FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 May 2013

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Company Registration No 03817291

# Upperbright Limited COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

R Tchenguiz

V A Tchenguiz

**COMPANY NUMBER** 

03817291 (England & Wales)

REGISTERED OFFICE

5th Floor

Leconfield House Curzon Street London W1J 5JA

**AUDITOR** 

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP

3rd Floor

One London Square

Cross Lanes Guildford Surrey GUI IUN

**SOLICITORS** 

Osborne Clarke

One London Wall

London EC2Y 5EB

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their report and the financial statements of Upperbright Limited for the year ended 31 May 2013

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The company's principal activity is the letting of investment property. There were no additions or disposals of investment property during the year

The investment property held at 31 May 2013 was valued as at that date at £5,810,000 by the directors. The reduction in value after depreciation of £396,467 during the year amounted to £137,000 as set out in note 6

In the opinion of the directors, subject to the matters set out on page 7 regarding going concern and the support given by Rotch Property Group Limited, a fellow group company, the result for the year and the financial position of the company at 31 May 2013 were satisfactory

#### DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend

#### **DIRECTORS**

The following directors have held office since 1 June 2012

R Tchenguiz

V A Tchenguiz

## STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed that, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor

#### **AUDITOR**

The auditor, Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP, Chartered Accountants, has indicated its willingness to continue in office

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

On behalf of the board

R Tchenguiz

17 December 2013

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- a select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- b make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- c state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- d prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To The Members Of Upperbright Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/Our-Work/Codes-Standards/Audit-and-assurance/Standards-and-guidance/Standards-and-guidance-for-auditors/Scope-of-audit/UK-Private-Sector-Entity-(issued-1-December-2010) aspx

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2013 and of its result for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### **Emphasis of matter - Going Concern**

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in the accounting policies on page 7 of the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The company is a party to a cross-collateralised group loan funding structure. As a result of breaches to loan covenants by a fellow group company and a member of that cross-collateralised group loan funding structure the company's ability to continue as a going concern may be impacted by the contingent events described on page 7. These contingent events indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

## Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report

## Banca Tiles UK ADIT LLP

Christopher Hurren FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
3rd Floor, One London Square, Cross Lanes
Guildford, Surrey, GUI 1UN
17 December 2013

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 May 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
RENT RECEIVABLE		547,205	536,476
Other operating expenses	1	(407,717)	(393,612)
OPERATING PROFIT		139,488	142,864
Interest payable and similar charges	2	(501,099)	(503,493)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	3	(361,611)	(360,629)
Taxation	5	-	-
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	12	(361,611)	(360,629)

All amounts derive from continuing activities

## STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Loss for the financial year		(361,611)	(360,629)
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties (net)	6	259,467	159,812
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year		(102,144)	(200,817)
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES For the year ended 31 May 2013	S	2013 £	2012 £
Reported loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(361,611)	(360,629)
Difference between an historical cost depreciation charge and the actua charge of the year calculated on the revalued amount	l depreciation	106,147	95,492
Historical cost loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(255,464)	(265,137)
Historical cost loss on ordinary activities after taxation		(255,464)	(265,137)

BALANCE SHEET As at 31 May 2013

	Company registration No 03817291		
		2013	2012
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	6	5,810,000	5,947,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	1,534,685	1,562,785
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	8	(195,552)	(182,681)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,339,133	1,380,104
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		7,149,133	7,327,104
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(8,380,895)	(8,456,722)
NET LIABILITIES		(1,231,762)	(1,129,618)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	1	1
Revaluation reserve	12	1,745,514	1,592,194
Profit and loss account	12	(2,977,277)	(2,721,813)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	13	(1,231,762)	(1,129,618)

The financial statements on pages 4 to 14 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 December 2013 and are signed on its behalf by

R Tchenguiz

Director

# Upperbright Limited ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with the exception of investment properties which are stated at revalued amounts

The following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

#### GOING CONCERN

The property owned by the company is financed by a loan from its parent company which forms part of a cross-collateralised long term funding structure, set up to be principally self-financing. The directors have assessed the operation of the cross-collateralised structure and the continuation and availability of support being provided by Rotch Property Group Limited, a fellow group company (see note 15)

The directors have determined that the company has, or can expect to have, subject to the further matters set out hereafter, sufficient working capital for their needs for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. In view of this the directors consider it appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

During the prior year, following a valuation of the property portfolio securing the borrowings, the valuation covenant was breached on certain of the loans of a fellow group company and member of the cross-collateralised group loan funding structure to which the company is a party. This triggered defaults on all of the bank loans of that company

As a result of the cross default clauses in the loan agreements, defaults on the wider cross-collateralised group loans have been triggered during the year. The bank has reserved its position in respect of the fellow group company's valuation covenant breach. At the year-end, therefore, the fellow group company's bank loans and all the loans within the cross-collateralised structure amounting to £104,800,230 (2012 £105,321,246) were effectively repayable on demand. In addition, the cross-collateralised group also has interest rate swaps that in the event of a break would be added to the liability of the cross-collateralised group and would become immediately repayable. The value of the interest rate swaps as at 31 May 2013 was a liability of £20,534,294 (2012 £20,875,645).

The company, together with its parent company and the other companies that are party to the cross-collateralisation structure, is in discussion with its bankers to explore the alternatives available to effect a cure of the breach to the loan valuation covenant and to regularise the overall loan position. This discussion includes the consideration of alternative repayment possibilities such as putting in place new financing facilities or the sale of one or more of the properties financed by the funding structure.

The directors acknowledge that to date the bank has been supportive of the group's efforts. They also acknowledge that, whilst this support will not be indefinite, it should continue for as long as the group's efforts show that the approach taken remains in the bank's interest and maximises the return to the bank. As the funding structure remains self-financing and, other than in respect of the valuation issue, is meeting all its interest and repayment obligations the directors do not expect a withdrawal of the bank facilities for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the bank will not withdraw its loan facilities to the cross-collateralised group. The principal direct and indirect effects of the withdrawal by the lender of its funding are that

the cross collateralised borrowings as at the year-end, totalling £104,800,230 (2012 £105,321,246), as set out in note 9, would be demanded for immediate repayment. Further costs could arise in respect of the interest rate arrangements that fix the interest rates on those loans, the level of which would depend on the market rates of interest prevailing at the time of such a termination. As at 31 May 2013 these costs were £20,534,294 (2012 £20,875,645),

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### GOING CONCERN (CONTINUED)

if not repaid when due, the bank could exercise its security over the properties and may seek to sell or dispose of assets separately or together at a time of its own choosing. This process may not represent an orderly realisation in the normal course of business. In these circumstances the properties may be realised at values significantly less than their carrying values. The consequence of this is that the company's property may be realised at less than its carrying value in these financial statements.

#### INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 19, investment properties are revalued annually on an open market basis and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve. Depreciation is provided as follows

Short leasehold investment properties

Over the remaining lease term

#### **DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

No provision is made for deferred tax on unrealised gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. An asset is not recognised to the extent that the transfer of economic benefits in future is uncertain. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

### **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement, as more than 90% of the voting rights are controlled within the group and consolidated financial statements in which the company is included are publicly available

#### RENT RECEIVABLE

Rental income from investment properties leased out under operating leases is recognised in the profit and loss account on an accruals basis over the term of the lease. The effect of rent reviews is only recognised when such reviews have been agreed with tenants. Where rents are subject to fixed indexation in lieu of rent reviews, the rents are recognised on a systemic basis as income in the periods in which they are earned.

Where a rent free period is included in a lease, the rental income foregone is allocated evenly over the period from the date of lease commencement to the earliest termination date

# Upperbright Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	2013 £	2012 £
	Administrative expenses	407,717	393,612
2	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2013 £	2012 £
	Loan interest payable to group undertakings Amortisation of finance costs	488,431 12,668	490,825 12,668
		501,099	503,493
3	LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2013 £	2012 £
	Loss is stated after charging		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	396,467	385,812
	Auditor's remuneration	3,000	3,000
4	EMPLOYEES		
	There were no employees during the year apart from the directors, who received no en	noluments	
5	There were no employees during the year apart from the directors, who received no en TAXATION	2013	2012
5	TAXATION		2012 £
5	TAXATION  UK Corporation tax	2013	
5	TAXATION	2013	
5	TAXATION  UK Corporation tax  Current tax charge  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year	2013 £	£
5	TAXATION  UK Corporation tax  Current tax charge	2013	
5	TAXATION  UK Corporation tax Current tax charge  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard	(361,611)	(360,629)
5	TAXATION  UK Corporation tax Current tax charge  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2013 £	£
5	TAXATION  UK Corporation tax Current tax charge  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 23 00% (2012 - 24 00%)  Effects of	(361,611)	(360,629)
5	TAXATION  UK Corporation tax Current tax charge  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 23 00% (2012 - 24 00%)  Effects of Group relief	(361,611) (83,171) (12,669)	(360,629)
5	UK Corporation tax Current tax charge  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 23 00% (2012 - 24 00%)  Effects of Group relief Depreciation	(361,611) (83,171) (12,669) 91,188	(360,629) (86,551) (10,942) 92,595
5	TAXATION  UK Corporation tax Current tax charge  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 23 00% (2012 - 24 00%)  Effects of Group relief	(361,611) (83,171) (12,669)	(360,629)
5	UK Corporation tax Current tax charge  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 23 00% (2012 - 24 00%)  Effects of Group relief Depreciation	(361,611) (83,171) (12,669) 91,188	(360,629) (86,551) (10,942) 92,595
5	UK Corporation tax Current tax charge  Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation  Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 23 00% (2012 - 24 00%)  Effects of Group relief Depreciation	(361,611) (83,171) (12,669) 91,188 4,652	(360,629) (86,551) (10,942) 92,595 4,898

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

TANGIBL	LE FIXED ASSETS		Investment properties
			£
VALUAT	TION		
At 1 June	2012		5,947,000
Revaluation	on		(137,000)
At 31 May	y 2013		5,810,000
DEPRECI	IATION		
At I June	2012		-
Charge for	r the year		396,467
Revaluation			(396,467)
At 31 May	y 2013		-
NET BOO	OK VALUE		
At 31 May			5,810,000
At 31 May	y 2012	•	5,947,000
The prope provided t	erty was valued as at 31 May 2013 at £5,810,000 (2012 £5,947,00 to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house mar at property at net book value comprises	00) by the directors bas nagement company 2013 £	ed on reports 2012
The prope provided t Investmen	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man	nagement company 2013 £	2012 £
The proper provided to Investment Short Leas	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man it property at net book value comprises	2013 £ 5,810,000	2012
The proper provided to Investment Short Leas	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man	2013 £ 5,810,000	2012 £
The proper provided to Investment Short Leas	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man it property at net book value comprises	2013 £ 5,810,000	2012 £ 5,947,000 2012
The proper provided to Investment Short Least On an hist	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man it property at net book value comprises	2013 £ 5,810,000	2012 £ 5,947,000 2012
The proper provided to Investment Short Least On an hist	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man it property at net book value comprises sehold torical cost basis the investment property would have been included a	2013 £ 5,810,000	2012 £ 5,947,000 2012
The proper provided to Investment Short Least On an hist	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man it property at net book value comprises	2013 £ 5,810,000	2012 £ 5,947,000 
The proper provided to Investment Short Least On an hist Cost At 1 June	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man it property at net book value comprises sehold torical cost basis the investment property would have been included a	2013 £ 5,810,000 at 2013 £ 5,516,086	2012 £ 5,947,000 2012 £ 5,516,086
The proper provided to Investment Short Least On an hist Cost At 1 June Depreciate At 1 June	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man it property at net book value comprises sehold torical cost basis the investment property would have been included at 2012 & at 31 May 2013	2013 £ 5,810,000	2012 £ 5,947,000 2012 £ 5,516,086
The proper provided to Investment Short Least On an hist Cost At 1 June Depreciati	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man it property at net book value comprises sehold torical cost basis the investment property would have been included at 2012 & at 31 May 2013	2013 £ 5,810,000 at 2013 £ 5,516,086	2012 £ 5,947,000 2012 £ 5,516,086
The proper provided to Investment Short Least On an hist Cost At 1 June Depreciate At 1 June	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man int property at net book value comprises sehold torical cost basis the investment property would have been included at 2012 & at 31 May 2013  ion based on cost 2012 or the year	2013 £ 5,810,000	5,947,000 2012 5,516,086 870,960 290,320
The proper provided to Investment Short Least On an hist Cost At 1 June Depreciate At 1 June Charge for	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house man int property at net book value comprises sehold torical cost basis the investment property would have been included at 2012 & at 31 May 2013  ion based on cost 2012 or the year y 2013	2013 £ 5,810,000  2013 £ 5,810,000  1,161,280 290,320 1,451,600	2012 5,947,000 2012 4 5,516,086 870,960 290,320 1,161,280
The proper provided to Investment Short Least On an hist Cost At 1 June Depreciate At 1 June Charge for At 31 May	to them by Chartered Surveyors employed by the group's in house manner property at net book value comprises  sehold  torical cost basis the investment property would have been included at  2012 & at 31 May 2013  tion based on cost 2012 or the year  y 2013  value	2013 £ 5,810,000  2013 £ 5,810,000  1,161,280 290,320	2012 £

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

DEBTORS	2013 £	2012 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,340,611	1,356,043
Prepayments and accrued income	194,074	206,742
	1,534,685	1,562,785
Amounts falling due after more than one year and included in the debtors above are		
		2012
	£	£
Prepayments	181,406	194,074
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	2013	2012
	£	£
Loan from group undertaking (note 9)	75,826	61,058
	-	2,250
Accruals and deferred income	119,726	119,373
	195,552	182,681
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income  Amounts falling due after more than one year and included in the debtors above are  Prepayments  CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year  Loan from group undertaking (note 9)  Trade creditors	Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income  1,340,611 194,074  1,534,685  Amounts falling due after more than one year and included in the debtors above are  2013 £  Prepayments  181,406  CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year  £  Loan from group undertaking (note 9)  75,826 Trade creditors  Accruals and deferred income  119,726

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2013

9	CREDITORS amounts falling due after more than one year	2013 £	2012 £
	Loan from group undertakings	8,380,895	8,456,722
	Loan maturity analysis	91,684	75,826
	In more than one year but not more than two years In more than two years but not more than five years	380,683	325,958
	In more than five years	7,908,528	8,054,938
		8,380,895	8,456,722

The group undertaking loan is repayable by instalments by 2028 when one bullet payment of £4,908,000 will be made it is financed by a loan from a third party to that group undertaking and has been provided to the company on the same interest and repayment terms. The loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company's investment property. The loan bears interest at 5.73% per annum.

The loan is subject to cross guarantees and cross-collateralisation of the underlying properties used as security with other group loans. The total value of the group loans subject to this cross collateralisation, as at 31 May 2013, including the company's loan, is £104,800,230 (2012 £105,321,246), and the fair value of the financial instruments also subject to the cross-collateralisation is £(20,534,294) (2012 £(20,875,645))

### 10 DEFERRED TAXATION

No provision for deferred taxation has been made in respect of the property held as an investment which is included in these financial statements at a valuation of £5,810,000 (2012 £5,947,000). It is estimated that if this property were to be sold at that valuation the tax liability would amount to £nil (2012 £nil).

11	SHARE CAPITAL	2013	2012
		£	£
	Allotted, issued and fully paid		
	Equity		
	1 Ordinary share of £1	1	1

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2013

## 12 RESERVES

12	RESERVES	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account
		£	£
	Balance at 1 June 2012	1,592,194	(2,721,813)
	Loss for the year	-	(361,611)
	Transfer from revaluation reserve to profit and loss account Revaluation during the year	(106,147) 259,467	106,147
	Balance at 31 May 2013	1,745,514	(2,977,277)
13	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2013	2012
		£	£
	Loss for the financial year	(361,611)	(360,629)
	Other recognised gains and losses	259,467	159,812
	Net depletion in shareholders' funds	(102,144)	(200,817)
	Opening shareholders' funds	(1,129,618)	(928,801)
	Closing shareholders' funds	(1,231,762)	(1,129,618)

### 14 CONTROL

The company's immediate holding company is Zenmouth Limited

The parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group for which group accounts are prepared and of which the company is a member, is Restmead Limited, the company's ultimate UK holding company, which is registered in England Copies of the group accounts are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ

The directors regard the ultimate holding company to be Sunnymist Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virign Islands

The ultimate controlling party is the Tchenguiz Family Trust

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 May 2013

#### 15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is related to fellow subsidiaries of Sunnymist Limited, with whom in many cases it has directors in common

Rotch Property Group Limited, one such company, provides management services to the company At the balance sheet date, and included within amounts owed by group undertakings, £1,340,611 (2012 £1,356,043) was due from that company No interest accrues on this balance Management fees payable for the year amounted to £4,800 (2012 £4,800)

Rotch Property Group Limited has agreed to provide limited support to assist the company in meeting its operational costs as they arise should this be necessary

As set out in note 9, the company is party to a cross-collateralisation arrangement in respect of loan facilities as at the year end totalling £104,800,230 (2012 £105,321,246) Of this amount, £28,282,271 (2012 £28,835,308) relates to loan facilities with Uni Lease No 1 Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Sunnymist Limited The fair value of the financial instruments also subject to this cross-collateralisation arrangement is £(20,534,294) (2012 £(20,875,645) of which £(2,034,673) (2012 £(2,204,959)) relates to Uni Lease No 1 Limited

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions provided by Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 'Related Party Disclosures' and has not disclosed transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary undertaking which is party to the transaction is wholly owned by a member of that group