3817237

Kirkella Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Period Ended

31 January 2006





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BDO Stoy Hayward Chartered Accountants

Annual report and financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2006

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Directors and company information

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Directors

N D Atkins

T M Baldvinsson

D Parlavliet

J C Van der Plas

H Gretarsson

Secretary and registered office

Mackinnons, Solicitors

The Orangery

Hesslewood Country Business Park

Ferriby Road

Hessle

East Yorkshire

HU13 0LH

Company number

3817237

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP 1 City Square Leeds LS1 2DP

Report of the director for the period ended 31 January 2006

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2006.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the loss for the period. The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

Principal activities, trading review and future developments

The principal activity of the company continues to be vessel owners and operators.

On 31 January 2006, the company's immediate holding company, J. Marr (Fishing) Limited, was acquired by UK Fisheries Limited.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year together with changes since the period end were:

C R Marr (resigned 31 January 2006)

N D Atkins

T M Baldvinsson (appointed 31 January 2006)

D Parlayliet (appointed 31 January 2006)

J C Van der Plas (appointed 31 January 2006)

H Gretarsson (appointed 31 January 2006)

The directors in office at the period end had no interest in the share capital of the company. The interests of the directors in the shares of the intermediate parent company, UK Fisheries Limited, are shown in that company's financial statements.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Kirkella Limited

Profit and loss account for the period ended 31 January 2006

	Note	10 months to 31 January 2006 £	Year ended 31 March 2005 £
Turnover	2	1,342,106	1,509,550
Cost of sales		(1,366,098)	(1,411,833)
Gross (loss)/profit		(23,992)	97,717
Administrative expenses		(12,749)	(38,339)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(36,741)	59,378
Taxation	4	12,703	(15,614)
Retained (loss)/profit for the period/year	11	(24,038)	43,764

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses in the current period and prior year are included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Report of the directors for the period ended 31 January 2006 (continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the next annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

N. Alm

Director

5 May 2006

Report of the independent auditors

To the shareholders of Kirkella Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Kirkella Limited for the period ended 31 January 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2006 and of its loss for the period then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BDO STOY HAYWARD LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Leeds

5 May 2006

Balance sheet at 31 January 2006

	Note	2006 £	2006 £	2005 £	2005 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5		1,008,154		1,135,014
Current assets Debtors	6	3,304		126,784	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,859,520)		(469,815)	
Net current liabilities		**************************************	(1,856,216)		(343,031)
Total assets less current liabilities			(848,062)		791,983
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	_		(1,600,000)	
Provision for liabilities and charges	9	(135,728)		(151,735)	
			(135,728)		(1,751,735)
Net liabilities			(983,790)		(959,752)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	10 11		1,000 (984,790)		1,000 (960,752)
Shareholders' deficit	12		(983,790)		(959,752) ———

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 5 May 2006 $\,$

N > M

Director

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2006

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Going concern

The accounts have been prepared under the going concern concept because the intermediate holding company, UK Fisheries Limited, has agreed to provide support to enable the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to outside customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all fixed assets, evenly over their expected useful lives.

The vessel is depreciated over its expected useful life of 10 years.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company. An analysis of turnover by destination is shown below:

	10 months to 31 January 2006 £	Year ended 31 March 2005 £
United Kingdom	557,646	555,357
Denmark	-	87,092
France	654,383	655,483
Germany	130,077	211,618
	1,342,106	1,509,550

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2006 (continued)

3	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities	10 months to 31 January 2006 £	Year ended 31 March 2005 £
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities is stated after charging: Depreciation	126,860	152,227
	Auditors' remuneration	500	600
	The company does not have any employees (2005 – Nil).		

The directors did not receive any remuneration in either the current period or prior year.

4 Taxation

	10 months to 31 January 2006 £	Year ended 31 March 2005 £
Corporation tax:		~
Group relief Current year corporation tax	3,304	22,447 3,800
Total current tax	3,304	26,247
Deferred taxation:		
Current period/year	(16,007)	(10,633)
Total deferred tax	(16,007)	(10,633)
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	(12,703)	15,614

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2006 (continued)

4 Taxation on profit from ordinary activities (continued)

Factors affecting the tax charge for the period:

The tax charge assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 30% (30%). The difference is explained below:

		10 months to 31 January 2006 £	Year ended 31 March 2005 £
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(36,741)	59,378
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2005 - 30%)	(11,022)	17,813
	Effects of:		
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Difference in tax rates	16,034 (1,708)	10,633 (2,199)
	Current tax charge for the period/year	3,304	26,247
5	Tangible assets		Vessel £
	Cost At 1 April 2005 and 31 January 2006		1,969,212
	Depreciation At 1 April 2005 Provided for the period		834,198 126,860
	At 31 January 2006		961,058
	Net book value At 31 January 2006		1,008,154
	At 31 March 2005		1,135,014

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2006 (continued)

6	Debtors		
		2006 £	2005 £
	Amount due from parent undertaking Amount due from fellow subsidiary undertaking Other debtors	3,304	1,000 125,784
		3,304	126,784
	All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.		
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2006 £	2005 £
	Amount due to intermediate parent company	1,856,216	-
	Amount due to ultimate parent undertaking Corporation tax	3,304	466,015 3,800
		1,859,520	469,815
8	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2006 £	2005 £
	Loan from ultimate parent undertaking		1,600,000

The loan from the ultimate parent undertaking had no fixed repayment terms and was interest free. The ultimate parent company gave an undertaking not to demand repayment of its loan until all creditors have been paid in full.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2006 (continued)

9	Provisions for liabilities and charges		Deferred taxation £
	At 1 April 2005 Transfer to profit and loss account		151,735 (16,007)
	Balance at 31 January 2006		135,728
	Deferred taxation		
		2006 £	2005 €
	Accelerated capital allowances	135,728	151,735
	There are no further potential liabilities for deferred taxation.		
10	Share capital		
		2006 £	2005 £
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
11	Profit and loss account		
			£
	At 1 April 2005 Loss for the period		(960,752) (24,038)
	At 31 January 2006		(984,790) ———

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 31 January 2006 (continued)

12 Reconciliation of movement in equity shareholders' deficit

	10 months to 31 January 2006 £	Year ended 31 March 2005 £
(Loss)/profit for the period/year Opening equity shareholders' deficit	(24,038) (959,752)	43,764 (1,003,516)
Closing equity shareholders' deficit	(983,790)	(959,752)

13 Cash flow statement

During the period the company was a wholly owned subsidiary of J Marr (Fishing) Limited, whose parent company was J Marr Limited, and is included in the consolidated financial statements of J Marr Limited, which are publicly available. Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 1 Cash flow statements (revised 1996).

14 Related party transactions

During the period, charges were levied from fellow subsidiary and ultimate parent undertakings of the J Marr Limited group of companies (of which the company was a member until 31 January 2006) for the provision of management services totalling £12,249 (2005: £37,739). N Atkins, a director of the company, is also a director of J Marr Limited.

All sales and purchases were made to Marr Fishing Vessel Management Limited, a subsidiary of J Marr Limited. The transactions were undertaken on an arms length basis.

At 31 January 2006 £1,856,216 (2005: nil) was owed to UK Fisheries Limited.

Other debtors represents amounts due from monies held in escrow on trust for J Marr Limited for the purpose of settling the company's corporation tax liability.

15 Ultimate holding company

The immediate parent undertaking is J Marr (Fishing) Limited. The intermediate holding company is UK Fisheries Limited. The group is under the joint control of Onward Fishing Company Limited and Tory BV (a company registered in the Netherlands).