Report and Accounts

For the period 1 April 2015 to 31 December 2015



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# Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited Company Information

## **Directors**

Robert Williams Kim Innes

## **Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Princess Court
23 Princess Street
Plymouth
PL1 2EX

## **Bankers**

Lloyds TSB Bank Plc 2nd Floor 249 Silbury Boulevard Central Milton Keynes Bucks MK9 1NA

Barclays Bank Plc P O Box 13555 36 -38 Park Royal Road London NW10 7JA

## Registered office

Whiddon Valley Barnstaple EX32 8NS

## Registered number 03835531

## Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited Strategic Report

## Review of the business

In June 2015 Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited was acquired by Allergan Plc. With effect from 1 September 2015, the company transferred its activities to Actavis UK Limited, a fellow group company and no longer receives any sales income from its products. Going forward, the company's activities will be limited to non-trading income, expenses and the holding of product licences for goods sold by other group entities. Following the discontinuance of the company's trading activities no expected future income is expected, hence the directors have impaired the carrying value of its product licences in full and recognised an impairment charge of £9,967,078 as an exceptional item in the profit and loss account (see note 4).

## **Key Performance Indicators:**

	9 months ended	Year ended
•	31 Dec 2015	31 Mar 2015
	£	£
Turnover	71,751,515	128,762,922
Profit before tax.	44,384,199	96,737,891

The reduction in turnover and profits before tax during the period is largely a reflection of the transfer of the company's activities to a fellow group company, as described above.

## Future developments

On 3 August 2016 Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Limited acquired the worldwide generics business of Allergan Plc. As part of the process to complete the transaction in the UK, regulatory approval was required from the European Commission, which ruled that part of the acquired business must subsequently be divested.

## Company's policy on payments to creditors

The company's policy on payments to trade creditors is to agree the terms at the outset of any contract and in advance of the provision of goods and services. Payments are made in accordance with the agreed terms and any other contractual or legal obligations.

## Change in accounting period

The accounting period was changed from 31 March 2016 to 31 December 2015 to align with the Allergan Plc group, and as a result the current period results are for 9 months whereas the comparative results are for a full year.

## Principle risks and uncertainties

The company's main areas of risk are as follows:

#### Financial instrument risk

The company has established a financial management framework whose main objective is to shelter the company from events which may hinder the company's performance targets and to ensure that sufficient funds exist for working capital."

#### "Price risk"

The prices of pharmaceutical products can fluctuate widely depending upon the supply and competition. The risk is managed by maintaining adequate levels of stock."

## "Foreign exchange risk

The company purchases and sells some products in foreign currencies. The risk is managed by monitoring foreign exchange rates on a periodic basis."

## "Credit risk

Credit checks are carried out on all customers. Outstanding amounts are regularly monitored.'

## Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited Strategic report continued

## "Liquidity risk

The company manages its cash flow to ensure that sufficient liquid resources are available to meet its operating needs."

## "Interest rate and cash flow risk

The company maintains a positive cash balance and therefore does not consider the interest rate volatility or cash flow as major risks."

## "Valuation risk

The investment properties are subject to movement in the property market valuations. However due to financial support from the group, it is highly unlikely that any distress sale will occur."

This report was approved by the board on 30 November 2016 and signed on its behalf.

R Williams

Director

30 November 2016

Registered number:

03835531

**Directors' Report** 

The directors present their report and audited accounts for the period 1 April 2015 to 31 December 2015.

## Principal activities

The principal activities of the company in the period under review was marketing and distributing pharmaceutical products. With effect from 1 September 2015, the company transferred its activities to Actavis UK Limited, a fellow group company. Going forward, the company's activities will be limited to non-trading income, expenses and the holding of licences for goods sold by other group entities.

#### **Future developments**

On 18 February 2016 the The Corporate Practice Limited resigned as auditor of the company and was replaced by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.

On 3 August 2016 Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Limited acquired the worldwide generics business of Allergan Plc. As part of the process to complete the transaction in the UK, regulatory approval was required from the European Commission, which ruled that part of the acquired business must subsequently be divested.

#### Research and development

During the year the company invested considerable resources into research and development with a view to contribute in future growth and profits. With effect from 1 September 2015, the company transferred its activities to a fellow group company.

## Financial instruments and risk management

The company's major financial instruments comprise, trade debtors, trade creditors and transactions with fellow group undertakings. The main objective of these instruments is to raise funds and finance company's operations. Further details can be found in the strategic report page 2-3.

## **Exceptional items**

During the period all tangible fixed assets (and various intangible assets in the prior year) were sold in an arm's length transaction prior to the sale of the business to Allergan Plc, the ultimate parent company at that time.

Following the discontinuance of the company's trading activities the directors have impaired the carrying value of its product licences in full and recognised an impairment charge of £9,967,078 as an exceptional item in the profit and loss account. See note 4 for further details.

#### **Dividends**

During the year the company paid a dividend of £51,000,000, £51,000 per share. (2015: £50,000,000, £50,000 per share).

## **Directors**

The following persons served as directors during the year:

Amit H Patel (resigned 29 May 2015)

Meeta Patel (resigned 29 May 2015)

Nadine Jakes (appointed 29 May 2015) (resigned 02 August 2016)

Sara Vincent (appointed 29 May 2015) (resigned 02 August 2016)

Jonathan Wilson (appointed 29 May 2015) (resigned 02 August 2016)

Todd Branning (appointed 29 May 2015) (resigned 02 August 2016)

Robert Williams (appointed 02 August 2016)

Richard Gordon Daniell (appointed 02 August 2016) (resigned 01 October 2016)

Kim Innes (appointed 01 October 2016)

Registered number:

03835531

**Directors' Report continued** 

#### Directors' indemnities

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force. The company also purchased and maintained throughout the financial year Directors' and Officers' liability insurance in respect of itself and its directors.

#### Going concern

The directors believe that preparing the financial statements on a going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued financial support of the parent company Teva Pharmaceuticals Europe B.V. The directors have received confirmation that the parent company intends to support the company for at least one year after these financial statements are signed.

## Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 102 used in the preparation of financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Registered number:

03835531

**Directors' Report continued** 

## Disclosure of information to auditors

Each person who was a director at the time this report was approved confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware; there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make him/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 30 November 2016 and signed on its behalf.

R Williams

Director

30 November 2016

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited

## Report on the financial statements

## Our opinion

In our opinion, Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its profit for the 9 month period (the "period") then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### What we have audited

The financial statements, included within the Report and Accounts (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 December 2015;
- the profit and loss account and statement of comprehensive income for the period then ended;
- the statement of changes in equity for the period then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

## Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

## Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

## Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

#### Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

# Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited (Continued) Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited (Continued)

## Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

## Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

## What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- · the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Heather Ancient (Senior Statutory Auditor)

eather Ancient

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Plymouth

02 December 2016

		9 months	Year
	•	Ended 31	Ended 31
	` Notes	Dec 2015	Mar 2015
		£ .	£
Turnover	2	71,751,515	128,762,922
Cost of sales		(12,420,199)	(20,057,625)
Gross profit		59,331,316	108,705,297
Distribution costs		(225,908)	(704,710)
Administrative expenses		(4,046,815)	(12,056,163)
Other operating income		12,356	101,290
Operating profit before exceptional item	, 3	55,070,949	96,045,714
Exceptional (expense)/income	4	(10,908,806)	410,593
Operating profit after exceptional item		44,162,143	96,456,307
Interest receivable and similar income	7	222,056	376,440
Interest payable and similar charges	8	. <del>-</del>	(94,856)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		44,384,199	96,737,891
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	. 9	(10,528,323)	(20,191,594)
Profit for the financial period/year		33,855,876	76,546,297

## Statement of comprehensive income for the period ended 31 December 2015

	9 months ended 31 Dec 2015	Year ended 31 Mar 2015	
	£	£	
Profit for the financial period / year	33,855,876	76,546,297	
Other comprehensive income / (expense):			
Revaluation of properties	253,598	(253,598)	
Other comprehensive income / (expense)	253,598	(253.598)	
Total comprehensive income for the period / year	34,109,473	76,292,699	
		<del></del>	

## **Discontinued operations**

The company transferred its trading activities to Actavis UK Limited on 1 September and no longer receives any sales income from its products.

The profit and loss account includes discontinued turnover of £71,751,515 (prior year £128,762,922).

## Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2015

Tangible assets investments         11 investments         12 investments         13,665,115 investments         13,665,115 investments         13,772,440         1,772,440           Current assets           Stocks         13 investments         4,737,225 investments         24,894,633           Current assets         14 investment investments         4,737,225 investments         4,737,225 investments           Debtors         14 investment investments         1,020,661 investments         59,509,109 investments           Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         15 investments         (23,353,306)           Net current assets         112,651,655 investments         105,221,270           Total assets less current liabilities         113,029,095 investments         130,115,903           Provisions for liabilities         16 investments         18,012 investments         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107 investments         129,937,633         Capital and reserves           Called up share capital investments         17 investments         1,000 investments         1,000 investments           Revaluation reserve         (253,598)         130,190,231			• •	At .	•	At
Fixed assets Intangible assets				31 December	•	31 March
Pixed assets   10		Notes		2015	· .	2015
Intangible assets			•	£		£
Tangible assets         11 investments         12 investments         13,665,115 investments         13,665,115 investments         13,772,440 investments         1,772,440 investments         1,772,440 investments         24,894,633 investments         24,894,633 investments         24,894,633 investments         24,894,633 investments         4,737,225 investments         24,737,225 investments         24,737,25						•
Investments   12   377,440   1,772,440		10		•		9,457,078
Current assets   Stocks   13	. •	11		•		13,665,115
Current assets         Stocks         13         4,737,225           Debtors         14         118,790,749         64,328,242           Cash at bank and in hand         1,020,661         59,509,109           Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         15         (7,159,755)         (23,353,306)           Net current assets         112,651,655         105,221,270           Total assets less current liabilities         113,029,095         130,115,903           Provisions for liabilities           Deferred taxation         16         18,012         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         113,047,107         129,937,633           Called up share capital         17         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Investments	. 12		377,440		1,772,440
Stocks       13       4,737,225         Debtors       14       118,790,749       64,328,242         Cash at bank and in hand       1,020,661       59,509,109         Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         15       (7,159,755)       (23,353,306)         Net current assets       112,651,655       105,221,270         Total assets less current liabilities       113,029,095       130,115,903         Provisions for liabilities         Deferred taxation       16       18,012       (178,270)         Net assets       113,047,107       129,937,633         Capital and reserves       113,047,107       129,937,633         Called up share capital       17       1,000       1,000         Revaluation reserve       -       (253,598)         Profit and loss account       113,046,107       130,190,231			· ·.	377,440		24,894,633
Debtors         14         118,790,749         64,328,242           Cash at bank and in hand         1,020,661         59,509,109           119,811,410         128,574,576           Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         15         (7,159,755)         (23,353,306)           Net current assets         112,651,655         105,221,270           Total assets less current liabilities         113,029,095         130,115,903           Provisions for liabilities         16         18,012         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Current assets		•			
Cash at bank and in hand         1,020,661         59,509,109           119,811,410         128,574,576           Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         15         (7,159,755)         (23,353,306)           Net current assets         112,651,655         105,221,270           Total assets less current liabilities         113,029,095         130,115,903           Provisions for liabilities           Deferred taxation         16         18,012         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         1,000         1,000           Called up share capital         17         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         -         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Stocks	13	-	•	4,737,225	
119,811,410     128,574,576       Creditors: amounts falling due within one year     15     (7,159,755)     (23,353,306)       Net current assets     112,651,655     105,221,270       Total assets less current liabilities     113,029,095     130,115,903       Provisions for liabilities     16     18,012     (178,270)       Net assets     113,047,107     129,937,633       Capital and reserves     1,000     1,000       Revaluation reserve     (253,598)       Profit and loss account     113,046,107     130,190,231	Debtors	14	118,790,749	•	64,328,242	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         15         (7,159,755)         (23,353,306)           Net current assets         112,651,655         105,221,270           Total assets less current liabilities         113,029,095         130,115,903           Provisions for liabilities         16         18,012         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         1,000         1,000           Called up share capital         17         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Cash at bank and in hand		1,020,661		59,509,109	
due within one year         15         (7,159,755)         (23,353,306)           Net current assets         112,651,655         105,221,270           Total assets less current liabilities         113,029,095         130,115,903           Provisions for liabilities         16         18,012         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         2         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         (253,598)         113,046,107         130,190,231			119,811,410		128,574,576	
Net current assets         112,651,655         105.221,270           Total assets less current liabilities         113,029,095         130,115,903           Provisions for liabilities         16         18,012         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         2         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Creditors: amounts falling			* *.		
Total assets less current liabilities         113,029,095         130,115,903           Provisions for liabilities         Deferred taxation         16         18,012         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         2         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	due within one year	15	(7,159,755)		(23,353,306)	
liabilities         130,115,903           Provisions for liabilities           Deferred taxation         16         18,012         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         2         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         -         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Net current assets			112,651,655		105,221,270
Deferred taxation         16         18,012         (178,270)           Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         2         1,000         1,000           Called up share capital         17         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         (253,598)         130,190,231           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231				113,029,095		130,115,903
Net assets         113,047,107         129,937,633           Capital and reserves         1,000         1,000           Called up share capital         17         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Provisions for liabilities					
Capital and reserves         1,000         1,000           Called up share capital         17         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         -         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Deferred taxation	16		18,012		(178,270)
Capital and reserves           Called up share capital         17         1,000         1,000           Revaluation reserve         -         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Net assets			113,047,107		129,937,633
Revaluation reserve         -         (253,598)           Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231				,		
Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Called up share capital	17		1,000	•	1,000
Profit and loss account         113,046,107         130,190,231	Revaluation reserve			_		(253,598)
	Profit and loss account			113,046,107		• • •
	Shareholder's funds				·	

The financial statements on pages 9 to 23 were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 November 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

R Williams

Director.

Approved by the board on 30 November 2016

# Statement of Changes in Equity as at 31 December 2015

	Called up share capital	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Total
	£ .	£	£	£
At 1 April 2014	1,000		103,643,934	103,644,934
Profit for the financial year	<del>-</del>		76,546,297	76,546,297
Other comprehensive (expense) for the year	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	(253,598)	•	(253,598)
Total comprehensive (expense) / income for the year		(253,598)	76,546,297	76,292,699
Dividends	-	_	(50,000,000)	(50,000,000)
At 31 March 2015	1,000	(253,598)	130,190,231	129,937,633
Profit for the financial period		- · · · · - ·	33,855,876	33,855,876
Other comprehensive income for the period		253,598		253,598
Total comprehensive income for the period	*.	253,598	33,855,876	34,109,474
Dividends	-		(51,000,000)	(51,000,000)
At 31 December 2015	1,000		113,046,107	113,047,107

## 1 Accounting policies

#### General Information

In June 2015 Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited was acquired by Allergan Plc. With effect from 1 September 2015, the company transferred its activities to Actavis UK Limited, a fellow group company. Going forward, the company's activities will be limited to non-trading income, expenses and the holding of licences for goods sold by other group entities. The Company is a private limited company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England. The address of its registered office is Whiddon Valley, Barnstaple, Devon.

#### Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Ltd have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

## Summary of significant accounting policies

The principle accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated. The company has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements. In transition the Company has identified no significant measurement and recognition adjustments in respect of the comparative balances. Further explanation is provided in note 20.

## Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value. The preparation is in conformity with FRS 102 and requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. There were no critical accounting judgments or estimates made by management.

## Change in accounting period

The accounting period was changed from 31 March 2016 to 31 December 2015 to align with the Allergan Plc group, and as a result the current period results are for 9 months whereas the comparative results are for a full year.

## Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A;
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

#### Cash flow

The company has taken advantage of the exemption, under FRS 102 paragraph 1.12 (b), from preparing a statement of cash flows, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and its ultimate parent company, Allergan Plc, includes the company's cash flows in its own consolidated financial statements.

### Going Concern

The directors, having assessed the responses of the directors of the company's parent Teva Pharmaceuticals B.V. to their enquiries, have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue with the current banking arrangements. On the basis of their assessment of the company's financial position and of the enquiries made of the directors of Teva Pharmaceuticals B.V, the company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors therefore continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements. The company has received confirmation from a parent

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## Going Concern (continued)

undertaking, Teva Pharmaceuticals B.V., that it will provide financial support for at least one year from the date of signing of these financial statements.

#### Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

## Intangible assets

Intangible assets, which consist of purchased licence costs, are valued at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost in equal annual instalments over their estimated useful lives of 5 years.

Where factors such as technological advancement, commercial factors or changes in market price, indicate that residual value or useful economic life have changed, the residual value, useful life or amortisation rate are amended prospectively to reflect the new circumstances. The carrying value of intangible assets is periodically reviewed for such events or changes in circumstances, which may indicate that the carrying value is not recoverable and provision for impairment made accordingly.

The amortisation charge is included within the administrative expenses line on the profit and loss account.

#### Research and development

Research & development expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred.

## Tangible assets

Tangible assets other than freehold land are stated at cost less depreciation. The Company has adopted a policy of providing full depreciation in year of purchase and no depreciation in the year of disposal. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and building freehold Plant and machinery Fixtures, fittings and equipment Motor vehicle Building to be depreciated over 25 years 15% reducing balance 15% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in-first-out method and includes materials, direct labour and production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

## Exceptional items

FRS 102 requires separate disclosure of the nature and amount of any material items of profit or loss. Such items are disclosed as exceptional items on the face of the profit and loss account where materiality is determined by reference to an item's size or nature or a combination of both.

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### Current taxation

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

Management periodically evaluates the position taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred taxes arise from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in 'Pounds Sterling' (£), which is also the company's functional currency.

#### Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

#### Investments:

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provision for impairment. The carrying value of investments is periodically reviewed for events or changes in circumstances which indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable and provision made accordingly.

Investments in property are stated at cost, which includes incidental costs of acquisition, less any provisions for permanent diminution in value. The carrying value of investments is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. No depreciation is provided in respect of the investment properties held by company.

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The estimates and critical judgments which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are outlined below:

## **Critical judgements**

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Intangibles

Determining whether intangibles are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use. The value in use calculation requires the entity to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. The carrying amount of intangibles at the balance sheet date was £nil after an impairment loss of £9,967,078 was recognised during the period.

		9 months ended 31 December	Year ended 31 March
Analysis of turnover		2015	2015
		£	£
By activity			
and the second second			•
Pharmaceutical sales (	discontinued)	71,751,515	128,762,922
Total		71,751,515	128,762,922
By geographical market	et:		,
UK		70,135,828	124,185,059
Europe		1,363,643	4,169,643
North America		-	11,791
Rest of world		252,044	396,429
Total		71,751,515	128,762,922
	•		•

		·,	:
		9 months ended	Year ended
	7	31 December	31 March
3	Operating profit	2015	2015
	This is stated after charging:	£	£
	Foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(141,461)	285,193
	Depreciation of tangible assets	-	613,110
	Impairment of intangibles	9,967,078	·
	Amortisation of product licences	-	2,895,490
	Auditors' remuneration for audit services	75,030	72,000
	Cost of stock recognised as an expense	12,732,648	21,199,757
	Research and development	566,665	2,106,269
,		9 months ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 March
4	Exceptional items	2015 £	2015 £
•	Loss on disposal of tangible assets	941,728	· ·
	Impairment of intangible assets (note 10)	9,967.078	· .
	(Profit) on disposal of intangible assets	•	(424,993)
	Loss on disposal of motor vehicle		14,400
		10,908,806	(410,593)
		<del></del>	<del></del>

With effect from 1 September 2015, the company transferred its activities to Actavis UK Limited, a fellow group company and no longer receives any sales income from its products. Going forward, the company's activities will be limited to non-trading income, expenses and the holding of product licences for goods sold by other group entities. Following the discontinuance of the company's trading activities no expected future income is expected, hence the directors have impaired the carrying value of its product licences in full and recognised an impairment charge of £9,967,078 as an exceptional item in the profit and loss account.

<i>'</i> .		9 months ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 March
5	Directors' emoluments	2015	2015
		£	£
	Emoluments	57,500	353,625
	Emoluments of highest paid director	33,333	205,000
		9 months ended	Year ended
٠		31 December	31 March
6	Staff costs	2015	2015
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	1,494,160	2,645,624
	Social security costs	186,398	285,494
	Other pension costs	22,310	34,899
		1,702,868	2,966,017
	Average number of employees during the period / year	Number	
•		Number	Number
•		49	Number 77
			•
•			•
•		9 months ended	Year ended
•		9 months ended 31 December	Year ended 31 March
7	Interest receivable and similar income	9 months ended	Year ended
7		9 months ended 31 December 2015	Year ended 31 March 2015
7	Interest receivable and similar income	9 months ended 31 December 2015	77 Year ended 31 March 2015 £
7	Interest receivable and similar income  Bank interest receivable	9 months ended 31 December 2015 £	77 Year ended 31 March 2015 £
7	Interest receivable and similar income  Bank interest receivable	9 months ended 31 December 2015 £ 108,981 113,075	77 Year ended 31 March 2015 £ 376,440
7	Interest receivable and similar income  Bank interest receivable	9 months ended 31 December 2015 £ 108,981 113,075	77 Year ended 31 March 2015 £ 376,440
7	Interest receivable and similar income  Bank interest receivable	9 months ended 31 December 2015 £ 108,981 113,075 222,056	77 Year ended 31 March 2015 £ 376,440
	Interest receivable and similar income  Bank interest receivable  Interest receivable on amounts owed by group undertakings	9 months ended 31 December 2015 £ 108,981 113,075 222,056	77 Year ended 31 March 2015 £ 376,440  Year ended
7	Interest receivable and similar income  Bank interest receivable  Interest receivable on amounts owed by group undertakings	9 months ended 31 December 2015 £ 108,981 113,075 222,056  9 months ended 31 December	77 Year ended 31 March 2015 £ 376,440  Year ended 31 March
	Interest receivable and similar income  Bank interest receivable  Interest receivable on amounts owed by group undertakings	9 months ended 31 December 2015 £ 108,981 113,075 222,056  9 months ended 31 December 2015	77 Year ended 31 March 2015 £ 376,440  Year ended 31 March 2015

		9 months ended 31 December	Year ended 31 March
9	Taxation	2015 £	2015 £
	Analysis of charge in period / year Current tax:		
٠	UK corporation tax on profits of the period / year Deferred tax:	10,724,605	20,208,577
14	Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(282,594) 86,312	(16,983)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	10,528,323	20,191,594

## Factors affecting tax charge for period

The differences between the tax assessed for the period and the standard rate of corporation tax are explained as follows:

	9 months ended	Year ended
	31 December	31 March
	2015	2015
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	44,384,199	96,737,891
Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	20%	21%
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	8,876,840	20,314,957
Effects of:	•	•
	£	£
Fixed asset difference	(138,161)	-
Group relief surrendered/(claimed)	(1,661)	· ·
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	86,312	·
Tax rate difference	2,001	(424)
Expenses not deductible for tax purpose	1,702,992	9,756
R&D Claim	<u> </u>	(132,695)
Total tax charge for period/year	10,528 <u>,</u> 323	20,191,594

The UK corporation tax rate was reduced from 21% to 20% with affect from 1 April 2015. Both rates were enacted at the balance sheet date. Further reductions to the UK corporation tax rate were substantively enacted in October 2015. These reduce the main rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2020. The Finance Bill 2016 replaced the 18% rate with 17% and was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016.

## 10 Intangible assets

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Product licences:	
Cost At 1 April 2015 Additions	17,269,543 510,000
At 31 December 2015	17,779,543
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2015 Impairment	7,812,465 9,967,078
At 31 December 2015	17,779,543
Net book value:	•
At 31 December 2015	-
At 1 April 2015	9,457,078

## 11 Tangible assets

Land and buildings	Plant and equipment	Motor vehilcles	Total	
£	£	£	£	
11,528,079	5,814,627	104,897	17,447,603	
(11,528,079)	(5,814,627)	(104,897)	(17,447,603)	
-	•		•	
		<u> </u>		
583,751	3,121,499	77,238	3,728,488	
(583,751)	(3,121,499)	(77,238)	(3,728,488)	
	•			
•	· •	-	-	
10,944,328	2 693 128	27 659	13,665,115	
	buildings £ 11,528,079 (11,528,079) - 583,751 (583,751)	buildings equipment £  11,528,079 5,814,627 (11,528,079) (5,814,627)	buildings         equipment         vehilcles           £         £         £           11,528,079         5,814,627         104,897           (11,528,079)         (5,814,627)         (104,897)           -         -         -           583,751         3,121,499         77,238           (583,751)         (3,121,499)         (77,238)	

13 Stocks

Raw materials and consumables

Finished goods and goods for resale

		Investments in Associates	Other investments	Tota
		£	£	£
Cost At 1 April 2015		377,440	1,395,000	1,772,440
Disposals		-	(1,395,000)	(1,395,000
At 31 December 2015		377,440	<u> </u>	377,440
The company holds 20% or m	ore of the share ca	pital of the following	g companies:	
Commons			Charas hald	
Company  D3 Pharma Limited			Shares held Class Ordinary	
	stered in England	and Wales	Class	•
D3 Pharma Limited	stered in England	and Wales	Class	
D3 Pharma Limited	stered in England	and Wales	Class Ordinary At	A
D3 Pharma Limited D3 Pharma is a company regi	stered in England	and Wales	<b>Class</b> Ordinary	A 31 March
D3 Pharma Limited	stered in England	and Wales	Class Ordinary At 31 December	% he 3 A 31 March 2015

The difference between purchase price or production cost of stocks and their replacement cost is not material.

Αt

2015

31 December

At

2015 £

15,385

4,721,840 4,737,225

31 March

fo	r the period 1 April 2015 to December 2015	At	At
		31 December	31 March
14	Debtors	2015	2015
		£	£
	Trade debtors	602,081	21,329,956
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	114,812,936	39,912,893
_	Other taxes	1,541,128	· -
	Other debtors	1,766,077	869,831
•	Directors' loan account	-	24,625
	Prepayments and accrued income	68,527	2,190,937
		118,790,749	64,328,242

Amounts owed by group undertakings are as a result of trading between group entities. The balance is repayable on demand and not subject to interest.

		At	. At
		31 December	31 March
15	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2015 £	2015 £
	Trade creditors	664,468	4,817,751
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	• •	124,873
	Corporation tax	6,008,120	8,333,451
	Other taxes and social security costs	8,258	4,590,103
	Other creditors	11,719	•
	Accruals and deferred income	467,190	5,487,128
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,159,755	23,353,306

Amounts owed to group undertakings are as a result of trading between group entities. The balance is repayable on demand and not subject to interest.

			·	A 4	
•				At	4
				31 December	31 March
16	Deferred taxation			2015	
		•.		£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances			18,012	(178,270)
	Undiscounted asset /(provision) for	deferred tax		18,012	(178,270)
				- ;	
				, At	At
				31 December	31 March
		•		2015	2015
٠.		• •		£	£
	At 1 April	•		(178,270)	(195,253)
	Deferred tax charge in profit and lo	ss account		196,282	16,983
	At 31 December			18,012	(178,270)
		•			(1.0,1.0)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·.
			•	At	At
		•		31 December	31 December
17	Share capital	Nominal		2015	2015
	Allested collective and fully sold.	value	Number	. <b>£</b>	€ .
	Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares	£1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000
				•	
			•		
18	Loans to directors				•
		As at	Paid	Repaid	As at
		1 April 2015		·	31 Dec 2015
•	And II Date ( facility of the Co.	£	£	£	£
	Amit H Patel (resigned 29 May 20 Director's loan account	15) <b>24,625</b>	-	(24,625)	_
•			····································		
		24,625	<del></del> -	(24,625)	

19	Related party transactions				At 31 December	,	At 31 March
•					2015 £		2015 £
	Amit H Patel	•	- •	•			
	Director of the company			•	•	٠.	
٠.	Amount due from Mr A H Patel	•	•		_		24,625

The company has no transactions with related parties other than those above and with fellow group companies which are also wholly owned within the same group. In accordance with paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102, these transactions with group members are exempt from disclosure.

## 20 Transition to FRS 102 from UK GAAP

This the first set of Financial Statements prepared in accordance with FRS 102.

The accounting policies set out in note 1 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the 9 months ended 31 December 2015 and the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

The transition has not affected the reported financial position or financial performance of the company.

## 21 Ultimate controlling party

The immediate parent company is Auden Mckenzie Holdings Ltd, a company incorporated in the UK. Allergan Plc. is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2015. A copy of these financial statements can be obtained from www.allergan.com.

On 3 August 2016 Allergan Plc divested their international generics business to Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Limited. As a result of the divestment the ultimate parent company and controlling party of Auden Mckenzie (Pharma Division) Limited is considered by the directors to be Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Limited.

The largest and smallest group into which the results of the company will subsequently be consolidated is that headed by Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Limited, a company incorporated in Israel. Copies of Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Limited's financial statements can be obtained from 5 Basel St., Petach Tikva 49131, Israel.

## 22 Subsequent events

On 3 August 2016 Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Limited acquired the worldwide generics business of Allergan Plc. As part of the process to complete the transaction in the UK, regulatory approval was required from the European Commission, which ruled that part of the acquired business must subsequently be divested.

## 23 Pensions

During the period, contributions of £22,310 (prior year £34,899) were paid to defined contribution schemes by the company. At 31 December 2015 contributions of £nil (31 March 2015 £nil) were outstanding.