Company registration number: 3840766

A G Sadowski Underwriting Limited

Report and financial statements 31 December 2007

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Company information

Directors

A G Sadowski K M Sadowski Nomina plc

Company Secretary

Hampden Legal PLC

Registered Office

85, Gracechurch Street

London EC3V OAA

Auditors

Littlejohn

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf

London E14 4HD

Accountants

Axiom Consulting Limited

Lloyds Chambers 1 Portsoken Street London E1 8DF

Solicitors

Morton Fraser

30-31 Queen Street

Edinburgh EH2 1JX

Report of the Directors

The Directors submit their Report together with the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2007

Principal Activities, Business Review and Future Developments

The principal activity of the Company is that of trading as a Lloyd's corporate capital member. The Company continues to trade in 2008 and the Directors expect this year's result to be better than years currently being reported.

The Financial Statements incorporate the annual accounting results of the syndicates on which the Company participates for the 2005, 2006 and 2007 years of account, as well as any 2004 and prior run-off years

The 2005 year closed at 31 December 2007 with a result of £62,536 (2004 - £145,747) The 2006 and 2007 open underwriting account will normally close at 31 December 2008 and 2009

Certain syndicates on which the Company participates have for a variety of reasons been unable to close. There is a greater than usual degree of uncertainty as to the eventual outcome of these accounts

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out on pages 9 to 10 of the Financial Statements Dividends totalling £14,344 were paid in the year (2006 - £-)

Report of the Directors (continued)

Key Performance Indicators

The directors monitor the performance of the Company by reference to the following key performance indicators

	2007	2006
Capacity (youngest underwriting year)	1,495,359	1,358,372
Gross premium written as a % of capacity	90.2%	106 3%
Underwriting profit of latest closed year		
as a % of capacity	4 9%	11 9%
Run-off years of account movement	4,989	16,925

Other Performance Indicators

As a result of the nature of this Company as a Lloyd's Corporate Member the majority of its activities are carried out by the syndicates in which it participates. The Company is not involved directly in the management of the syndicate's activities, including employment of syndicate staff, as these are the responsibility of the relevant Managing Agent. Each Managing Agent will also have responsibility for the environmental activities of each syndicate, although by their nature insurers do not produce significant environmental emissions. As a result, the Directors of the Company do not consider it appropriate to monitor and report any performance indicators in relation to staff or environmental matters.

Risk Management

As a corporate member of Lloyd's the majority of the risks to this Company's future cash flows arise from its participation in the results of Lloyd's syndicates. As detailed below, these risks are mostly managed by the Managing Agent of the syndicate. This Company's role in managing this risk is limited to selection of syndicate participations and monitoring performance of the syndicates.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Syndicate risks

The syndicate's activities expose it to a variety of financial and non-financial risks. The Managing Agent is responsible for managing the syndicate's exposure to these risks and, where possible, introducing controls and procedures that mitigate the effects of the exposure to risk. Each year, the Managing Agent prepares an Individual Capital Assessment (ICA) for the syndicate, the purpose of this being to agree capital requirements with Lloyd's based on an agreed assessment of the risks impacting the syndicate's business, and the measures in place to manage and mitigate those risks from a quantitative and qualitative perspective. The risks described below are typically reflected in the ICA, and typically the majority of the total assessed value of the risks concerned is attributable to Insurance Risk.

The insurance risks faced by a syndicate include the occurrence of catastrophic events, downward pressure on pricing of risks, reductions in business volumes and the risk of inadequate reserving Reinsurance risks arise from the risk that a reinsurer fails to meet their share of a claim. The management of the syndicate's funds is exposed to risks of investment, liquidity, currency and interest rates leading to financial loss. The syndicate is also exposed to regulatory and operational risks including its ability to continue to trade. However, supervision by Lloyd's and the Financial Services Authority provide additional controls over the syndicate's management of risks.

The Company manages the risks faced by the syndicates on which it participates by monitoring the performance of the syndicates it supports. This commences in advance of committing to support a syndicate for the following year, with a review of the business plan prepared for each syndicate by its Managing Agent. In addition quarterly reports and annual accounts together with any other information made available by the Managing Agent are monitored and if necessary enquired into. If the Company considers that the risks being run by the syndicate are excessive it will seek confirmation from the Managing Agent that adequate management of the risk is in place and if considered appropriate will withdraw support from the next underwriting year. The company relies on advice provided by the Members' Agent which acts for it, who are specialists in assessing the performance and risk profiles of syndicates.

Investment and currency risks

The other significant risks faced by the Company are with regard to the investment of the available funds within its own custody. The elements of these risks are investment risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and interest rate risk. The main liquidity risk would arise if a syndicate had inadequate liquid resources for a large claim and sought funds from the company to meet the claim. In order to minimise investment, credit and liquidity risk the Company's funds are invested in readily realisable short term cash deposits.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Regulatory risks

The Company is subject to continuing approval by Lloyd's and the Financial Services Authority to be a member of a Lloyd's syndicate. The risk of this approval being removed is mitigated by monitoring and fully complying with all requirements in relation to membership of Lloyd's. The capital requirements to support the proposed amount of syndicate capacity for future years are subject to the requirements of Lloyd's. A variety of factors are taken into account by Lloyd's in setting these requirements including market conditions and syndicate performance and although the process is intended to be fair and reasonable the requirements can fluctuate from one year to the next, which may constrain the volume of underwriting the Company is able to support

Operational risks

As there are relatively few transactions actually undertaken by the Company there are only limited systems and staffing requirements of the Company and therefore operational risks are not considered to be significant. Close involvement of all directors in the Company's key decision making and the fact that the majority of the Company's operations are conducted by syndicates provides control over any remaining operational risks

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows

Nomina plc Appointed 31 December 2006 A G Sadowski K M Sadowski

Report of the Directors (continued)

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year, in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK and Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) In preparing those Financial Statements the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Report of the Directors is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom.

Auditors

Since the previous year Annual General Meeting, our auditors, CLB Littlejohn Frazer, have changed their name to Littlejohn A resolution to reappoint Littlejohn will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting

In the case of each of the persons who are Director's at the time this report is approved, the following applies:

- (a) So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) They have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

By Order of the Board

Hampden Legal PLC Secretary

9th July 2008

Independent Auditors' report

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of A G Sadowski Underwriting Limited

We have audited the Financial Statements of A G Sadowski Underwriting Limited for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Accounting Policies and the related notes 1 to 20 These Financial Statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described by the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the Company's Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the Financial Statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the Financial Statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether, in our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the Financial Statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding Directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the Directors in the preparation of the Financial Statements, and of whether the Accounting Policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

Independent Auditors' report (continued)

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the Financial Statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the Financial Statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its result for the year then ended;
- and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the Financial Statements

Littlejohn

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors September 9th July 2008

Profit and loss account Technical account – general business For the year ended 31 December 2007

	Note		2007 £		2006 £
Premiums Written Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance premiums	1		1,348,141 (223,404)		1,443,934 (245,378)
Net Premiums Written			1,124,737		1,198,556
Change in the provision for Unearned premiums Gross Provision Reinsurers' share			19,816 (2,565)		(36,174) 13,119
Earned Premiums, Net of Reinsurance Allocated Investment Return Transferred from the Non-			1,141,988		1,175,501
Technical Account			121,196		81,798
Other technical income, net of reinsurance			331		-
Claims Paid Gross Amount Reinsurers' share		(723,840) 190,593		(998,621) 406,718	
Net claims paid		(533,247)		(591,903)	
Change in Provision for Claims Gross amount Remsurers' share		121,345 (150,020)		337,433 (304,543)	
Change in net provision for claims		(28,675)		32,890	
Claims Incurred, Net of Reinsurance			(561,922)		(559,013)
Changes in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance Net operating expenses Other technical charges, net of reinsurance	3		(383,995)		(396,053)
Balance on the Technical Account for General Business			317,598		302,233

Profit and loss account Non - technical account For the year ended 31 December 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
Balance on Technical Account for General Business		317,598	302,233
Investment income	4	119,196	90,301
Unrealised gains on investments		22,839	9,220
Investment expenses and charges	5	(15,760)	(12,624)
Unrealised losses on investments		(5,079)	(5,099)
Allocated investment return transferred to the general			
business technical account		(121,196)	(81,798)
Other income		(3,402)	52,041
Other charges		(19,788)	(20,801)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	6	294,408	333,473
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	7	(61,386)	(62,538)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	14	233,022	270,935

All amounts relate to continuing operations

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2007

		31 December 2007			31 December 2006			
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation	Corporate £	Total £	
Assets								
Intangible assets	9	•	11,600	11,600	-	5,310	5,310	
Investments Financial investments Deposits with ceding	10	1,783,957	-	1,783,957	1,596,039	-	1,596,039	
undertakings		1,624	-	1,624	1,623	-	1,623	
		1,785,581	-	1,785,581	1,597,662	-	1,597,662	
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions			•					
Provision for unearned premiums Claims outstanding Other technical provisions		54,435 469,346	- -	54,435 469,346	(10) 704,316	- - -	(10) 704,316	
		523,781	-	523,781	704,306	-	704,306	
Debtors Arising out of direct insurance operations Arising out of reinsurance		272,641 318,376	-	272,641 318,376	295,905 243,719	-	295,905 243,719	
operations Other debtors	11	183,602	173,038	356,640	129,656	224,095	353,751	
		774,619	173,038	947,657	669,280	224,095	893,375	
Other assets Cash at bank and in hand Other		280,618 122,515	881	281,499 122,515	244,270 101,594	2,584	246,854 101,594	
		403,133	881	404,014	345,864	2,584	348,448	
Prepayments and accrued income								
Accrued interest Deferred acquisitions costs Other prepayments and accrued income		11,288 130,264 3,018	- - •	11,288 130,264 3,018	8,920 129,537 5,064	- - -	8,920 129,537 5,064	
		144,570	-	144,570	143,521	-	143,521	
Total assets		3,631,684	185,519	3,817,203	3,460,633	231,989	3,692,622	

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2007

		31 December 2007			31 December 2006			
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	
Liabilities and shareholders' funds								
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	12	-	200	200	-	200	200	
Share premium account Profit and loss account	13	301,373	27,678	329,051	162,391	(52,018)	110,373	
Shareholders' funds – attributable to equity interests	14	301,373	27,878	329,251	162,391	(51,818)	110,573	
Technical provisions Provision for unearned premiums Claims outstanding – gross amount Other technical provisions		556,258 2,317,665	- - -	556,258 2,317,665	576,362 2,386,423	- -	576,362 2,386,423	
Provisions for other risks and charges Deferred taxation Other	15	-	59,277 -	59,277 -	-	27,639	27,639 -	
Deposit received from reinsurers		3,918	-	3,918	13,421	-	13,421	
Creditors Arising out of direct insurance operations		109,395	-	109,395	79,937	-	79,937	
Arising out of reinsurance operations Amounts owed to credit Institutions		120,669 201		120,669 201	109,413 172	- -	109,413 172	
Other creditors including taxation and social security	16	265,446	41,086	306,532	169,547	209,814	379,361	
		3,373,552	100,363	3,473,915	3,335,275	237,453	3,572,728	
Accruals and deferred income		(43,241)	57,278	14,037	(37,033)	46,354	9,321	
Total liabilities		3,631,684	185,519	3,817,203	3,460,633	231,989	3,692,622	

Approved by the Board of Directors on 9th July 2008 and signed on its behalf by

A G Sadowski Director

Cash flow statement For the year ended 31 December 2007

	Note	2007 £	2006 £
Operating activities Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	17	31,091	(87,174)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		-	-
Capital expenditure Purchase of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity		(10,493) 599	52,039
Taxation Corporation and overseas taxes (paid)/refunded		(8,556)	(315)
Equity dividends paid		(14,344)	-
Financing Issue of shares Share 1ssue expenses			- -
Net cash inflow/(outflow) for the year	17	(1,703)	(35,450)
Cash flows were invested as follows:			
Increase/(decrease) in cash holdings Purchase of financial investments Sale of financial investments	17	(1,703) - -	(35,450)
Net investment of cash flows		(1,703)	(35,450)

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's Consequently, the cash flow statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from the syndicates at Lloyd's

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2007

Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting modified to include the revaluation of investments and comply with applicable Accounting Standards

The Company participates in insurance business as an underwriting member of various syndicates at Lloyd's

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 255 of, and Schedule 9A of the Companies Act 1985 and the recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting for Insurance Business issued by the Association of British Insurers in December 2005, as amended in December 2006, except that exchange differences arising on syndicate assets and liabilities are dealt with in the technical account as all of these differences arise from technical account transactions.

Accounting information in respect of the syndicate participations has been provided by the Syndicate's managing agent and has been reported upon by the syndicate auditors

Basis of Accounting

The Financial Statements are prepared using the annual basis of accounting. Under the annual basis of accounting a result is determined at the end of each accounting period reflecting the profit or loss from providing insurance coverage during that period and any adjustments to the profit or loss of providing insurance cover during earlier accounting periods

Amounts reported in the general business technical account relate to movements in the period in respect of all relevant years of account of the syndicates on which the Company participates

Assets and liabilities arising as a result of the underwriting activities are mainly controlled by the syndicates' managing agents. Accordingly, these assets and liabilities have been shown separately in the balance sheet as "Syndicate Participation" Other assets and liabilities are shown as "Corporate" The syndicate assets are held subject to trust deeds for the benefit of the syndicates' insurance creditors

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2007

General Business

1 Premiums

Premiums written comprise the total premiums receivable in respect of business incepted during the year, together with any differences between booked premiums for prior years and those previously accrued, and include estimates of premiums due but not yet receivable or notified to the syndicates on which the Company participates, less an allowance for cancellations. All premiums are shown gross of commission payable to intermediaries and exclude taxes and duties levied on them

11 Unearned Premiums

Written premium is earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the Balance Sheet date, calculated on a time apportionment basis having regard where appropriate, to the incidence of risk. The specific basis adopted by each syndicate is determined by the relevant Managing Agent.

111 Deferred Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs, which represent commission and other related expenses, are deferred over the period in which the related premiums are earned

1V Reinsurance Premiums

Reinsurance premium costs are allocated by the Managing Agent of each syndicate to reflect the protection arranged in respect of the business written and earned

v Claims Incurred and Reinsurers' Share

Claims incurred comprise claims and settlement expenses (both internal and external) occurring in the year and changes in the provisions for outstanding claims, including provisions for claims incurred but not reported and settlement expenses, together with any other adjustments to claims from previous years. Where applicable, deductions are made for salvage and other recoveries

The provision for claims outstanding comprises amounts set aside for claims notified and claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR). The amount included in respect of IBNR is based on statistical techniques of estimation applied by each syndicate's in house reserving team and reviewed by external consulting actuaries. These techniques generally involve projecting from past experience the development of claims over time to form a view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in the business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. The provision for claims also includes amounts in respect of internal and external claims handling costs. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2007

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on calculated amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR, net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to each syndicate's reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved. Each syndicate uses a number of statistical techniques to assist in making these estimates

Accordingly the two most critical assumptions made by each syndicates Managing Agent as regards claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development and that the rating and other models used including pricing models for recent business are reasonable indicators of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred

The level of uncertainty with regard to the estimations within these provisions generally decreases with time since the underlying contracts were exposed to new risks. In addition the nature of short tail claims such as property where claims are typically notified and settled within a short period of time will normally have less uncertainty after a few years than long tail risks such as some liability business where it may be several years before claims are fully advised and settled. In addition to these factors if there are disputes regarding coverage under policies or changes in the relevant law regarding a claim this may increase the uncertainty in the estimation of the outcomes

The assessment of these provisions is usually the most subjective aspect of an insurer's accounts and may result in greater uncertainty within an insurer's accounts than within those of many other businesses. The provisions for gross claims and related reinsurance recoveries have been assessed on the basis of the information currently available to the directors of each syndicate's managing agent. However, ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided. Adjustments to the amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the financial statements for the period in which the adjustments are made. The provisions are not discounted for the investment earnings that may be expected to arise in the future on the funds retained to meet the future liabilities. The methods used, and the estimates made, are reviewed regularly

v1 Unexpired Risks Provision

Provisions for unexpired risks are made where the costs of outstanding claims, related expenses and deferred acquisition costs are expected to exceed the unearned premium provision carried forward at the balance sheet date. The provision for unexpired risks is calculated separately by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return. The provision is made on a syndicate by syndicate basis by the relevant Managing Agent.

vii Closed Years of Account

At the end of the third year, the underwriting account is normally closed by reinsurance into the following year of account. The amount of the reinsurance to close premium payable is determined by the managing agent, generally by estimating the cost of claims notified but not settled at 31 December, together with the estimated cost of claims incurred but not reported at that date, and an estimate of future claims handling costs.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2007

Any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities of the closed year of account is borne by the underwriting year into which it is reinsured

The payment of a reinsurance to close premium does not eliminate the liability of the closed year for outstanding claims. If the reinsuring syndicate was unable to meet its obligations, and the other elements of Lloyd's chain of security were to fail, then the closed underwriting account would have to settle outstanding claims

The Directors consider that the likelihood of such a failure of the reinsurance to close is extremely remote, and consequently the reinsurance to close has been deemed to settle the liabilities outstanding at the closure of an underwriting account. The Company has included its share of the reinsurance to close premiums payable as technical provisions at the end of the current period, and no further provision is made for any potential variation in the ultimate liability of that year of account.

v111 Run-off Years of Account

Where an underwriting year of account is not closed at the end of the third year (a "run-off" year of account) a provision is made for the estimated cost of all known and unknown outstanding liabilities of that year. The provision is determined initially by the managing agent on a similar basis to the reinsurance to close. However, any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities for that year remains with the corporate member participating therein. As a result any run-off year will continue to report movements in its results after the third year until such time as it secures a reinsurance to close.

1X Net Operating Expenses (including Acquisition Costs)

Net operating costs include acquisition costs, profit and loss on exchange and other amounts incurred by the syndicates on which the Company participates

Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other costs related to the acquisition of new insurance contracts, are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the Balance Sheet date.

x Distribution of Profits and Collection of Losses

Lloyd's operates a detailed set of regulations regarding solvency and the distribution of profits and payment of losses between syndicates and their members. Lloyd's continues to require membership of syndicates to be on an underwriting year of account basis and profits and losses belong to members according to their membership of a year of account. Normally profits and losses are transferred between the syndicate and members after results for a year of account are finalised after 36 months. This period may be extended if a year of account goes into run-off. The syndicate may make earlier on account distributions or cash calls according to the cash flow of a particular year of account and subject to Lloyd's requirements.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2007

xi Investments

Investments are stated at current value, including accrued interest at the Balance Sheet date

x11 Investment Return

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses and charges

Realised and unrealised gains and losses are measured by reference to the original cost of the investment if purchased in the year, or if held at the beginning of the year by reference to the current value at that date

Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. A transfer is made from the non-technical account to the general business technical account to reflect the investment return on funds supporting the underwriting business.

X111 Basis of Currency Translation

Syndicates maintain separate funds in Sterling, United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros

Income and expenditure in US dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros is translated at the average rate of exchange for the year Underwriting transactions denominated in other foreign currencies are included at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed

Assets and liabilities are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange at the Balance Sheet date.

Differences arising on translation of foreign currency amounts in syndicates are included in the technical account

XIV Debtors/Creditors arising from Insurance/Reinsurance Operations

The amounts shown in the Balance Sheet include the totals of all the Syndicates outstanding debit and credit transactions as processed by the Lloyd's central facility, no account has been taken of any offsets which may be applicable in calculating the net amounts due between the Syndicates and each of their counterparty insureds, reinsurers or intermediaries as appropriate.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2007

Taxation

The Company is taxed on its results including its share of underwriting results declared by the syndicates and these are deemed to accrue evenly over the calendar year in which they are declared. The syndicate results included in these Financial Statements are only declared for tax purposes in the calendar year following the normal closure of the year of account. No provision is made for corporation tax in relation to open years of account. However, full provision is made for deferred tax on underwriting results not subject to current corporation tax.

HM Revenue & Customs agrees the taxable results of the syndicates at a syndicate level on the basis of computations submitted by the managing agent. At the date of the approval of these Financial Statements the syndicate taxable results of years of account closed at this and at previous year ends may not have been fully agreed with HM Revenue & Customs. Any adjustments that may be necessary to the tax provisions established by the Company, as a result of HM Revenue & Customs agreement of syndicate results, will be reflected in the Financial Statements of subsequent periods.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the Balance Sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been discounted

Intangible Assets

Costs incurred by the Company in the Corporation of Lloyd's auctions in order to acquire rights to participate on syndicates' underwriting years are included within intangible fixed assets and amortised over a 5 year period beginning in the year following the purchase of the syndicate participation

Cash Flow Statement

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's Consequently, the Cash Flow Statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from syndicates at Lloyd's

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2007

Class of Business						
	Gross	Gross	Gross	Net		
	Written	Premiums	Claims	Operating	Reinsurance	
2007	Premiums	Earned	Incurred	Expenses	Balance	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Direct Insurance			(20.000)	(12 (02)	(2.227)	5 262
Accident and health	40,171	42,287	(20,080)	(13,603)	(3,337)	5,267
Motor - third party liability	6,477	7,421	(3,206)	(2,084)	170	2,301
Motor - other classes	74,029	72,138	(48,461)	(19,927)	(1,239)	2,511
Marine, aviation and transport	139,805	146,093	(60,536)	(37,193)	(30,595)	17,769
Fire and other damage to property	286,594	294,167	(123,578)	(97,871)	(34,366)	38,352
Third party liability	288,140	299,464	(144,416)	(89,370)	(24,002)	41,676
Credit and suretyship	19,007	19,385	(3,641)	(4,228)	(3,007)	8,509
Legal expenses	1,588	1,577	(1,027)	(559)	(40)	(49)
Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	3,388	3,067	(7,491)	(1,194)	(125)	(5,743)
	859,199	885,599	(412,436)	(266,029)	(96,541)	110,593
Reinsurance	488,942	482,358	(190,059)	(117,966)	(88,855)	85,478
Total	1,348,141	1,367,957	(602,495)	(383,995)	(185,396)	196,071
2006						
Direct Insurance						
Accident and health	47,783	47,831	(15,745)	(21,077)	(1,104)	9,905
Motor – third party liability	6,191	5,473	(3,049)	(1,448)	(27)	949
Motor – other classes	79,894	78,300	(47,539)	(22,630)	(5,520)	2,611
Marine, aviation and transport	169,129	160,476	(63,914)	(44,352)	(30,002)	22,208
Fire and other damage to property	309,175	297,284	(118,360)	(93,580)	(34,482)	50,862
Third party liability	326,853	331,343	(176,359)	(91,600)	(19,562)	43,822
Credit and suretyship	18,235	19,209	(4,491)	(6,116)	(241)	8,361
Legal expenses	838	771	62	(229)	`(50)	554
Assistance	-			(==:)	-	_
Miscellaneous	2,115	2,126	(967)	(866)	(57)	236
						
	960.213	942.813	(430,362)	(281,898)	(91,045)	139,508
Reinsurance	960,213 483,721	942,813 464,947	(430,362) (230,826)	(281,898) (114,155)	(91,045) (39,039)	139,508 80,927

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2007

2.	Geographical Analysis	2007 £	2006 £
	Direct Gross Premium Written in: United Kingdom Other EU Member States	859,199	960,213
	Rest of the World	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
		859,199	960,213
3.	Net Operating Expenses	2007 £	2006
	Acquisition costs	287,539	302,216
	Change in deferred acquisition costs	(44)	(10,935)
	Administrative expenses	115,129	99,941
	Loss/(Profit) on exchange	(18,629)	4,831
		383,995	396,053
4.	Investment Income	2007	2006
	T	\$. 00.617	£
	Income from investments	89,517	81,912
	Gains on the realisation of investments	20,437	6,996
	Bank deposit interest	9,242	1,393
		119,196	90,301
5.	Investment Expenses and Charges	2007	2006
	-	£	£
	Investment management expenses, including interest	2,121	1,636
	Losses on the realisation of investments	13,639	10,988
		15,760	12,624
6.	Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation	2007 £	2006 £
	This is stated after charging	-	_
	Directors remuneration	-	-
	Auditors' remuneration - audit	120	240
	Auditors' remuneration - taxation	-	•
	Amortisation of syndicate capacity	4,203	3,164
	Interest on bank loan and overdrafts	-	-
	Interest on other loans	-	
	The Company has no employees		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2007

7.	Taxation	2007 £	2006 £
	Analysis of Charge in Period		
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax on profit/(loss) of the period	30,032	8,118
	Adjustment in respect of previous period	(722)	-
		29,310	8,118
	Foreign tax	438	315
	Total current tax Deferred tax	29,748	8,433
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	30,183	54,105
	Change in tax rate	1,455	· <u>-</u>
		61,386	62,538
	standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19 75% (2006 - 19 00%). The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	294,408	333,473
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19 75% (2006 – 19 00%)	58,146	63,360
	Effects of Underwriting results subject to timing differences for	(28.022)	(55 192)
	taxation	(28,033)	(55,182)
	Utilisation of tax losses	351	315
	Foreign tax Other compression computation adjustments	331	(60)
	Other corporation computation adjustments Marginal rates of taxation and prior period adjustment	(716)	-
	Current tax charge for the period	29,748	8,433
	Carrett tax charge for the porton	25,7.10	

The results of the Company's participation on the 2005, 2006 and 2007 years of account and the calendar year movement on 2004 and prior run-offs, will not be assessed to tax until the year ended 31 December 2008, 2009 and 2010 respectively being the year after the calendar year result of each run-off year or the normal date of closure of each year of account

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2007

8.	Dividends	2007 £	2006 £
	Equity dividends declared and paid	14,344	<u>-</u>
9.	Intangible Assets	2007 £	2006 £
	Purchased syndicate capacity	_	_
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2007 Additions	61,685 10,493	69,838
	Disposals	-	(8,153)
	At 31 December 2007	72,178	61,685
	Amortisation		
	At 1 January 2007 Provided during the year Disposals	56,375 4,203	61,366 3,162 (8,153)
	At 31 December 2007	60,578	56,375
	Net Book Value		
	At 31 December 2007	11,600	5,310
	At 31 December 2006	5,310	8,472

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2007

10. Investments

Other F	Inancial	Investments	- Syndicate
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Other Financial Investments Synantial	2007		2006		
	Market		Market		
	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	
	£	£	£	£	
Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts	140,496	129,834	145,884	139,538	
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	1,535,913	1,488,972	1,345,393	1,345,600	
Participation in investment pools	20,798	15,813	8,946	8,837	
Loans secured by mortgages	47	46	40	41	
Other loans	14,350	14,302	23,198	23,160	
Deposits with credit institutions	65,858	65,686	38,557	38,607	
Other	6,495	6,514	34,021	34,058	
	1,783,957	1,721,167	1,596,039	1,589,841	
Listed investments included within the above	1,697,207	1,634,619	1,500,223	1,493,975	
Other Financial Investments - Corporate					
Shares and other variable yield securities Debt securities and other fixed income securities	-	-	- -	-	
		<u> </u>	-		
Listed investments included within the above	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2007

11. Other Debtors

			2007			2006
	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Amounts due from group						
undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds at Lloyd's	-	115,264	115,264	-	119,939	119,939
Other	183,602	57,774	241,376	129,656	104,156	233,812
	183,602	173,038	356,640	129,656	224,095	353,751

Funds at Lloyd's represents assets deposited with the Corporation of Lloyd's (Lloyd's) to support the Company's underwriting activities as described in the Accounting Policies. The Company has entered into a Lloyd's Deposit Trust Deed which gives the Corporation the right to apply these monies in settlement of any claims arising from the participation on the syndicates. These monies can only be released from the provision of this Deed with Lloyd's express permission and only in circumstances where the amounts are either replaced by an equivalent asset, or after the expiration of the Company's liabilities in respect of its underwriting

12. Called-up Share Capital	2007	2007	2006	2006
• •	Authorised	Allotted, called-up and fully paid	Authorised	Allotted, called-up and fully paid
Ordinary £1 Shares	100,000	200	100,000	200

13. Profit and Loss Account

			2007			2006
	Syndicate Participation	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Retained profit/(loss) brought forward	£ 162,391	(52,018)	110,373	99,908	(260,470)	(160,562)
Reallocate distribution Profit/(loss) for the financial	(162,667)	162,667	-	(235,650)	235,650	-
year	301,649	(68,627)	233,022	298,133	(27,198)	270,935
Equity dividends	<u> </u>	(14,344)	(14,344)	<u>-</u>		
Retained profit/(loss) carried forward	301,373	27,678	329,051	162,391	(52,018)	110,373

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2007

14.	Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders'		
	Funds	2007	2006
		£	£
	Opening shareholders funds	110,573	(160,362)
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year	233,022	270,935
	Equity dividends	(14,344)	•
	Proceeds from issue of shares	-	-
	Closing shareholders' funds	329,251	110,573
15.	Deferred Taxation	2007	2006
		£	£
	Opening balance	27,639	(26,466)
	Profit and loss account charge	31,638	54,105
	Closing balance	59,277	27,639

16. Other Creditors including Taxation and Social Security

			2007			2006
	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Corporation tax	-	29,310	29,310	-	8,118	8,118
Proprietors' loan accounts	-	-	-	-	148,914	148,914
Third Party Funds	_	-	-	-	-	-
Other creditors	265,446	11,776	277,222	169,547	52,782	222,329
Amount due to group undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
	265,446	41,086	306,532	169,547	209,814	379,361

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2007

17. (a) Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Net Cash		
Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities	2007	2006
• •	£	£
Profit or loss on ordinary activities before tax	294,408	333,473
(Profit)/loss attributable to syndicate transactions	(138,982)	(62,483)
Profit or loss – excluding syndicate transactions	155,426	270,990
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	51,057	(183,484)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(178,996)	(125,803)
(Profit)/loss on disposal of intangible assets	(598)	(52,041)
Amortisation of syndicate capacity	4,202	3,164
Impairment of syndicate capacity	-	-
Realised/unrealised (gains)/losses on investments		
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	31,091	(87,174)

(b) Movement in cash, portfolio investments and financing

	At 1 January		Changes to At 31 December			
		Cashflow	Market Value	2007		
	£	£	£	£		
Cash	2,584	(1,703)	-	881		
Other financial investments	-	-	-			
	2,584	(1,703)		881		

18. Related party disclosure

The Company's underwriting is supported by assets made interavailable to it by the shareholders of the company.

Nomina plc, a director of the company, administers the conversion scheme in which the company participates Nomina plc charged a management fee of £2,500 (2006 £2,500) to cover all the costs of basic administration of the company

19. Ultimate Controlling Party

The Company is controlled by A G Sadowski & K M Sadowski

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2007

20. Syndicate Participation

The principal syndicates or members' agent pooling arrangements ("MAPA") in which the Company participates as an underwriting member are as follows

Syndicate or MAPA	Managing Agent	2007 Allocated	2006 Allocated	2005 Allocated	2004 Allocated
Number:		Capacity	Capacity	capacity	Capacity
		£	£	£	£
33	Hiscox Syndicates Ltd	103,256	98,296	91,452	100,000
218	Cox Syndicate Management Ltd	48,562	46,250	50,000	40,000
318	Beaufort Underwriting Agency Ltd	81,250	65,000	65,000	-
386	Limit Underwriting Ltd	64,228	64,228	80,285	94,452
510	R J Kıln & Co Ltd	187,503	159,496	139,298	104,580
557	R J Kıln & Co Ltd	40,838	10,419	9,100	10,000
570	Atrium Underwriters Limited	75,001	90,004	90,004	99,004
609	Atrium Underwriters Limited	113,442	113,442	113,442	94,975
623	Beazley Furlonge Ltd	-	-	-	100,624
727	S A Meacock & Company Ltd	97,139	97,139	97,139	49,619
780	Advent Underwriting Ltd	· -	-	80,817	87,342
958	Omega Underwriting Agents Ltd	127,715	127,715	90,059	90,059
1007	Novae Syndicates Ltd		-	-	36,713
2010	Cathedral Underwriting Ltd	89,977	75,000	60,000	50,000
2020	Wellington U/W Agencies Ltd	-	115,068	105,000	125,000
2525	Abacus Syndicates Ltd	42,913	51,086	45,449	25,000
2526	Abacus Syndicates Ltd	50,335	50,335	43,879	25,000
2791	Managing Agency Partners Ltd	135,154	117,514	50,000	-
6101	Argenta Syndicate Management Ltd	122,259	-	-	•
6103	Managing Agency Partners Ltd	36,473	-	-	-
7117	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	79,314	77,380	76,614	88,062