Company Number: 03744396

## **BULL RING (GP) LIMITED**

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2018

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DIRECTORS' REPORT Year ended 31 December 2018

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and consequently no Strategic Report has been prepared.

## 1. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The principal activity of Bull Ring (GP) Limited (the "Company") is to act as the General Partner to The Bull Ring Limited Partnership ("the Partnership") which owns and operates the Bullring Shopping Centre in Birmingham. Bull Ring Joint Venture Unit Trust, Hammerson Bull Ring Limited, HSCF BRLP1 Limited and HSCF BRLP2 Limited are the Limited Partners of the Partnership, and collectively have an interest of 99.54% in the Partnership, with the Company owning the remaining 0.46%. The Directors do not anticipate any significant change in the principal activity in the foreseeable future.

### 2. RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year after tax was £207,000 (2017: £157,000). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2017: £nil).

Net assets for the Company as at 31 December 2018 were £949,000 (2017: £742,000).

### 3. DIRECTORS

- (a) Mr. W.S. Austin, Mr. M. R. Bourgeois, Mr. T.O. Jackson, Mr. S.C. Travis, Mr. M.B. White and Mr. S. Wicks were Directors of the Company throughout the year.
- (b) Mr. C.M. Parfitt resigned as a Director of the Company on 6 April 2018.
- (c) Ms. K.E. Friend was appointed as a Director of the Company on 6 April 2018.
- (d) Mr. T. Barlow resigned as an alternate Director of the Company on 10 October 2018.
- (e) Ms. I. A. Panova was appointed as an alternate Director of the Company on 10 October 2018.
- (f) In accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, the Directors are not required to retire by rotation.
- (g) No Director has any interests in contracts entered into by the Company.

### 4. SECRETARY

Hammerson Company Secretarial Limited was Secretary of the Company throughout the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)
Year ended 31 December 2018

### GOING CONCERN

The Directors have considered the use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements as at 31 December 2018 and concluded that it was appropriate. More information is provided in note 1(b) to the financial statements.

### 6. <u>INDEMNITY</u>

The Company's ultimate parent companies are Hammerson plc, Canada Pension Plan Investment Board and the UK Shopping Centre Fund. Hammerson plc has put in place qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its respective directors of the Company, which were in place throughout the year and remain in place at the date of approval of this report.

### 7. <u>INDEPENDENT AUDITORS</u>

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP shall be deemed to be re-appointed as auditors for a further term under the provisions of section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

# 8. <u>STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

## 8. <u>STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Directors' confirmations**

In the case of each Director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved:

- (a) so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- (b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

By order of the Board

J. Crane

For and on behalf of Hammerson Company Secretarial Limited acting as Secretary

Date: 11 September 2019

Registered Office: Kings Place, 90 York Way London N1 9GE

Registered in England and Wales No 07784823

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BULL RING (GP) LIMITED

## Report on the audit of the financial statements

### Opinion

In our opinion, Bull Ring (GP) Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018; the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We remained independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. For example, the terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear, and it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications on the Company's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

### Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BULL RING (GP) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

### Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

### Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

### Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

### Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

### Other required reporting

### Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BULL RING (GP) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

### **Entitlement to exemptions**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors were not entitled to: take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Paul Cragg (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Date: | Sept. 2019

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Investment income	3	251	201_
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		251	201
Taxation	4(a)	(44)	(44)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and total comprehensive income for the financial year	· 	207	157

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET
As at 31 December 2018

	Note		)18	201	
Non-current assets Investments	5	£'000	£'000 686	£'000	£'000 686
Current assets Receivables	6	313		106	
Current liabilities Payables	7 _	(50)	_	(50)	
Net current assets		-	263	_	56
Total assets less current assets			949		742
Net assets		-	949	_	742
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Retained earnings	8 10	-	2 947	_	2 740
Shareholders' equity			949	_	742

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 11 September 2019 and were signed on its behalf.

W.S. Austin

Director

Company Number: 03744396

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2017	2	583	585
Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year		157	157
Balance at 31 December 2017	2	740	742
Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year		207	207
Balance at 31 December 2018	2	947	949

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year, unless otherwise stated.

### (a) Basis of accounting

### Basis of preparation

Bull Ring (GP) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out on page 1. The address of the registered office is Kings Place, 90 York Way, London N1 9GE.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS 102") as issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The presentation currency used is sterling and amounts have been presented in round thousands ("£000s"). The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services.

As the Company is not wholly-owned, it is not entitled under FRS 102 from an exemption to prepare a cash flow statement. However, the Company does not have a bank account and has not been party to any cash transactions and consequently no cash flow statement has been presented.

### (b) Going concern

The financial position of the Company is as set out in the balance sheet. The Directors have reviewed the current and projected financial position of the Company, making reasonable assumptions about the future trading performance. After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### (c) Investment income

Investment income represents the Company's share of the profit distributions receivable from The Bull Ring Limited Partnership and is included within the statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (d) Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments, including investments in subsidiaries and other related undertakings, are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

### (e) <u>Taxation</u>

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

### (f) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, after taking account of any discount on issue and attributable transaction costs. Subsequently, borrowings are held at amortised cost, such that discounts and costs are charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the term of the borrowing at a constant return on the carrying value of the liability.

### (g) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs). Financial assets and liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the balance sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the Company transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the Company, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party. Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

### (h) Loans receivable

Loans receivable are financial assets which are initially measured at fair value, plus acquisition costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (i) Critical accounting policies and estimation uncertainties

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both the current and future periods.

The Company's critical judgement and area of estimation uncertainty is in respect of the valuation of investments. The Company's investments includes its investment in The Bull Ring Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"), which is carried in the balance sheet at historical cost less provision for impairment, which is valued by the Directors based upon the net assets of the Partnership in which the Company invests. The principal asset of the Partnership is its investment properties which are valued six monthly by professional qualified external valuers. The Directors must ensure they are satisfied that the Company's investment in the Partnership is appropriate for the financial statements. The basis of valuation of the Partnership's investment properties is set out in the notes to the financial statements of the Partnership for the year ended 31 December 2018.

### 2. ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

The average number of employees during the year, excluding Directors, was nil (2017: nil).

The Directors did not receive any remuneration for their services from the Company in the year (2017: £nil), having been paid by other related undertakings. It is deemed impractical to allocate their remuneration between related undertakings for the purpose of disclosure.

The audit fee allocated to the audit of the Company for 2018 is £1,530 (2017: £2,200). The fees have been paid by The Bull Ring Limited Partnership in the current year.

### 3. INVESTMENT INCOME

HAVEOTHERY HADDINE	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Distributions receivable from The Bull Ring Limited		
Partnership	251	201

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

#### 4. **TAXATION**

#### (a) Tax charge

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
UK corporation tax	44	44

#### (a) Factors affecting total tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit for the year is different from the standard rate of corporation tax of 19% (2017: 19.25%). The differences are reconciled below:

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	251	201
Profit at UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2017: 19.25%)	48	39
Effects of: Distributions from fixed asset investments Share of partnership taxable income	(48) 44	(39) 44
Total tax charge for the year	44	44
INVESTMENTS		
Investment in The Bull Ring Limited Partnership		

### 5.

Investment in The Bull Ring Limited Partnership		
·	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Cost and net book value		
At 1 January and 31 December	686	686

The Company has a 0.46% interest in The Bull Ring Limited Partnership which is registered in England and Wales and holds for investment the Bullring Shopping Centre in Birmingham. The address of the registered office is Kings Place, 90 York Way, London N1 9GE.

6.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

**RECEIVABLES: CURRENT ASSETS** 

		£'000	£'000
	Amounts owed by The Bull Ring Limited Partnership	313	106
	Amounts owed by The Bull Ring Limited Partnership are non-interest bearing. All amounts owed are unsecured.	repayable on	demand and are
7.	PAYABLES: CURRENT LIABILITIES	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
	Amounts owed to Hammerson plc Corporation tax	6 44	50
		50	50_

2018

2017

Amounts owed to The Bull Ring Limited Partnership are repayable on demand and are non-interest bearing. All amounts owed are unsecured.

## 8. CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2018 £	2017 £
Authorised: 180,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each	1,800	1,800
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 180,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each	1,800	1,800

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying values of the Company's financial assets are summarised by category below:

Financial assets	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Measured at amortised cost: Amounts owed by The Bull Ring Limited Partnership	313	106
Financial liabilities  Measured at amortised cost:  Amounts owed to Hammerson plc	66	_

### 10. RESERVES

The following describes the nature and purpose of each reserve within equity:

Reserve	Description and purpose
Share capital	Nominal value of share capital subscribed for
Retained earnings	Cumulative profits and losses less any dividends paid

### 11. ADVANCES, CREDIT AND GUARANTEES

The Company did not grant any credits, advances or guarantees of any kind to its Directors during the year.

### 12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

Other than disclosed in notes 3, 4, 5, and 6 there were no material related party transactions during the year. The Company entered into related party transactions or had balances outstanding with the following related parties:

Related party undertaking	Relationship
The Bull Ring Limited Partnership	Investment – see note 5
Hammerson plc	Ultimate controlling party

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 13. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANIES AND CONTROLLING PARTIES

At 31 December 2018, Bull Ring (GP2) Limited, HSCF (Bull Ring) Limited and Hammerson Birmingham Properties Limited each owned 60,000 ordinary £0.01 shares in the Company. These companies are registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling parties are Hammerson plc, Canada Pension Plan Investment Board and the UK Shopping Centre Fund, which are registered in England and Wales and overseas.

The consolidated financial statements of the ultimate controlling parties are available from:

Hammerson plc The Company Secretarial Department.

Kings Place 90 York Way London N1 9GE Canada Pension Plan Investment Board

Company Secretary Suite 2600 One

Queen Street East, Toronto

M5C 2W5, Canada

UK Shopping Centre Fund BNP Paribas Jersey Trust Corporation and Anley Trustees Limited BNP Paribas House Anley Street, St Helier Jersey, JE2 3QE

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Partnership registration: LP6353

## THE BULL RING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2018

These Partnership
Accounts Form
Part of the Account
Of company
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REPORT OF THE GENERAL PARTNER
Year ended 31 December 2018

Bull Ring (GP) Limited (the "General Partner") submits its report and the audited financial statements for The Bull Ring Limited Partnership's (the "Partnership") for the year ended 31 December 2018.

### 1. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The principal activity of the Partnership is property investment in the United Kingdom. The General Partner does not anticipate any significant change in the principal activity in the foreseeable future.

### 2. RESULTS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

The Partnership made a loss for the financial year before partners' interests of £68,190,000 (2017 profit: £83,750,000). Distributions of £54,470,000 were made during the year (2017: £43,673,000).

Net assets for the Partnership as at 31 December 2018 were £1,153,116,000 (2017: £1,275,776,000).

### 3. DIRECTORS OF THE GENERAL PARTNER

- (a) Mr. W.S. Austin, Mr. M. R. Bourgeois, Mr. T.O. Jackson, Mr. S.C. Travis, Mr. M.B. White and Mr. S. Wicks were Directors of the General Partner throughout the year.
- (b) Mr. C.M. Parfitt resigned as a Director of the General Partner on 6 April 2018.
- (c) Ms. K.E. Friend was appointed as a Director of the General Partner on 6 April 2018.
- (d) Mr. T. Barlow resigned as an alternate Director of the General Partner on 10 October 2018.
- (e) Ms. I. A. Panova was appointed as an alternate Director of the General Partner on 10 October 2018.
- (f) In accordance with the Articles of Association of the General Partner, the Directors are not required to retire by rotation.
- (g) No Director has any interests in contracts entered into by the General Partner.

### 4. <u>INDEMNITY</u>

The General Partner's ultimate parent companies are Hammerson pic, Canada Pension Plan Investment Board and the UK Shopping Centre Fund. Hammerson pic has put in place qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its respective directors of the General Partner, which were in place throughout the year and remain in place at the date of approval of this report.

### 5. GOING CONCERN

The Directors of the General Partner have considered the use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements as at 31 December 2018 and concluded that it was appropriate. More information is provided in note 1(b) to the financial statements.

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REPORT OF THE GENERAL PARTNER (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 6. INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP shall be deemed to be re-appointed as auditors for a further term under the provisions of section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

# 7. <u>STATEMENT OF GENERAL PARTNER RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law, as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations"), requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the General Partner has prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law, as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the qualifying partnership and of the profit or loss of the qualifying partnership for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements:
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the qualifying partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the qualifying partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the qualifying partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations.

The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the qualifying partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE GENERAL PARTNER (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

# 7. STATEMENT OF GENERAL PARTNER RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In the case of each Director of the General Partner in office at the date the Report of the General Partner is approved:

- (a) so far as the General Partner is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditors are unaware; and
- (b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a General Partner in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditors are aware of that information.

Approved by Bull Ring (GP) Limited, General Partner, and signed on its behalf

W. S. Austin

Director

Date: 11 September 2019

STRATEGIC REPORT
Year ended 31 December 2018

### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE PROSPECTS**

The Partnership's principal business is to hold certain investments in Birmingham City Centre including the Bullring Shopping Centre. The Directors of the General Partner do not expect any significant changes to the business in the foreseeable future.

The Directors of the General Partner have considered the use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements as at 31 December 2018 and concluded that it was appropriate. More information is provided in note 1(b) to the financial statements.

The Directors of the General Partner consider the following measures to be key performance indicators for the Partnership: net rental income, property valuation and total return.

The Partnership's properties produced net rental income of £50,561,000 in 2018 compared with £50,182,000 in 2017. The total of capital expenditure incurred and amortisation of lease incentives was a net credit of £3,816,000 (2017: net debit £3,930,000), and there was a revaluation loss of £118,134,000 during the year (2017: gain £34,155,000). Further details are provided in note 6(a) to the financial statements. The total property valuation at 31 December 2018 was £1,145,850,000 (2017: £1,267,800,000). The IPD total return for the property was -5.5% in 2018 (2017:  $\pm$ 7.0%).

The key risks facing the Partnership relate to tenant exposure and the strength of the UK property market. Tenants' covenants are monitored at the start of leasing agreements and on an ongoing basis to minimise the risk of default. The General Partner monitors the UK property market through the analysis of market forecasts and the performance of the property assets are compared against target returns. The Partnership has a risk forum for managing the key development risks.

Approved by Bull Ring (GP) Limited, General Partner, and signed on its behalf

W. S. Austin

Director

Date: 11 September 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE PARTNERS OF THE BULL RING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

## Report on the audit of the financial statements

### Opinion

In our opinion, The Bull Ring Limited Partnership's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the qualifying partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its loss and cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018; the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We remained independent of the qualifying partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the general partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the general partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the qualifying partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
  basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern. For example, the terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear, and it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications on the qualifying partnership's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

### Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The general partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Report of the General Partner, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE PARTNERS OF THE BULL RING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (CONTINUED)

Strategic Report and Report of the General Partner

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Report of the General Partner for the year ended 31 December 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the qualifying partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Report of the General Partner.

### Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the General Partner for the financial statements,

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partners' Responsibilities, the general partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The general partner is also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the general partner is responsible for assessing the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the general partner either intends to liquidate the qualifying partnership or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

### Use of this report

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the partners of the qualifying partnership as a body in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

## Other required reporting

### Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the qualifying partnership, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of general partner's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Paul Cragg (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

Date | | Sept 2019

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Revenue* Rents payable and other property outgoings	3 3	69,104 (18,543)	67,060 (16,878)
Net rental income	3	50,561	50,182
Administration expenses	4	(654)	(593)
Operating profit before property revaluation (losses)/gains		49,907	49,589
Revaluation (losses)/gains on properties	6(a)	(118,134)	34,155
Operating (loss)/profit		(68,227)	83,744
Net finance income	5	37	6
(Loss)/Profit and total comprehensive (expense)/income for the financial year before partners' interests		(68,190)	83,750

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

<sup>\*</sup>The new financial statement line "Revenue" replaces the previously reported "Gross rental income". Comparative figures have been amended accordingly. See note 1 for further details.

BALANCE SHEET
As at 31 December 2018

	Note	2	018	20	017
		£'000	£'000	£,000	£'000
Non-current assets Investment properties	6(a)		1,145,850		1,267,800
Current assets Receivables Restricted monetary assets Cash and deposits	7 8 9	4,768 8,824 19,077		3,368 7,760 20,378	
Current liabilities Payables	10	32,669 (23,982)		31,506 (22,317)	
Net current assets			8,687	-	9,189
Total assets less current liabilities			1,154,537		1,276,989
Non-current liabilities Payables	11		(1,421)		(1,213)
Net assets			1,153,116		1,275,776
Represented by:					
Partners' equity Partners' capital accounts Partners' current accounts	12 12		149,151 1,003,965	-	149,151 1,126,625
			1,153,116	•	1,275,776

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors of the General Partner on 11 September 2019 and were signed on its behalf.

W. S. Austin Director

Partnership registration: LP6353

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Partners' capital accounts £'000	Partners' current accounts £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2017	149,151	1,086,548	1,235,699
Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	83,750	83,750
Distributions to partners	_	(43,673)	(43,673)
Balance at 31 December 2017	149,151	1,126,625	1,275,776
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the financial year	-	(68,190)	(68,190)
Distributions to partners	-	(54,470)	(54,470)
Balance at 31 December 2018	149,151	1,003,965	1,153,116

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT For the year ended 31 December 2018

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Operating activities Operating profit before property revaluation (losses)/gains Increase in restricted monetary assets Increase in receivables Increase in payables Non-cash items	49,907 (1,064) (1,400) 1,873 2,138	49,589 (1,764) (764) 1,120 2,603
Cash generated from operations	51,454	50,784
Interest received Interest paid	37 (1)	7 (1)
Cash flows from operating activities	51,490	50,790
Investing activities Capital expenditure	1,679	(6,533)
Cash flows from investing activities	1,679	(6,533)
Financing activities Distributions to partners	(54,470)	(43,673)
Cash flows from financing activities	(54,470)	(43,673)
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and deposits in the year	(1,301)	584
Opening cash and deposits	20,378	19,794
Closing cash and deposits	19,077	20,378

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year, unless otherwise stated.

### (a) Basis of accounting

During 2018, a new 'Revenue' line has been included within the Statement of Comprehensive Income which replaces the previously presented 'Gross rental income'. An analysis of 'Revenue' is provided in note 3 to the financial statements. For management reporting purposes, Gross rental income and Net rental income remain the primary income measures.

### Basis of preparation

The Bull Ring Limited Partnership is registered pursuant to the provisions of The Limited Partnerships Act 1907. The Partnerships and Unlimited Companies (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/569) require certain qualifying partnerships to prepare and have audited financial statements as required for a company by the Companies Act 2006. The nature of the Partnership's operations and its principal activities are set out on page 4. The address of the registered office of the General Partner is the same as that of Hammerson plc, one of the ultimate controlling parties, which is Kings Place, 90 York Way, London, N1 9GE.

These financial statements were prepared in compliance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS 102") as issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the Companies Act 2006.

The presentation currency used is sterling and amounts have been presented in round thousands ("£000s"). The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of investment properties. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services.

The Partnership is a joint venture between Hammerson plc, Canada Pension Plan Investment Board and the UK Shopping Centre Fund and is equity accounted into the group financial statements of these entities of which are all publicly available (see note 17).

### (b) Going concern

The financial position of the Partnership is as set out in the balance sheet. The Directors of the General Partner have reviewed the current and projected financial position of the Partnership, making reasonable assumptions about the future trading performance. After making enquiries, the Directors of the General Partner have a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (c) Net rental income

Rental income from investment property leased out under an operating lease is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Non-rental income such as car park or commercialisation income or contingent rents, such as turnover rents, rent reviews and indexation, are recorded as income in the period in which they are earned. Rent reviews are recognised when such reviews have been agreed with tenants.

Lease incentives and costs associated with entering into tenant leases are amortised over the lease term or, if the probability that the break option will be exercised is considered high, over the period to the first break option.

Property operating expenses, including any operating expenditure not recovered from tenants through service charges, are charged to the income statement as incurred.

Included in net rental income is £2,443,000 (2017: £2,451,000) of contingent rents calculated by reference to tenants' turnover.

### (d) <u>Investment properties</u>

The Partnership applies the fair value accounting model to investment properties, being market value determined by professionally qualified external valuers. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. All costs directly associated with the purchase and construction of a property are capitalised.

### (e) Loans receivable

Loans receivable are financial assets which are initially measured at fair value, plus acquisition costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

### (f) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, after taking account of any discount on issue and attributable transaction costs. Subsequently, borrowings are held at amortised cost, such that discounts and costs are charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the term of the borrowing at a constant return on the carrying value of the liability.

### (g) Net finance income

Net finance income includes interest payable on borrowings, net of interest receivable on funds invested and is included in the statement of comprehensive income.

### (h) <u>Distributions</u>

Distributions are paid to the partners out of realised profits which are available for distribution. Distributions are recognised in the period in which they are approved within the statement of changes in equity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (i) Cash and cash equivalents and restricted monetary assets

Cash and deposits comprise cash and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less which are readily accessible. Restricted monetary assets relate to cash balances which legally belong to the Partnership but which the Partnership cannot readily access. These do not meet the definition of cash and cash equivalents and consequently are presented separately from cash and deposits in the Partnership's balance sheet.

### (i) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Partnership becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs). Financial assets and liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the balance sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Partnership intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the Partnership transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the Partnership, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party. Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

### (k) Critical accounting policies and estimation uncertainties

In the application of the Partnership's accounting policies, the Directors of the General Partner are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both the current and future periods.

The Partnership's critical judgement and area of estimation uncertainty is in respect of property valuations. The Partnership's investment property, which is carried in the balance sheet at fair value, is valued six-monthly by professionally qualified external valuers and the Directors of the General Partner must ensure that they are satisfied that the valuation of the Partnership's property is appropriate for the financial statements. Investment properties, excluding properties held for development, are valued by adopting the 'investment method' of valuation. This approach involves applying capitalisation yields to future rental income streams with appropriate adjustments for income voids arising from vacancies or rent-free periods. These capitalisation yields and future income streams are derived from comparable property and leasing transactions and are considered to be the key inputs in the valuation. Other factors that are taken into account include the tenure of the property, tenancy details and ground and structural conditions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
Year ended 31 December 2018

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (k) <u>Critical accounting policies and estimation uncertainties (continued)</u>

In the case of on-site developments, the approach applied is the 'residual method' of valuation, which is the investment method of valuation as described above with a deduction for all costs necessary to complete the development, together with a further allowance for remaining risk, developers' profit and purchasers' costs. Properties held for future development are generally valued by adopting the higher of the residual method of valuation allowing for all associated risks, or the investment method of valuation for the existing assets.

### 2. LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT ('The Agreement')

- (a) The Agreement dated 21 July 1999 states that the purpose of the Partnership is to carry out property investment and development.
- (b) During the year Bull Ring (GP) Limited acting as the General Partner had an interest of 0.46% in the profits and assets of the Partnership.
- (c) At 31 December 2018, Hammerson Bull Ring Limited and Bull Ring Joint Venture Unit Trust acting as Limited Partners had interests of 33.18% each in the profits and assets of the Partnership. HSCF BRLP1 Limited and HSCF BRLP2 Limited acting as Limited Partnershad interests of 16.9218% and 16.2582% respectively in the profits and assets of the Partnership.

## 3. NET RENTAL INCOME

	2018	2017
	£'000	£,000
Base rent	44,384	44,613
Turnover rent	2,443	2,451
Car park income	8,161	7,105
Lease incentive recognition	(1,080)	(1,811)
Other rental income	4,351	4,555
Gross rental income	58,259	56,913
Service charge income	10,845	10,147
Revenue	69,104	67,060
Service charge expenses	(11,343)	(10,156)
Inclusive lease costs recovered through rent	(237)	(320)
Other property outgoings	<u>(6,963)</u>	(6,402)
Rents payable and other property outgoings	(18,543)	(16,878)
Net rental income	50,561	50,182

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 4. ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	2018	2017
	£'000	£,000
Management fees payable to Hammerson UK Properties plc	750	<b>6</b> 08
Valuation fees	85	84
Fees payable to the Partnership's auditors for the audit of		
the Partnership's financial statements	11	11
Insurance administration credit	(192)	(110)
<u> </u>	654	593

The Partnership had no employees in the current or preceding financial year.

The Directors of the General Partner did not receive any remuneration for their services from the Partnership in the year (2017; £nil), having been paid by other related undertakings. It is deemed impractical to allocate their remuneration between related undertakings for the purpose of disclosure. The services of the Directors of the General Partner are of a non-executive nature.

### 5. NET FINANCE INCOME

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Interest receivable Other interest payable	38 (1)	7 (1)
	37	6

### 6. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

(a) The movements in the year on the valuation of properties were:

Long leasehold	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
At 1 January	1,267,800	1,229,715
Additions at cost - see note 6(c)	(1,679)	6,533
Amortisation of lease incentives	(2,137)	(2,603)
(Loss)/Gain on revaluation	(118,134)	34,155
At 31 December	1,145,850	1,267,800

- (b) The properties are stated at fair value at 31 December 2018, valued by professionally qualified external valuers, Cushman & Wakefield Debenham Tie Leung, Chartered Surveyors. The valuations have been prepared in accordance with the RICS Valuation Professional Standards 2014 based on certain assumptions as set out in note 1(k).
- (c) Negative additions in 2018 include £4 million of contributions from contractors and tenants to remedy identified structural defects. This has been reflected within the valuation by Cushman & Wakefield Debenham Tie Leung. The historical cost of investment property at 31 December 2018 was £481,994,000 (2017: £485,810,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

#### 7. **RECEIVABLES: CURRENT ASSETS**

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Trade receivables	2,103	1,067
Amounts owed by Limited Partners	808	558
Other receivables	1,557	1,604
Prepayments	300	139
	4,768	3,368

All amounts shown under receivables fall due for payment within one year and are repayable on demand. The amounts owed by the Limited Partners are non-interest bearing. The amounts owed are unsecured.

#### 8. RESTRICTED MONETARY ASSETS

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Cash held on behalf of third parties	8,824	7,760

The Partnership's managing agent holds cash on behalf of its tenants to meet future service charge costs and related expenditure. The cash has restricted use and as such, does not meet the definition of cash and cash equivalents.

#### **CASH AND DEPOSITS** 9.

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Cash at bank	19,077	20,378

At 31 December 2018, the Partnership's managing agent held cash of £1,052,000 (2017: £1,856,000) on behalf of the Partnership which is not restricted and is available to the Partnership and as such has been included in cash and deposits.

#### 10. **PAYABLES: CURRENT LIABILITIES**

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Trade payables	8,568	6,958
Amounts owed to Hammerson Group Management Limited	32	50
Amounts owed to Bull Ring (GP) Limited	313	106
Other payables and accruals	5,980	5,502
Deferred income	9,089	9,701
	23,982	22,317

The amounts due to Hammerson Group Management Limited and Bull Ring (GP) Limited are repayable on demand and are non-interest bearing. All amounts owed are unsecured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 11. PAYABLES: NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

		2018 £'000	2017 £'000
	Other payables - Within one year	405	_
	- From two to five years		333
	- Over five years	1,016	880
		1,421	1,213
12.	PARTNERS' EQUITY		
		2018	2017
		£'000	£,000
	Partners' capital accounts		
	- General Partner	686	686
	- Limited Partners	148,465	148,465
		149,151	149,151
	Partners' current accounts	1,003,965	1,126,625
		1,153,116	1,275,776

Under the Limited Partnership Agreement no further capital is required to be injected and no interest is payable on the capital.

The Partners' current accounts represent the cumulative profits and losses of the Partnership after deduction of distributions to the Partners.

### 13. THE PARTNERSHIP AS LESSOR - OPERATING LEASE RECEIPTS

At the balance sheet date, the Partnership had contracted with tenants for the future minimum lease receipts as shown in the table below. The data is for the period to the first tenant break option.

tonam broak option.	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Within one year	31,998	32,910
From one to two years	28,106	25,352
From two to five years	67,612	56,478
Over five years	64,316	68,932
	192,032	183,672

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

## 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying values of the Partnership's financial assets and liabilities are summarised by category below:

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000		
Financial assets Measured at amortised cost:	2 000	2 000		
Trade receivables Amounts owed by Limited Partners Restricted monetary assets Cash at bank	2,103 808 8,824 19,077	1,067 558 7,760 20,378		
	30,812	29,763		
Financial liabilities Measured at amortised cost:				
Trade payables Amounts due to Hammerson Group Management Limited Amounts owed by Bull Ring (GP) Limited Other payables and accruals	8,568 32 313 7,401	6,958 50 106 6,715		
	16,314	13,829		
The Partnership's income, expense, gains and losses in respect of financial instruments are summarised below:				
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000		
Net finance income (see note 5)  Movement on trade receivable provisions	36 ( <b>51</b> )	6 (14)		

## 15. ADVANCES, CREDIT AND GUARANTEES

The General Partner did not grant any credits, advances or guarantees of any kind to its Directors during the year.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2018

### 16. RELATED PARTIES

Other than disclosed in the statement of changes in equity and in notes 4, 7, 10 and 12, there were no material related party transactions during the year.

The Partnership entered into related party transactions or had balances outstanding with the following related parties:

Related party undertaking

Hammerson plc

UK Shopping Centre Fund Bull Ring (GP) Limited

Bull Ring Joint Venture Unit Trust Hammerson Bull Ring Limited

HSCF BRLP1 Limited HSCF BRLP2 Limited

Hammerson Group Management Limited

Hammerson UK Properties plc

Relationship

Ultimate parent company Ultimate parent company

General Partner Limited Partner Limited Partner Limited Partner Limited Partner

indirect subsidiary of ultimate parent

company

Indirect subsidiary of ultimate parent

company

### 17. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTIES

The Partners listed in note 2 are the immediate controlling parties of the Partnership. The ultimate controlling parties are Hammerson plc, Canada Pension Plan Investment Board and the UK Shopping Centre Fund, which are registered in England and Wales and overseas.

The consolidated financial statements of the ultimate controlling parties are available from their registered offices:

Hammerson plc

The Company Secretarial Department

Kings Place 90 York Way

London N1 9GE

Canada Pension Plan Investment Board

Company Secretary Suite 2600 One

Queen Street East, Toronto

M5C 2W5, Canada

UK Shopping Centre Fund BNP Parisbas Jersey Trust Corporation and Anley Trustees Limited BNP Parisbas House Anley Street, St Helier Jersey, JE2 3QE