Registered No: 3763419

# **Specialised Management Services Limited**

**Report and Financial Statements** 

30 September 2014

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Registered No: 3763419

# Officers and advisors

## **Directors**

A J V Shepherd

E Culyer

D Howlett

A Mansfield

G Morrow

## **Secretary**

A Mansfield

## **Independent Auditor**

Deloitte LLP 3 Rivergate Temple Quay Bristol BS1 6GD

### **Bankers**

Lloyds Bank plc 40 High Street Chipping Sodbury Bristol BS37 6AW

## Registered office

Alderley House The Downs Wickwar Wotton under Edge Gloucestershire GL12 8JD Registered No. 3763419

# Strategic report

### Principal activities, business review and future developments

Specialised Management Services Limited's ("SMS") principal activities are:

- a) The design, assembly, testing, maintenance and installation of hydraulic, pneumatic and electrical control systems for oil and gas industry applications both on and off-shore;
- b) The flushing and pressure testing of hydraulic systems;
- c) The manufacture, testing and supply of hydraulic hose assemblies; and
- d) The refurbishment and calibration of pressure gauges and temperature and pressure operated valves.

The turnover of the company on continuing operations increased by 2.3% to £13,888,991. Total operating profit, however, increased by £692,922 from £1,053,463 in the previous financial year to a profit of £1,746,385. The profit before tax was £1,746,264 in the year compared with a profit before tax of £1,053,463 in 2013.

The company's main office is in Great Yarmouth. Due to the growth of the business SMS has decided to invest in a new custom built facility, comprising of 1,000m<sup>2</sup> office and 1,800m<sup>2</sup> workshop space, on the Beacon Park development in Great Yarmouth only a few miles from the existing facility. This is expected to be completed by the final quarter of 2015 and allow further expansion of the business.

The company currently has a strong order book which will carry it into the second half of the year ending 30 September 2015. This, combined with its maintenance and international work, will enable the company to develop the business in the current economic climate within the oil and gas industry.

The company has retained its accreditation to Investors In People in the year. It has also maintained its ISO 9001, ISO 14001, OHSAS 18001 accreditations and FPAL registration.

The key financial and other performance indicators are considered on a group basis and are disclosed in the financial statements of the parent company, Alderley plc.

#### Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and its parent undertaking, Alderley plc, have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Therefore they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found within the accounting policies section of the notes to the financial statements.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal financial risks to which the company is exposed are those relating to foreign currency, credit risk and interest rates. These risks are managed in accordance with Board approved policies.

### Foreign currency risk

It is company policy that exposures resulting from sales and purchases in foreign currency are matched where possible, and the net exposure may be hedged by the use of forward exchange contracts. The company does not undertake speculative foreign exchange dealings for which there is no underlying exposure.

#### Credit risk

Management has a credit policy in place and exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are carried out on all customers requiring credit and, where appropriate, the company endeavours to minimise risk by the use of trade finance instruments such as letters of credit and insurance. At the balance sheet date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk.

Registered No: 3763419

# Strategic report

## Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

#### Interest rate risk

The company is exposed to a moderate level of interest risk as a result of its overdraft facility. The risk is moderated by ensuring cash is appropriately managed to reduce the requirement for both finance leases and overdraft. In negotiating for such facilities the company also seeks to receive competitive interest rates. The company does not undertake any hedging activity in this area.

#### Operational risk

The principal operational risk faced by the company is the company's exposure to the contingent liabilities as disclosed in note 19. The company has implemented appropriate quality control procedures to mitigate the risk that these amounts will become payable.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by

A J V Shepherd Director

4 March 2015

# Directors' report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2014.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,469,233 (2013: £823,063). The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend and no dividend was paid during the year (2013: £450,000).

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year and to the date of this report were as follows:

A J V Shepherd

E Culyer (appointed 16 May 2014)

D Howlett (appointed 22 April 2014)

A Mansfield

G Morrow (appointed 7 May 2014)

## Directors' qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company has granted an indemnity to one or more of its directors against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006. Such a qualifying third party indemnity provision remains in force as at the date of approving the directors' report.

## Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Auditor**

A resolution to reappoint Deloitte LLP as auditor will be proposed in accordance with s485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by

A J V Shepherd Director

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4 March 2015

# Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent auditor's report

to the members of Specialised Management Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Specialised Management Services Limited for the year ended 30 September 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 23. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# Independent auditor's report

to the members of Specialised Management Services Limited (continued)

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

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Andrew Wright FCA (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Bristol, United Kingdom

4 March 2015

# **Profit and loss account**

for the year ended 30 September 2014

		2014	2013
	Notes	£	£
Turnover			
Continuing operations	2	13,888,991	13,575,045
Discontinued operations	2	-	334,677
		13,888,991	13,909,722
Operating costs	3	(12,178,969)	(12,901,045)
Other operating income		36,363	
Operating profit			
Continuing operations	4	1,746,385	1,237,898
Discontinued operations	4	-	(184,435)
		1,746,385	1,053,463
Interest receivable and similar income		152	-
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(273)	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,746,264	1,053,463
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(277,031)	(230,400)
Profit for the financial year	22	1,469,233	823,063

All of the activities of the company at the current year end are classed as continuing.

There were no recognised gains or losses in the current or prior year other than the profit for the financial year as detailed above.

# **Balance sheet**

## at 30 September 2014

		2014	2013
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	10	130,672	246,928
Investments	11	65,000	65,000
			<u></u>
		195,672	311,928
Current consts			<del></del>
Current assets Stocks	12	47,456	642,751
Debtors: amounts receivable within one year	13	5,280,957	4,558,736
Debtors: amounts receivable after more than one year	14	14,000	14,000
Cash in hand		2,278,910	1,319
		7,621,323	5,216,806
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(4,169,457)	(3,349,939)
Net current assets		3,451,866	1,866,867
Total assets less current liabilities		3,647,538	2,178,795
Provisions for liabilities	17	-	(490)
		3,647,538	2,178,305
Capital and reserves			
Called up equity share capital	21	480,201	480,201
Profit and loss account	22	3,167,337	1,698,104
Shareholder's funds	22	3,647,538	2,178,305
		=	

The financial statements of Specialised Management Services Limited, registered no. 3763419, were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 4 March 2015.

A J V Shepherd Director

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for the year ended 30 September 2014

### 1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Standards (UK GAAP).

#### Going concern

The company's banking facilities are operated through a facility led by the ultimate parent company, Alderley plc, and provided by Lloyds Bank plc ("Lloyds"). Under this facility the company's assets are collateralised as security along with the assets of Alderley plc and its other UK subsidiaries ("the group") in a group wide bank facility (refer to note 19). Consequently the ability of the company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the overall UK group's financial condition and performance.

The directors of the company have prepared trading projections through to the period ending September 2017 which indicate continued growth in business activities and continuing profitability for the company. The company's trading projections have been aggregated with those of the other group entities to establish a combined projected funding requirement through the going concern foresight period. These forecasts take account of certain sensitivities, including possible changes in trading performance, and show that the UK group and company will be able to successfully operate at and within the level of the current banking facility.

Consequently the directors have prepared these financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements afforded by Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 because it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Alderley plc, which prepares consolidated financial statements that are publicly available. Accordingly, group financial statements have not been prepared and information in the financial statements is presented for the individual company rather than for the group.

#### Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement.

## Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition, on each asset evenly over its expected useful life as follows:

Leasehold property - Over the period of the lease
Plant, machinery and equipment - 2% per month reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 2% per month reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 2% per month reducing balance
IT equipment - 25% per annum straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Investments

All investments are carried at cost less provision for impairment.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Stocks and work in progress

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Amounts recoverable on contracts

Revenue on long-term contracts is recognised by reference to the stage of completion. Revenue recognised in advance of being invoiced is held on the balance sheet as amounts recoverable on contracts. The stage of completion of a contract is determined by reference to the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs. An estimate of the profit attributable to work completed is recognised once the outcome of the contract can be assessed with reasonable certainty. The costs on long-term contracts not yet taken to the profit and loss account less related foreseeable losses and payments on account are shown in stocks and long-term contract balances. Costs included on long-term contracts include interest which is specifically attributable to those contracts through contract financing. Where payments are received from customers in advance of services provided the amounts are recorded as deferred income and included as part of creditors due within one year.

#### Operating lease commitments

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives are recognised over the shorter of the lease term and the date of the next rent review.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes or duty. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods.

#### Long term contracts

Revenue on long term contracts is recognised by reference to the stage of completion. The stage of completion of a contract is determined by reference to the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs.

## Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or receive more tax, with the following exception:

• deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

## 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction or at the contracted rate if the transaction is covered by a forward foreign currency contract. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date or if applicable at the forward contract rate. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### Financial instruments

The company uses forward foreign currency contracts to reduce exposure to foreign exchange rates. The company does not consider that its derivative instruments qualify for hedge accounting, and does not hold derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

For a forward foreign exchange contract to be treated as a hedge the instrument must be related to the actual foreign currency assets or liabilities or to a probable commitment. It must involve the same currency or similar currencies as the hedged item and must also reduce the risk of foreign currency exchange movements on the company's operations. Gains and losses arising on these contracts are deferred and recognised in the profit and loss account or as adjustments to the carrying amount of fixed assets, only when the hedged transaction has itself been reflected in the company's financial statements.

If an instrument ceases to be accounted for as a hedge, for example because the underlying hedged position is eliminated, the instrument is marked to market and any resulting profit or loss recognised at that time.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

### 2. Turnover

The turnover is attributable to the principal activities of the company. An analysis of geographical turnover is given below:

		2014		2013
	Continuing I	Discontinued	Continuing .	Discontinued
	operations	operations	operations	operations
	£	£	£	£
United Kingdom	13,076,983	-	11,506,936	334,677
Overseas sales - Europe	340,722	-	1,402,982	-
Overseas sales - Rest of the World	471,286	-	665,127	-
	13,888,991		13,575,045	334,677

Discontinued operations during the year ended 30 September 2013 were in respect of the maintenance and service facilities in Aberdeen.

3. Operating cos	sts
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4.

2014	2013
£	£
7,400,316	8,284,067
	3,583,180
	84,033
935,544	949,765
12,178,969	12,901,045
2014	2013
£	£
116,182	84,033
	7,400,316 3,726,927 116,182 935,544 ——————————————————————————————————

	2014	2013
	£	£
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	116,182	84,033
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	13,035	7,366
Auditor's remuneration	27,496	12,500
Operating lease costs — land and buildings	156,454	155,301
– other	29,377	29,477
The remuneration of the auditor is further analysed below:		<del></del>
	2014	2013
	£	£
Audit of the financial statements	27,496	9,500
Other fees to auditor – taxation services	-	3,000
	27,496	12,500

for the year ended 30 September 2014

#### 5. Staff costs

6.

Money purchase schemes

	£	£
Wages and salaries	3,304,119	3,196,214
Social security costs	355,553	350,698
Other pension costs	67,255	36,268
	3,726,927	3,583,180
The average monthly number of employees during the year, including directors	s, was as follow	/s:
	2014	· 2013
	No.	No.
Administration and management	17	18
Sales and production	70	65
	87	83
Directors' emoluments		
The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services were:		
	2014	2013
	£	£
Aggregate emoluments	171,979	87,832
Value of company pension contributions to money purchase scheme	17,134	2,923
	189,113	90,755

A management charge, included in other operating charges, was paid to the parent company to cover the services of A J V Shepherd, as well as centralised overhead costs incurred by the holding company.

The number of directors who accrued benefits under company pension schemes was as follows:

2013

No.

1

2014

2014

No.

2

2013

for the year ended 30 September 2014

7. Interest payable and similar charg
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8.

	2014	2013
	£	£
Interest payable on bank borrowings	273	-
Тах		
(a) Tax on profit on ordinary activities:		
	2014	2013
	£	£
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax based on the results for the year at 22.0% (2013: 23.5%) Adjustments in respect of previous periods	315,141 983	221,122
Total current tax	316,124	221,122
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(42,213)	9,417
Effects of changes in tax rates	3,833	(272)
Adjustment in respect of previous periods	(713)	133
	(39,093)	9,278
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	277,031	230,400

### (b) Factors affecting current tax charges:

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is different to the blended rate of corporation tax in the UK of 22.0% (2013: 23.5%) and the reasons for this are set out in the following reconciliation.

	2014	2013
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1,746,264	1,053,463
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of tax Effects of:	384,130	247,549
Expenses not deductible	15,453	_
Income not taxable	(21,557)	(17,008)
Differences between capital allowances and depreciation	4,734	(9,861)
Movement in short term timing differences	37,479	442
Group relief	(105,098)	-
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	983	-
Total current tax (note 8(a))	316,124	221,122

It was substantively enacted at the reporting date that the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK will change to 21% with effect from 1 April 2014. In the budget announcement on 20 March 2013 the chancellor announced a planned reduction in the standard rate of corporation tax to 20% by 1 April 2015.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

## 9. Dividends

Amounts recognised as distributions to shareholders in the period:

						2014	2013
						£	£
Dividend	l for the year e	nded 30 Sente	ember 2014 of n	il nence			
	3.71 pence) per			n penee		-	450,000
10. Tangib	le fixed ass	sets					
				Fixtures			
		Leasehold	Plant and	and	IT	Motor	
		property	machinery	fittings	equipment	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost:							
At 1 Octo	ober 2013	26,128	543,743	79,596	128,155	1,769	779,391
Addition	S	10,398	6,644	-	15,141	=	32,183
Disposals		-	(153,329)	-	(24,606)	(1,769)	(179,704)
Reclassif	ication	43,266	(73,897)	-	30,631	-	-
At 30 Se	ptember 2014	79,792	323,161	79,596	149,321	-	631,870
Deprecia	ition:			<del></del>			
	ober 2013	13,064	367,780	69,193	80,657	1,769	532,463
Charge for	or the year	51,404	35,445	9,083	20,250	, -	116,182
Disposals	S	-	(121,072)	-	(24,606)	(1,769)	(147,447)
Reclassif	ication	15,324	(39,152)	-	23,828	-	-
At 30 Se	ptember 2014	79,792	243,001	78,276	100,129	-	501,198
Net book	value:						
At 30 Sep	ptember 2014	· -	80,160	1,320	49,192	-	130,672
At 30 Sei	ptember 2013	13,064	175,963	10,403	47,498		246,928

for the year ended 30 September 2014

#### 11. Investments

Interest in group undertakings:

	£
Cost: At 1 October 2013 and 30 September 2014	315,568
Amounts written off: At 1 October 2013 and 30 September 2014	250,568
Net book value: At 30 September 2013 and 30 September 2014	65,000

The company owns 100% of the ordinary issued equity share capital of a non-trading company, C & M Hydraulics Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

### 12. Stocks

	2014	2013
	£	£
Raw materials Work in progress	47,456 -	64,517 578,234
	47,456	642,751

There is no material difference between the balance sheet date value of raw materials and their replacement cost.

## 13. Debtors: amounts receivable within one year

	2014	2013
	£	£
Trade debtors	3,977,832	2,152,416
Amounts recoverable on contracts	1,167,853	2,367,095
Other debtors	4,622	10,182
Deferred tax (note 17)	38,603	-
Corporation tax recoverable	15,017	-
Prepayments and accrued income	77,030	29,043
	5,280,957	4,558,736
•		

for the year ended 30 September 2014

14.	Debtors:	amounts	receivable at	iter more	than one	year
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	bestore. amounts receivable after more than one year		
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Prepayments and accrued income	14,000	14,000
15.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2014	2013
		£	£
	Bank overdraft	-	322,361
	Payments received on account	388,972	210,482
	Trade creditors	1,693,483	1,304,534
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	390,956	67,842
	Corporation tax	-	131,622
	Other taxes and social security	501,558	94,442
	Other creditors	11,311	9,812
	Accruals and deferred income	1,183,177	1,208,844
		4,169,457	3,349,939
		4,169,457	3,349,939

Amounts owed to group undertakings are trading balances and do not bear interest.

### 16. Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £67,255 (2013: £36,268).

Included within other creditors there were £11,311 contributions unpaid at the year-end (2013: £9,812).

for the year ended 30 September 2014

### 17. Deferred taxation

The deferred taxation (asset)/provision included in the balance sheet is as follows:

The deferred taxation (asset) provision included in the balance sheet is as follows	75.	
	2014	2013
	£	£
Included in (debtors)/provisions	(38,603)	490
The movement in the deferred taxation (asset)/provision during the year was:		
· /·	2014	2013
	£	£
Provision/(asset) brought forward	490	(8,790)
Profit and loss account movement arising during the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(38,380) (713)	9,147 133
(Asset)/provision carried forward	(38,603)	490
The deferred taxation (asset)/provision consists of the tax effect of timing differ	ences in respect	of:
	2014	2013
	£	£
(Decelerated)/accelerated capital allowances Other timing differences	(1,010) (37,593)	2,961 (2,471)
	(38,603)	490

## 18. Commitments under operating lease arrangements

At 30 September 2014 and 30 September 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	2014		2013	
	Land and buildings	Other items	Land and buildings	Other items
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire: Less than one year Within two to five years After more than five years	9,360 151,236 -	7,456 18,852	135,000	2,722 16,128
	160,596	26,308	135,000	18,850
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for the year ended 30 September 2014

## 19. Contingencies

Bank overdrafts of the group and company are secured by a fixed and floating charge on the assets of Alderley plc and its subsidiary undertakings ("Alderley group") in favour of Lloyds Bank plc. The group's bank overdraft amounted to £nil at 30 September 2014 (2013: £nil).

Bank overdrafts form part of the wider Alderley group banking facilities which comprise contract financing facilities and related overdrafts held with Lloyds Bank plc secured by:

- An omnibus guarantee and set-off agreement covering Alderley Farms Limited, Alderley plc, Alderley-Systems Limited, Alderley FZE, C&M Hydraulics Limited, Specialised Management Services Limited, Alderley Process Technologies Limited and Kelton Engineering Limited.
- Unlimited debentures from Alderley plc, Specialised Management Services Limited, Alderley Systems Limited, Alderley Farms Limited, Kelton Engineering Limited, Alderley Process Technologies Limited and C&M Hydraulics Limited.
- A first legal charge over Alderley plc's freehold land and buildings.

The company has also given advance payment guarantees and performance bonds totalling £89,980 (2013: £nil).

Bonds become payable if the company does not meet its contractual obligations, at the request of the customer with whom the bond was issued. The company therefore seeks to ensure that such contractual obligations are met and historically no bonds have had to be paid.

## 20. Related party transactions

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Alderley plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The company's results are therefore consolidated within the group financial statements of Alderley plc. Accordingly transactions with other wholly owned Alderley plc group companies have not been disclosed due to advantage being taken of exemptions granted under Financial Reporting Standard No. 8.

#### 21. Share capital

		2014		2013
A. A. auto al	No.	£	No	£
Authorised: Ordinary shares of £1 each	481,101	481,101	481,101	481,101
		2014		2013
	No.	£	No.	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 each	480,201	480,201	480,201	480,201

for the year ended 30 September 2014

### 22. Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

	Share	Profit and loss	<i>m</i> -4-1
	capital	account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 October 2012 Profit for the year	480,201	1,325,041 823,063	1,805,242 823,063
Dividends	-	(450,000)	(450,000)
At 1 October 2013	480,201	1,698,104	2,178,305
Profit for the year	-	1,469,233	1,469,233
At 30 September 2014	480,201	3,167,337	3,647,538

## 23. Ultimate parent company and controlling party

In the opinion of the directors, the company's ultimate parent company is Alderley plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain, and registered in England and Wales. Alderley plc prepares group financial statements and copies can be obtained from Alderley House, Arnolds Field Estate, The Downs, Wickwar, Wotton-under-Edge, Gloucestershire, GL12 8JD

The ultimate controlling party of the company and Alderley plc is considered to be A J V Shepherd.