The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

03842976

Name of Company

Britannia Bulk plc CVL US\$ Account

Shay Bannon 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU Mark Shaw 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed \_\_\_\_\_

2 8 GCT 2014

Date

BDO LLP 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

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# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Britannia Bulk plc CVL US\$ Account

Company Registered Number

03842976

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

WL

Date of commencement of winding up

21 April 2009

Date to which this statement is

brought down

20 October 2014

Name and Address of Liquidator

Malcolm Cohen 55 Baker Street London

**W1U 7EU** 

Shay Bannon 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU Mark Shaw 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

#### **NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

# **Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

#### Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

# Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

## Realisations

Realisations			<del></del>
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		Brought Forward	38,163,040 96
21/04/2014 21/04/2014 21/04/2014 03/05/2014 02/06/2014 03/06/2014 10/07/2014 08/09/2014	Barclays Bank plc - 02/09/13 Barclays Bank plc - 02/12/13 Barclays Bank plc - 03/03/14 Pioneer Navigation Barclays Bank plc Barclays Bank plc Britbulk (UK) Holdings plc - Divide Barclays Bank plc		-
		Carried Forward	43,402,402 04

Disbursements				
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount	
		Brought Forward	28,040,635 11	
09/07/2014 23/07/2014	Britannia Bulk plc Britannia Bulk plc	Transfer to GBP A/C Transfer to GBP A/C	14,000,000 00 1,300,000 00	
	:			

## Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 43,402,402 04 43,340,635 11
	Balance £	61,766 93
This balance is made up as follows  1 Cash in hands of liquidator  2 Balance at bank  3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 61,766 93 0 00
<ul> <li>Amounts invested by liquidator</li> <li>Less The cost of investments realised</li> <li>Balance</li> <li>Accrued Items</li> </ul>	£ 0 00 0 00	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		61,766 93

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding £

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	0 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	0 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	0 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space (3) here, attach a separate sheet)

Claims against other companies that are also in liquidation. Value is uncertain.
Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

(4)

See above

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

12 months.