Report and Financial Statements

30 September 2005

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ROADSIDE PROPERTIES LIMITED REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2004

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2005 OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

T Smith Mrs J Smith B Barnett

SECRETARY

B Barnett

REGISTERED OFFICE

13 Appleton Court Calder Park Wakefield WF2 7AR

BANKERS

Barclays Bank plc 29 East Parade Leeds LS1 5TW

SOLICITORS

Addleshaw Goddard Sovereign House PO Box 8 Sovereign Street Leeds LS1 1HQ

AUDITORS

Saffery Champness Sovereign House 6 Windsor Court Clarence Drive Harrogate HG1 2PE

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2005.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985.

ACTIVITIES

The company's principal activities are property investment, development and management and the provision of property services. Increasingly, the company's activities are becoming more focussed upon development.

REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The results of the year are as shown in the profit and loss account on page 5.

The directors are satisfied with the trading performance of the company in the period and its future prospects.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends are proposed (2004: £nil). The retained profit of £136,674 (2004: £318,113) has been transferred to reserves.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the period, together with their interests in the share capital of the company, are as follows:

	'A' Ordinary shares of £1 each		
	30 September 2005	30 September 2004	
T Smith	1,999	1,999	
Mrs J Smith	1	1	
B Barnett	-	-	

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint Saffery Champness as the company's auditor will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Ch Same

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

B Barnett

Secretary

25 November 2005

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial period and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 11. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out therein.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 3, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 September 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors Sovereign House 6 Windsor Court Clarence Drive Harrogate HG1 2PE

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PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT 30 SEPTEMBER 2005

	Note		2005 £		2004 £
TURNOVER: continuing operations	2		365,047		403,852
Cost of sales			(7,453)		(7,136)
Gross profit			357,594		396,716
Administrative expenses		(147,707)		(111,360)	
Other operating income		-		18,980	
			(147,707)		(92,380)
OPERATING PROFIT: continuing operations	4		209,887		304,336
Profit on sale of investment properties			-		204,459
Interest receivable		33,977		8,442	
Interest payable and similar charges		(71,103)		(84,124)	
			(37,126)		(75,682)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			172,761		433,113
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5		(36,087)		(115,000)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD			136,674		318,113
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNI	SED GAI	NS			
			2005 £		2004 £
Profit for the period			136,674		318,113
Unrealised surplus arising on revaluation of properties			240,000		981,807
Surplus released from revaluation reserve on sale of properties			-		366,396
Total recognised gains for the period			376,674		1,666,316

BALANCE SHEET 30 SEPTEMBER 2005

	Note		2005 £		2004 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	6		2,986,651		3,613,824
CURRENT ASSETS Investment properties Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7 8	895,000 6,035 564,593 1,465,628		5,590 696,830 702,420	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	9	(181,421)		(373,484)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			1,284,207		328,936
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			4,270,858		3,942,760
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loan	10		(1,015,000)		(1,063,576)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	11		(35,050)		(35,050)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Investment revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	12 15 15		2,000 1,926,137 1,292,671		2,000 1,686,137 1,155,997
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,220,808		2,844,134

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 November 2005

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

T Smith Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment properties.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on cost in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

20% per annum

Motor Vehicles

20% per annum

Stocks

Stocks consist of properties held for and under development and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost represents expenses incurred in the development of properties less any foreseeable losses.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Investment properties

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 19, investment properties are revalued regularly and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve. No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

The Companies Act 1985 requires all properties to be depreciated. However, this requirement conflicts with the generally accepted accounting principle set out in SSAP 19. The directors consider that, because these properties are not held for consumption, but for their investment potential, to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view, and that it is necessary to adopt SSAP 19 in order to give a true and fair view.

If this departure from the Act had not been made, the profit for the financial period would have been reduced by depreciation. However the amount of depreciation cannot reasonably be quantified because depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2005

2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents amounts derived from the provision of goods and services which fall within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and Value Added Tax. The turnover and pretax profit, all of which arises in the United Kingdom, is attributable to the company's principal activity.

2005

2004

3. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

		2005 £	2004 £
	Directors' remuneration	~	~
	Emoluments Fees	85,090 13,467	41,126 1,500
		98,557	42,626
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Operating profit is after charging:		
	Depreciation and amortisation Owned assets (Loss)/Profit on disposal of fixed assets	12,797 (170)	1,416 204,459
	Rentals under operating leases Land and buildings Motor vehicles	2,660	7,136 2,664
	Auditors' remuneration Audit fees Other fees	2,100	2,000 3,000
5.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
		2005 £	2004 £
	United Kingdom corporation tax based on the profit for the year	34,141	115,000
	Under provision from previous year	1,946	-
		36,087	115,000
	The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation. The actual tax charge varies from the standard rate due to the reasons set out in the		
		£	£004

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2005

5.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVIT	IES (cont)		2005	2004
	Expected tax charge			£ 32,825	£ 129,939
	Factors affecting change: Depreciation in excess of Capital allowances Net disallowable income and expenses Indexation & use of original cost base			1,316	- (14,939)
	in Capital Gains tax calculation				
				34,141	115,000
6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
		Investment properties £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
	Cost or valuation At 1 October 2004 Additions Disposal Transfer to current assets	3,572,758 14,000 (655,000)	42,482 28,707 (10,004)	619 7,587 (619)	3,615,859 50,294 (10,623) (655,000)
	At 30 September 2005	2,931,758	61,185	7,587	3,000,530
	Accumulated depreciation At 1 October 2004 Charge for the period Disposal	-	1,416 11,280 (334)	619 1,517 (619)	2,035 12,797 (953)
	At 30 September 2005	-	12,362	1,517	13,879
	Net book value At 30 September 2005	2,931,758	48,823	6,070	2,986,651
	At 30 September 2004	3,572,758	41,066	-	3,613,824

The directors consider the valuation of the properties at 30 September 2005 to reflect their value on an open market basis. The historical cost was £2,266,535.

A tenant has been granted options over individual properties to acquire them at market value. These options are exercisable before May 2009.

7. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2005 £	2004 £
Transfer from fixed assets Revaluation	655,000 240,000	-
	895,000	-

The valuation was carried out on 29 September 2005 by Eddisons Commercial, Chartered Surveyors, to reflect their value on an open market basis. The historical cost was £500,080.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2005

8.	DEBTORS		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Other debtors	6,035	5,590
		6,035	5,590
9,	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Bank loan (secured) Trade creditors	116,000	125,240 3,155
	Current corporation tax	34,141	115,000
	Other taxes and social security	19,531	15,633
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	- 11,749	5,000 109,456
		181,421	373,484
10.	BANK LOAN		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Bank loan (secured) Less: Included in bank loan due within one year	1,131,000 (116,000)	1,188,816 (125,240)
	Amounts falling due after more than one year	1,015,000	1,063,576
	Analysis of loan repayments: Bank loan		
	Within one year or on demand	116,000	125,240
	Between one and two years	116,000	125,240
	Between two and five years After five years	348,000 435,000	375, 7 20 562,436
		1,015,000	1,188,816

The loan is secured by a Debenture and commercial mortgages over certain of the company's interests in investment properties.

The bank loan is repayable in equal instalments over the term of the loan. Interest is charged at 1.5% over Barclays Bank base rate.

11. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

The deferred tax provision arising on the revaluation gain carried in these accounts is £35,050 (see note 15).

The company's freehold properties have been revalued in accordance with SSAP 19, Investment Properties. It is the company's intention to trade the property portfolio and to undertake trading activities with the disposal proceeds of the portfolio.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2005

12.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			
			2005 £	2004 £
	Authorised			
	2,000 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each		2,000	2,000
	Called up, allotted and fully paid			
	2,000 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each		2,000	2,000
13.	FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS			
	Operating lease commitments	Land and buildings 2005 £	Other 2005	Total 2005 £
	Leases which expire:	T.	ı	r
	In two to five years	5,320	_	5,320
	After five years	-	-	-
				
	Capital commitments			
				£
	Contracted for but not provided			-

14. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate and ultimate controlling party is Mr T Smith.

15. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN RESERVES AND TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

		Investment revaluation reserve £	Total shareholders' funds 2005 £
As at 1 October 2004			
	1,155,997	1,686,137	2,842,134
Profit attributable to the members of			, ,
the company	136,674	-	136,674
Surplus on revaluation of investment			
properties	-	240,000	240,000
Closing shareholders funds at			
30 September 2005	1,292,671	1,926,137	3,218,808
		======================================	

16. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the company loaned Roadside Properties LLP, a Limited Liability Partnership under common control of the directors, £400,000. This amount was fully repaid in the year with interest of £23,683. Also the company paid £29,433 of expenses on behalf of Roadside Properties LLP, these were fully repaid in the year, consequently no amounts are due to or from Roadside Properties LLP at the year end.