## **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 03793826**

GOLDMILE PORTFOLIO NO.1 LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2012

THURSDAY



.D3 11/10/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE

#89

# Financial statements

# Year ended 31 May 2012

Contents	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
The directors' report	2
Independent auditor's report	4
Profit and loss account	6
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	7
Balance sheet	8
Notes forming part of the financial statements	9

## Officers and professional advisers

The board of directors C E Bush

C F Moharm

S M Pope

Company secretary C F Moharm

Registered office 55 Baker Street,

London, W1U 7EU

Auditor BDO LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor 55 Baker Street

London W1U 7EU

Bankers Barclays Bank Plo

Barclays Bank Plc Pall Mall Corporate Group

50 Pall Mall London SW1A 1QA

#### The directors' report

#### Year ended 31 May 2012

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 May 2012

#### Principal activities and business review

The company's principal activity is that of property investment

Both the level of investment and year end financial position were satisfactory and the directors expect that the present level of activity will be sustained for the foreseeable future

#### Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

C E Bush

C F Moharm

S M Pope

### Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregulanties.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any
  relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

#### Auditor

The company has dispensed with the obligation to appoint auditors annually BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office

The directors' report (continued)

Year ended 31 May 2012

## Small company provisions

In preparing this director's report advantage has been taken of the small companies' exemption

Signed by order of the directors

C F Moharm Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 2 October 2012

#### Independent auditor's report

#### Year ended 31 May 2012

We have audited the financial statements of Goldmile Portfolio No 1 Limited for the year ended 31 May 2012 which comprise the profit and loss account, statement of total recognised gains and losses, balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2012 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

## Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Year ended 31 May 2012

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the directors' report in accordance with the small companies regime

Boo MP

Geraint Jones (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor London 2 October 2012

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OQ05127)

## Profit and loss account

Year ended 31 May 2012

		2012	2011
	Note	£	£
Turnover	2	385,866	450,609
Property expenses		(114,043)	(76,757)
Administrative expenses		(2,279)	(2,302)
Operating profit	3	269,544	371,550
Interest receivable and similar income		126	-
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(307,113)	(313,015)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	ration	(37,443)	<del></del> 58,535
(Loss)/profit off ordinary activities before tax	tation	(37,443)	50,505
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	7	(10,248)	(26,100)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		<del></del>	 32,435
(===== ) to the interior you		(, , , , ,	=====

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses

Year ended 31 May 2012

	0040	2011
	2012 £	2011 F
Loss for the financial year	(47,691)	32,435
Unrealised loss on revaluation of investment properties	(499,000)	(150,000)
Total gains and losses recognised since the last financial statements	(546,691)	(117,565)

## **Balance sheet**

## As at 31 May 2012

		201	<del>-</del>	201	-
Found seems	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	8		6,160,000		6,659,000
Current assets					
Debtors due within one year	9	8,220		63,407	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	10	(1,276,301)		(1,201,302)	
Net current liabilities			(1,268,081)		(1,137,895)
Total assets less current liabilities			4,891,919		5,521,105
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(4,287,738)		(4,370,233)
Net assets			604,181		1,150,872
Capital and reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	14		1,000		1,000
Revaluation reserve	15		(514,999)		(15,999)
Profit and loss account	15		1,118,180		1,165,871
Shareholders' funds	16		604,181		1,150,872

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 2 October 2012, and are signed on their behalf by

C/E Bush

Company Registration Number 03793826

#### Notes forming part of the financial statements

#### Year ended 31 May 2012

### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of investment properties, subject to the departures referred to below

In order to show a true and fair view the company's accounting policy in respect of investment properties departs from the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. Details of this departure are given below

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

#### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by GP Property Investments Limited and the company is included in consolidated financial statements

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents net rental and related income receivable less value added tax

#### **Fixed assets**

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost together with any incidental cost of acquisition

### Investment properties

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19, investment properties are revalued annually to open market value and no depreciation is provided. The directors consider that this accounting policy results in the financial statements giving a true and fair view. The effect of this departure from the Companies Act 2006 has not been quantified because it is impracticable and, in the opinion of the directors, would be misleading.

The aggregate surplus or deficit arising on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve except where a deficit is deemed to represent a permanent diminution in value in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company has entered into a binding sale agreement, and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are discounted

#### Notes forming part of the financial statements

#### Year ended 31 May 2012

#### Accounting policies (continued)

#### Lessor incentives

Lessor incentives include rent free periods and other incentives given to lessees on entering into lease agreements

Lessor incentives to new tenants to occupy the company's investment properties are treated as revenue expenditure and initially recorded as prepayments. The payments are then charged to the profit and loss account evenly over the period to the earlier of the first rent review to the prevailing market rent and the lease end date. Where lessor incentives relate to investment properties the properties are carried at open market value less the amount of the unamortised incentive.

#### Related party disclosure

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8, 'Related party disclosures', not to disclose transactions with members or investees of the group headed by GP Property Investments Limited on the grounds that 100% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group and the company is included in consolidated financial statements

#### 2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom

## 3. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging

	2012	2011
	£	£
Auditor's remuneration		
- audit	1,430	1,600
- tax compliance services	849	702
		<del></del>

## 4. Particulars of employees

There were no persons employed by the company in the year (2011 nil)

### 5. Directors

No director received any emoluments during the year (2011 £nil)

## 6. Interest payable and similar charges

2012	2011
£	3
306,613	312,765
500	250
307,113	313,015
	£ 306,613 500

## Notes forming part of the financial statements

## Year ended 31 May 2012

7.	Taxation on ordinary activities		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Current tax		
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the yea	ır	
	at 25 67% (2011 - 27 67%)	10,000	26,100
	Over/under provision in prior year	248	<u> </u>
	Total current tax	10,248	26,100

## (b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the (loss)/profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 25 67% (2011 - 27 67%)

	2012 £	2011 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	( <u>37,443</u> )	58,535
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax Capital allowances for period in excess of	(9,610)	16,194
depreciation	(584)	(800)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous		
periods	248	-
Group relief	44,735	34,982
Transfer pricing adjustments	(24,541)	(24,276)
Total current tax (note 7(a))	10,248	26,100

## 8. Tangible fixed assets

Investment properties freehold land and buildings £ 6,659,000

Cost or valuation	
At 1 June 2011	6,659,000
Revaluation	(499,000)
At 31 May 2012	6,160,000

The investment properties were valued as at 31 May 2012 by the directors on an open market basis. Selling costs have not been deducted because there is no intention to sell the properties

The historical cost of the properties is £6,675,000 (2011 £6,675,000)

## Notes forming part of the financial statements

Year ended 31 May 2012

9.	Debtors		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Trade debtors	_	9,000
	Amounts due from group undertakings	3,358	3,358
	Other debtors	667	667
	Prepayments and accrued income	4,195	50,382
		8,220	63,407
	All amounts fall due for payment within one year		
10	Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	ar	
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Trade creditors	4,266	46,663
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,156,631	1,013,771
	Loans owed to group undertakings	82,494	77,032
	Corporation tax	10,000	26,100
	Other creditors	5,996	7,841
	Accruals and deferred income	16,914	29,895
		1,276,301	1,201,302

Amounts owed to group undertakings bear no interest and have no fixed terms of repayment

## 11 Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2012	2011
	£	£
Loan owed to group undertaking	4,287,738	4,370,233

The intercompany loan is secured by a first legal mortgage over the investment properties and a floating charge over the assets and undertakings of the company. Additionally the lender has legal assignment over the rental income of the properties.

The loan is repayable in instalments and £3,055,544 is repayable in full in 2029. Interest is payable at 6.97% per annum

	2012	2011
Maturity of debt	£	£
Between one and two years	88,344	82,494
Between two and five years	156,822	196,258
After more than five years	4,042,572	4,091,481
	4,287,738	4,370,233

#### 12 Contingencies

The investment properties are cross charged as security for a loan taken out by Riverland Finance Limited, a fellow subsidiary, for £36,500,463 (2011 £36,907,792)

## Notes forming part of the financial statements

Year ended 31 May 2012

## 13 Related party transactions

During the year management fees totalling £8,788 (2011 £11,005) and letting and rent review fees totalling £46,125 (2011 £nil) were payable to Berkley Estates London Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Topland Group Holdings Limited Interest of £306,613 (2011 £312,765) was payable during the year to Riverland Finance Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Topland Group Holdings Limited

At the year end a loan of £4,494,920 (2011 £4,573,994) was payable to Riverland Finance Limited

In the event of a sale of any of the company's properties, a fee equating to 25% of the consideration is payable to Berkley Estates London Limited

2012

(47,691)

(499,000)

(546,691)

1,150,872

604,181

2011

32,435

(150,000)

(117,565)

1,268,437

1,150,872

## 14. Share capital

#### Authorised share capital:

(Loss)/Profit for the financial year

Opening shareholders' funds

Closing shareholders' funds

Other net recognised gains and losses

Net reduction to shareholders' funds

	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		1,000		1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2012 No 1,000	£ 1,000	201 No 1,000	£ 1,000
15	Reserves				
	Balance brought forward Loss for the year Other gains and losses - Revaluation of investment properties Balance carried forward		(-	lluation Processive £ (15,999) — 499,000) 514,999)	ofit and loss account £ 1,165,871 (47,691) 
16.	Reconciliation of movements in shareho	olders' funds			
			2012		2011 £

Notes forming part of the financial statements

Year ended 31 May 2012

## 17 Ultimate parent company

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Topland Group Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. The smallest group in which they are consolidated is that headed by GP Property Investments Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The immediate parent company is Goldmile Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Topland Group Holdings International Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands