 Turnover

Turnover, which is derived from within the United Kingdom, is the factoring income earned. Debts factored during the year were £356,272,000 (2012 - £431,409,000).

3 Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	2013 £	2012 £
Operating leases - other	8,700	6,226
Operating leases - land and buildings	159,431	163,389
Auditor's remuneration - The audit of the company's annual accounts	9,000	10,000
Depreciation of owned assets	34,496	38,142

No fees were paid to the company's auditor for non-audit services in either the current or preceding year.

4 Particulars of employees

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

	2013 No.	2012 No.
Administration and support	42	54

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

Social security costs 103,189 152,438 76,045 69,759 1,253,903 1,878,303 1,		The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:		
Social security costs 103,189 152,438 76,045 69,759 1,253,903 1,878,303 1,				
Staff pensions 76,045 69,759 1,253,903 1,878,303 5 Directors' remuneration The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows: Remuneration Company contributions paid to money purchase schemes Company contributions paid to money purchase schemes The directors remuneration is £nil as it was borne by another company within the group and was not recharged. During the year the number of directors who were receiving benefits and share incentives was as follows: 2013 2012 No. No. Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme 2013 2012 No. No. Interest payable and similar charges Interest on bank borrowings 5,491 12,284 Interest on loans from group undertakings 579,763 709,778		Wages and salaries	1,074,669	1,656,106
The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows: 2013 2012 f		•		152,438 69,759
The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows: 2013			1,253,903	1,878,303
Remuneration - 62,954 Company contributions paid to money purchase schemes - 8,073 The directors remuneration is £nil as it was borne by another company within the group and was not recharged. During the year the number of directors who were receiving benefits and share incentives was as follows: 2013 2012 No. No. Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme - 1 6 Interest payable and similar charges 2013 2012 £ £ £ Interest on bank borrowings Interest on loans from group undertakings 5,491 12,284 709,778	5	Directors' remuneration		
Remuneration - 62,954 Company contributions paid to money purchase schemes - 8,073 The directors remuneration is £nil as it was borne by another company within the group and was not recharged. During the year the number of directors who were receiving benefits and share incentives was as follows: 2013 2012 No. No. Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme - 1 Interest payable and similar charges 2013 2012 £ £ Interest on bank borrowings 5,491 12,284 Interest on loans from group undertakings 579,763 709,778		The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:		
Company contributions paid to money purchase schemes - 8,073 - 71,027 The directors remuneration is £nil as it was borne by another company within the group and was not recharged. During the year the number of directors who were receiving benefits and share incentives was as follows: 2013 2012 No. Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme - 1 6 Interest payable and similar charges 2013 £ £ Interest on bank borrowings 5,491 Interest on loans from group undertakings 579,763 709,778				
The directors remuneration is £nil as it was borne by another company within the group and was not recharged. During the year the number of directors who were receiving benefits and share incentives was as follows: 2013 2012 No. No. Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme - 1 Interest payable and similar charges 2013 2012 £ £ Interest on bank borrowings Interest on loans from group undertakings 5,491 12,284 Interest on loans from group undertakings			-	62,954
The directors remuneration is £nil as it was borne by another company within the group and was not recharged. During the year the number of directors who were receiving benefits and share incentives was as follows: 2013 2012 No. No. Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme - 1 6 Interest payable and similar charges 2013 2012 £ £ Interest on bank borrowings 5,491 12,284 Interest on loans from group undertakings 579,763 709,778		Company contributions paid to money purchase schemes		
Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme - 1 6 Interest payable and similar charges 2013 2012 £ £ Interest on bank borrowings Interest on loans from group undertakings 5,491 12,284 709,778		The directors remuneration is £nil as it was borne by another company within	the group and was	
Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme Interest payable and similar charges 2013 £ £ Interest on bank borrowings Interest on loans from group undertakings No. No. No. No. 1 2013 709,778		During the year the number of directors who were receiving benefits and sha	re incentives was as	follows:
6 Interest payable and similar charges 2013 £ £ Interest on bank borrowings Interest on loans from group undertakings 5,491 12,284 709,778				
Interest on bank borrowings 5,491 12,284 Interest on loans from group undertakings 579,763 709,778		Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme	_	1
Interest on bank borrowings 5,491 12,284 Interest on loans from group undertakings 579,763 709,778	6	Interest payable and similar charges		
Interest on loans from group undertakings 579,763 709,778				
		-		12,284
585,254 722,062		Interest on loans from group undertakings	579,763	709,778
			585,254	722,062

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

Total current tax

7 Taxation

Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	2013 £	2012 £
Current tax		
Corporation tax charge	635,302	1,037,436
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(1,800)	(900)
Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	633,502	1,036,536
Factors affecting current tax charge for the year		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than (2012 corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%).	- higher than) the	standard rate of
The differences are reconciled below:		
	2013 £	2012 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,712,053	4,185,229
Corporation tax at standard rate	630,552	1,025,381
Accelerated capital allowances	3,090	2,453
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,660	9,602

635,302

1,037,436

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

8 Tangible fixed assets

9

		Short leasehold land and buildings £	Office equipment £	Total £
	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2013	114,057	349,670	463,727
	Depreciation At 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	101,380 11,493	326,088 23,003	427,468 34,496
	At 31 December 2013	112,873	349,091	461,964
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2013	1,184	579	1,763
	At 31 December 2012	12,677	23,582	36,259
)	Debtors		2013 £	2012 £
	Trade debtors Deferred tax Prepayments and accrued income		49,359,681 26,488 73,093	56,524,245 24,687 109,893
			49,459,262	56,658,825
	Debtors includes £nil (2012 - £nil) receivable after more th	an one year.		
	Deferred tax Deferred tax is provided at 21.00% (2012 - 23.00%).			
	The movement in the deferred tax asset in the year is as fol	llows:		
				£
	At 1 January 2013 Deferred tax credited to the profit and loss account			24,688 1,800
	At 31 December 2013		•	26,488
			=	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

Analysis of deferred tax

	2013 £	2012 £
Difference between accumulated depreciation and amortisation and capital allowances	26,488	24,687
	26,488	24,687
10 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	2013 £	2012 £
Trade creditors	20,465,669	24,753,324
Amounts owed to group undertakings	21,422,767	22,661,453
Corporation tax	635,302	1,037,436
Other taxes and social security	157,823	200,193
Accruals and deferred income	373,949	710,917
	43,055,510	49,363,323
11 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2013 £	2012 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	272,815	574,775

The bank loans are part of a bank facility, expiring in July 2015, which is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company with, however, the stipulation that in respect of the book debts the amount recoverable under this security is limited to the amount actually prepaid under factoring agreements. The bank overdrafts and intercompany loans carry interest rates that vary with base rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

12 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid sh				_
	2013 No.	£	201 No.	2 £
	NO.	&	140.	æ.
Ordinary £1 shares of £1 each	350,000	350,000	350,000	350,000
13 Dividends				
			2013 £	2012 £
Dividends paid				
Current year interim dividend paid			4,080,000	3,230,000
14 Reserves				
				Profit and loss account
At 1 January 2013				8,703,207
Profit for the year Dividends				2,078,551 (4,080,000)
At 31 December 2013				6,701,758
15 Reconciliation of movement in share	reholder's funds			
			2013 £	2012 £
Profit attributable to the shareholder of Dividends	of the company		2,078,551 (4,080,000)	3,148,693 (3,230,000)
Net reduction to shareholder's funds			(2,001,449)	(81,307)
Shareholder's funds at 1 January			9,053,207	9,134,514
Shareholder's funds at 31 December			7,051,758	9,053,207

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

16 Pension schemes

Defined contribution pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £76,045 (2012 - £69,759).

Contributions totalling £nil (2012 - £nil) were payable to the scheme at the end of the year and are included in creditors.

Defined benefit pension schemes

The company participates in the Bibby Line Group Pension Scheme (the "Scheme"), a defined benefit pension scheme. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the sponsoring and participating employers and are invested with an insurance company. The company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme as a significant number of members who are deferred or pensioners within the scheme relate to businesses that are no longer part of the group. The Scheme was closed to new entrants from 1 April 2000 and to accruals for existing members from 30 September 2011.

The company made contributions of £nil (2012 - £nil) to the scheme during the year.

Contributions payable to the pension scheme at the end of the year are £nil (2012 - £nil).

Financial Reporting Standard 17 Disclosures

As noted above and under accounting policies, the company participates in the Scheme. As part of the information disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 17 in the ultimate holding company's accounts, a net deficit of £12,719,000 (2012 - £14,782,000) is noted. Further information can be found in the financial statements of the ultimate holding company.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2013

..... continued

17 Commitments

Operating lease commitments

As at 31 December 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

Operating leases which expire:

·	2013 £	2012 £
Land and buildings		
Within one year	-	189,264
Over five years	189,264	•
•	189,264	189,264
Other		
Within one year	8,016	8,589
Within two and five years	10,940	29,945
	18,956	38,534

Other commitments

The company had not entered into any capital, nor other financial commitments, as at the year end (2012 - none).

18 Related party transactions

As a wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking of Bibby Group of Factors Limited, which produces consolidated financial statements which are publicly available, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other members of the group headed by Bibby Line Group Limited.

19 Control

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Bibby Group of Factors Limited, whose ultimate parent undertaking is Bibby Line Group Limited.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Bibby Line Group Limited. The smallest group in which they are consolidated is that headed by Bibby Group of Factors Limited.

Copies of the Group financial statements may be obtained from Bibby Line Group Limited, 105 Duke Street, Liverpool L1 5JQ.

Group website address: www.bibbylinegroup.co.uk