Registered Number 03754386

WATERCARE SYSTEMS LTD.

Abbreviated Accounts

30 April 2016

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2016

	Notes	2016	2015
		£	£
Called up share capital not paid		-	-
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	71,904	77,374
		71,904	77,374
Current assets			
Stocks		30,595	49,575
Debtors		31,891	50,489
Cash at bank and in hand		22,426	14,086
		84,912	114,150
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(154,207)	(173,606)
Net current assets (liabilities)		(69,295)	(59,456)
Total assets less current liabilities		2,609	17,918
Provisions for liabilities		-	(1,819)
Total net assets (liabilities)		2,609	16,099
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		1,609	15,099
Shareholders' funds		2,609	16,099

- For the year ending 30 April 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 10 January 2017

And signed on their behalf by:

Brian Vere, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 30 April 2016

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover policy

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings - 2% straight line Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance Fixtures, fittings - 25% reducing balance and equipment Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

Valuation information and policy

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Other accounting policies

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 May 2015	181,797
Additions	2,605
Disposals	(18,128)
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 30 April 2016	166,274
Depreciation	
At 1 May 2015	104,423
Charge for the year	6,374
On disposals	(16,427)
At 30 April 2016	94,370
Net book values	
At 30 April 2016	71,904
At 30 April 2015	77,374

3 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016	2015
	£	£
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000

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