Ekay Advertising and Marketing Limited

Registered No. 3754672 Financial Statements For the year to 30 June 2005



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Company Information

DIRECTORS:

Mr E K Powell

Mr T M Rose

Mr J S McCormack

COMPANY SECRETARY:

Mr E Powell

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Kings Lodge London Road West Kingsdown Sevenoaks

Kent

TN15 6AR

COMPANY NUMBER:

3754672 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

AGN Shipleys

SOLICITORS:

Howard Kennedy

BANKERS:

NatWest Bank Plc

Report of the Directors For the year ended 30 June 2005

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2005.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year was that of a full service advertising and marketing agency.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements. The Directors consider the result for the year and future business prospects to be excellent.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of 50.50 pence per share was declared and paid on 31 July 2004, and a second interim dividend of 145.00 pence per share was declared and paid on 6 April 2005.

The directors recommended and paid a final dividend of 300.00 pence per share on 30 June 2005 based on the results for the year.

The total distribution for the year ended 30 June 2005 was £495,500.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year under review were: Mr E K Powell

Mr M Barton (resigned on 14 January 2005)
Mr T M Rose
Mr J S McCormack

The beneficial interests of the directors holding office on 30 June 2005 in the issued share capital of the company were as follows:

Ordinary £1 shares

	30 June 2005	1 July 2004
Mr E K Powell	100,000	100,000
Mr T M Rose	-	-
Mr J S McCormack	-	-

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

On 16 June 2005, Docklands Holdings Limited was incorporated as a private company under the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 and was owned and controlled by the Docklands Discretionary Trust, the beneficiary of which is Ekay Advertising & Marketing Limited. On 1July 2005, permission was granted for Docklands Holdings Limited to provide media space for advertising for third party service companies. Docklands Holdings Limited commenced trading from 1 July 2005.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 June 2005 and of the profits or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Ekay Advertising and Marketing Limited Financial Statements For the year to 30 June 2005

 prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VIII of the Companies Act 1985.

On behalf of the board:	
Storman	13-09-05
Mr E Powell (Secretary)	Date

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Shareholders of Ekay Advertising and Marketing Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Ekay Advertising and Marketing Limited for the year ended 30 June 2005 on pages 5 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or of the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statement in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accorandance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for or audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

AGN Shipleys
Registered Auditors
10 Orange Street
Haymarket
London

WC2H 7DQ

Date: 13th September 2005

Profit and Loss account For the year to 30 June 2005

For the year to 30 June 20	105		Restated
	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Turnover	1 (b)	20,106,815	11,061,278
Cost of sales		18,279,959	9,420,463
Gross profit		1,826,856	1,640,815
Administrative expenses	2	915,022	784,130
		911,834	856,685
Other operating income		8,425	5,400
Operating profit	5	920,259	862,085
Interest receivable and similar income		82,186	11,193
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,002,445	873,278
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	250,895	290,987
Profit for the financial year after taxation		751,550	582,291
Dividends – interim and final	7	495,500	40,722
		256,050	541,569
Retained profit brought forward	15	642,832	101,263
Retained profit carried forward	15	£898,882 =======	£642,832 =====

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the profit and loss account.

Continuing Operations

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current and previous years.

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses For the year to 30 June 2005

	Notes	2005	Restated 2004
Destit for the five and of the		£	£
Profit for the financial year after taxation		751,550	582,291
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year		751,550	£582,291
Prior period adjustment	1h	139,455	=======================================
Total gains and losses recognised since last annual			
report		£612,095	
		=========	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Balance sheet As at 30 June 2005

		200	05	Rest	_
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	8		315,478		71,713
Current assets Debtors within one year Debtors more than one year Cash at bank and in hand	9 9	2,394,253 1,747,511		1,632,987 350,023 953,514	
		4,141,764		2,936,524	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	3,458,360		2,265,405	
Net current assets			683,404		671,119
Total assets less current Liabilities			£998, 882		£742,832
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12 15		100,000 898,882		100,000 642,832
Shareholders funds - equity	18		£998,882		£742,832

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this balance sheet.

On behalf of the board:

Mr E K Powell – Director

Cash Flow Statement As at 30 June 2005

		2005	Restated 2004
	Notes	£	£
Net cash inflow from operating activities	Α	2,289,831	364,346
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	В	82,186	11,193
Taxation		(290,987)	(47,018)
Capital expenditure	В	(294,227)	(26,717)
Equity dividends paid		(495,500)	(40,722)
		1,291,303	261,082
Financing	В	***************************************	(184)
Increase in cash in the period		£1,291,303 ========	£260,898 ========
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds			
Increase in cash in the period	С	1,291,303	260,898
Change in net funds resulting from cash flows		1,291,303	260,898
Movement in net funds in the period		1,291,303	260,898
Net funds at 1 July	С	456,208	195,310
Net funds at 30 June	С	£1,747,511 ========	£456,208 =======

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement For the Year Ended 30 June 2005

A. RECONCILLIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2005	Restated 2004
	£	£
Operating profit	920,259	862,085
Depreciation charges	48,098	28,601
Loss/(profit) on sale of fixed assets	2,364	(3)
(Increase) in debtors	(411,243)	(814,158)
Increase in creditors	1,730,353	` 287,821
Net cash inflow	**************************************	
from operating activities	2,289,831	364,346
	=========	=========

B. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	2005	Restated 2004
	£	£
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received	82,186	11,193
Net cash inflow For returns on investments and servicing of finance	82,186 =======	11,193
Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets	(442,227) 148,000	(26,869) 152
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure	(294,227)	(26,717)
Financing Amount withdrawn by directors	_	(184)
Net cash outflow from financing	-	(184)

c. ANALYSIS OF CHANGE IN NET FUNDS

	At 1 July 2004	Cashflow	At 30 June 2005
	£	£	£
Net cash: Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts	953,514 (497,306)	793,997 497,306	1,747,511
Total	456,208 =========	1,291,303	1,747,511
Analysed in Balance Sheet			
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts	953,514 (497,306)		1,747,511 -
	£456,208		£1,747,511

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

b. Turnover, cost of sales and revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the gross amounts billed to date in respect of commission-based income together with the total of other fees earned. Cost of sales comprises media payments and production costs. Revenue comprises commission and fees earned in respect of turnover. Revenue consists of various arrangements involving commissions, fees, incentive-based revenue or a combination of the three, as agreed upon with each client. Revenue is recognised when the service is performed, in accordance with the terms of the contractual arrangement. Direct costs include fees paid to external suppliers where they are retained to perform part or all of a specific project for a client and the resulting expenditure is directly attributable to the revenue earned. Turnover and revenue are stated exclusive of VAT, sales tax and trade discounts.

c. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are shown at cost less accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property -50 years Leasehold property -life of lease

Fixtures and fittings -25% on reducing balance per annum Motor vehicles -25% on reducing balance per annum

Computer equipment -33% on cost per annum

d. Current taxation

Corporate taxes are payable on taxable profits at current rates.

e. Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet dated where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more taxation in the future or a right to pay less taxation in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in taxation assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. A net deferred taxation asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred taxation is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis.

f. Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a systematic basis. Any premium or discount on the acquisition of a lease is spread over the life of the lease or until the date of the first rent review.

g. Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable for the year are charged in the profit and loss account.

h. Prior Period Adjustment – fundamental error

The prior period adjustment relates to certain invoices raised in advance and deferred costs incorrectly allocated at the previous year end.

The effect of this adjustment is to increase cost of sales and accruals in 2004 by £139,455.

2. STAFF COSTS

3.

•	2005 £	2004 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs Redundancy cost	508,080 58,416 7,313 18,000	463,397 51,049 6,815
=	591,809	521,261 =========
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as	follows:	Restated
	2005	2004
Accounts Admin Press Other Media Broadcast Graphics & Print	4 2 4 1 3 4 — 18 ==	2 3 1 3 3
DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
	2005	Restated 2004
Directors' emoluments	£ 186,501	£ 222,551
Company contributions to money purchase pension scheme	6,435	5,326
· -	192,936	227,877
The number of directors accruing benefits under a money purchase pension scheme was 2 (2004 : 2)		
Highest paid director - emoluments - company contributions to money purchase	71,147	100,497
pension scheme	4,946	Annual Manual Ma

The highest paid director did not have any share options at any time during the year.

100,497

76,093

4. PENSIONS

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The total contributions paid during the period were as follows:-

	2005	Restated 2004
	£	£
Pension contributions	7,313	6,815

At the year end none remained payable.

5. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

		Restated
	2005	2004
	£	£
Hire of plant and machinery	847	627
Other operating leases	23,450	7,724
Rental income	(8,425)	(5,400)
Depreciation ~ owned assets	48,098	28,601
Loss/(Profit) on disposal of fixed assets	2,364	(3)
Auditors' remuneration	10,000	2,980
	5=======	=========

6. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:

	2005 £	Restated 2004 £
Current tax: UK Corporation tax at 24.65% (2004 (restated): 33.32%) on the adjusted results for the year	247,135	290,987
Underprovision from prior year	3,760	**************************************
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	250,895 =======	290, 987
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,002,445 ========	873,278 ========

Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 32.75% (2004 (restated):		
32.75%)	328,301	285,999
Effects of:		
Marginal rate	(41,250)	(41,250)
Prior period adjustment	(45,672)	45,672
Depreciation for the year in excess of capital allowances	2,632	-
Capital allowances for the year in excess of depreciation	-	(1,989)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3,124	2,555
Short term timing differences		
Current tax charge for year	247,135	290,987
	===	

7. DIVIDENDS

		2005	Restated 2004
		£	£
Equity			
shares:			
Interim	 - 31 May 2004 (40.722p per share) 		40,722
	 - 31 July 2004 (50.50p per share) 	50,500	
	- 6 April 2005 (145.00p per share)	145,000	
Final	- 30 June 2005 (300.00p per share)	300,000	
		495,500	40,722
		========	==========

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold Property	Leasehold Property	Fixtures and Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Totals
	£	£	£	£	£	£
COST: At 1 July 2004 Additions Disposals	215,000	145,000 (145,000)	18,190 16,719	78,196 32,936 (18,495)	61,909 32,572 -	158,295 442,227 (163,495)
At 30 June 2005	215,000	-	34,909	92,637	94,481	437,027
DEPRECIATION: At 1 July 2004 Charge for year Eliminated on disposals	1,075 -	- - -	7,117 6,126 -	41,877 12,962 (13,131)	37,588 27,935 -	86,582 48,098 (13,131)
At 30 June 2005	1,075		13,243	41,708	65,523	121,549
NET BOOK VALUE: At 30 June 2005 At 30 June 2004	213,925 =======		21,666 ====== 11,073	50, 929 ====== 36,319	28,958 ======= 24,321	315,478 ===== 71,713
,	222222	=======	=======	======	=======	======

9. DEBTORS

Amounts falling due within one year:	2005 £	Restated 2004 £
Trade debtors VAT Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	2,157,920 - 125,048 111,285	1,626,298 233 100 6,356
	2,394,253	1,632,987
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Other debtors	-	350,023 ===========
Aggregate amounts	2,394,253 =========	1,983,010 ==========

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Restated 2005 2004	
	£	£
Bank overdraft	-	497,306
Trade creditors	2,650,944	1,191,948
Directors current accounts	393	2
Social security & other taxes	28,253	72,347
Taxation	250,895	290,987
Accruals and deferred income	527,875	212,815
	3,458,360	2,265,405
	=======================================	

11. LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS

An analysis of the maturity of loans and overdrafts is given below:

	2005 £	Restated 2004 £
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
Bank overdrafts	-	497,306
	========	==========

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised, allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2005	Restated 2004
100,000	Ordinary	£1	£ 100,000	£ 100,000
	•		========	========

13. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 30 June 2005, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

Operating leases which expire between one and five years: £14,000 (2004 (restated): £26,900)

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

53 Bath Street, which was occupied by the company during the year, was owned by Mr E K Powell's Funded Unapproved Retirement Benefit Scheme ('the FURBS'). The total rent paid during the year was £9,450 (2004 (restated) - £nil).

On 3 March 2005, 53 Bath Street, which was owned by the FURBS, was acquired by the Company for the consideration of £212,500, the market value of the property prevailing at the time.

The loan to the FURBS at the beginning of the year was £350,023. Interest was charged at 3% above NatWest Bank plc's base rate payable annually in arrears.

On 30 June 2005, the FURBS settled an outstanding loan and accrued interest lent to it by the Company which totalled £126,390. The total amount of interest charged on the loan during the year was £24,865. The balance outstanding from the FURBS at 30 June 2005 was £nil (2004 (restated) - £350,023.

54 Bath Street, which was also occupied by the Company during the year, is owned by Mr E K Powell's Self Invested Pension Plan. The total rent paid during the year was £14,000 (2004 (restated) - £14,000).

On 6 April 2005, a Trust formed by Mr E K Powell, the beneficiary of which was Mr E K Powell's son, acquired a residential property from the Company at 12 Seaford Court, Rochester for £145,000.

15. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	2005	Restated 2004
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	751,550	582,291
Dividends paid – interim and final	(495,500)	(40,722)
Retained profit for the year	256,050	541,569
Retained profit brought forward	642,832	101,263
Retained profit carried forward	898,882	642,832
Retained profit carried forward	898,882 =======	642,8 ========

16. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate controlling party is Mr E K Powell.

17. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 16 June 2005, Docklands Holdings Limited was incorporated as a private company under the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 and was owned and controlled by the Docklands Discretionary Trust, the beneficiary of which is Ekay Advertising & Marketing Limited. On 1 July 2005, permission was granted for Docklands Holdings Limited to provide media space for advertising for third party service companies. Docklands Holdings Limited commenced trading from 1 July 2005.

The Directors consider that Docklands Holdings Limited is a Quasi Subsidiary of Ekay Advertising & Marketing Limited as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 5 by virtue of the fact that the benefits to Ekay Advertising & Marketing Limited are in substance no different from those that would arise were the vehicle a subsidiary.

The results of Docklands Holdings Limited will be consolidated in to the results of the Company in the future.

18. RECONCILLIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2005	Restated 2004
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	751,550	582,291
Dividends	(495,500)	(40,722)
Net addition to shareholders' funds	256,050	541,569
Opening shareholders' funds	742,832	201,263
Closing shareholders' funds	£998,882	£742,832
	*=====	=========
Equity interests	£998,882	£742,832
	*=====	=========