The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

03803449

Name of Company

Glazteknology (Glaztek) UK Limited

I / We Stephen James Wainwright 32 High Street Manchester M4 1QD

Stephen Lord 32 High Street Manchester M4 1QD

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed (

Date

22/9/u

Poppleton & Appleby 32 High Street Manchester M4 1QD

Ref AI033/SJW/SL/ME/RJO

TUESDAY

For Official Use

Insolvency Sect

Post Room

COMPANIES HOUSE



A49

27/09/2011

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Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Glazteknology (Glaztek) UK Limited

Company Registered Number

03803449

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

28 February 2008

Date to which this statement is

brought down

27 August 2011

Name and Address of Liquidator

Stephen James Wainwright 32 High Street Manchester Stephen Lord 32 High Street Manchester M4 1QD

NOTES

M4 1QD

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

<u>under sectio</u>	n 192	of	the	Insolve	ency	Act	1986

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amoun
		Brought Forward	591,930 95
20/04/2011 21/07/2011	HM Revenue & Customs HM Revenue & Customs	Vat Control Account Vat Control Account	110 67 2,002 40
		•	
			;
		•	

To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
	Brought Forward	295,388 36
Liquidator Liquidator ISA Banking Fee Poppleton & Appleby Poppleton & Appleby DTI Payment Fee Dividend-9 58p in £ DTI Payment Fee Liquidator Liquidator Liquidator Liquidator ISA Banking Fee	Storage of Books VAT Receivable DTI Fees Liquidators Fees VAT Receivable DTI Fees Trade etc DTI Fees Storage of Books VAT Receivable Liquidators Expenses VAT Receivable DTI Fees	12 00 2 40 23 00 10,000 00 2,000 00 1 00 276,564 32 176 00 12 00 2 40 6 30 1 26 23 00
	•	
	•	
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	Liquidator Liquidator ISA Banking Fee Poppleton & Appleby Poppleton & Appleby DTI Payment Fee Dividend-9 58p in £ DTI Payment Fee Liquidator Liquidator Liquidator Liquidator	Liquidator Liquidator ISA Banking Fee Poppleton & Appleby Poppleton & Appleby DTI Payment Fee Dividend-9 58p in £ DTI Payment Fee Liquidator

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 594,044 02 584,212 04
	Balance £	9,831 98
This balance is made up as follows 1 Cash in hands of liquidator 2 Balance at bank 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 1,478 76 8,353 22
 4 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance 5 Accrued Items 	£ 0 00 0 00	0 00 0 00
Total Balance as shown above		9,831 98

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

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Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	495,040 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	1,516,139 90

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Calculation of corporation tax

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

6 months