Registered number: 03734783

# **ANGLO AMERICAN PREFCO LIMITED**

# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

TUESDAY



D5 20/08/2019

#42

COMPANIES HOUSE

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

C Howells

O F J C De Rendinger (resigned 11 February 2019)

E Klonarides

R W Henderson (appointed 6 September 2018) W K B Ward-Brew (appointed 12 March 2019)

D Smailes (Alternate Director) (appointed 17 September 2018, resigned

11 February 2019)

Company secretary

Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Registered number

03734783

Registered office

20 Carlton House Terrace

London

United Kingdom SW1Y 5AN

Independent auditor

Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor Hill Höuse 1 Little New St London United Kingdom

EC4A 3TR

**Bankers** 

Barclays Bank plc 1 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5HP

# CONTENTS

	Page
Strategic report	1
Directors' report	2 - 3
Directors' responsibilities statement	4
Independent auditor's report	5 - 7
Statement of comprehensive income	8
Balance sheet	9
Statement of changes in equity	10 - 11
Notes to the financial statements	12 - 23

# STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# Introduction

The Company is a holding company, with interests in Anglo American Holdings Limited from which it receives ordinary and preference dividends. There have not been any significant changes in the Company's principal activities in the year under review. The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

#### **Business review**

As shown in the Company's statement of comprehensive income, the Company shows a profit before tax of \$164,964,000 (2017 - \$134,664,000).

The balance sheet shows that the Company is in a net asset position of \$1,593,771,000 (2017 - \$1,609,778,000).

# Principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management policies

The directors considered the risks attached to the Company's financial instruments. The directors have taken a prudent approach in their consideration of the various risks attached to the financial instruments of the Company. The Company's exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is not material for the assessment of assets, liabilities and the financial statements. Credit risk is not considered to be material on the basis that the Company's debtor balances are due from other companies within the Anglo American Group.

# Key performance indicators

The directors consider the Company's key performance indicator to be the financial performance of its subsidiaries. The performance of these subsidiaries is monitored monthly by the director by way of comprehensive management reports and as these companies are, and are expected to continue to be, profitable the director considers the key performance indicator outturn to be satisfactory.

This report was approved by the board on 17 May 2019 and signed on its behalf.

Claire Murphy

For and on behalf of

Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited

Secretary

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

# **Principal activity**

The Company is a holding company, with interests in Anglo American Holdings Limited from which it receives ordinary and preference dividends. There have not been any significant changes in the Company's principal activities in the year under review. The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to \$164,917,000 (2017 - \$134,576,000).

On 30 May 2018, the Company declared and paid an interim dividend of \$2.16 per share to A.R.H. Limited of \$111,021,302 on its preference shares.

On 20 September 2018, the Company declared and paid an interim dividend of \$1.96 per share to A.R.H. Limited of \$100,741,552 on its preference shares.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

C Howells

OFJC De Rendinger (resigned 11 February 2019)

E Klonarides

R W Henderson (appointed 6 September 2018)

D Smailes (Alternate Director) (appointed 17 September 2018, resigned 11 February 2019)

# Principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management policies

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Company are disclosed in the Strategic Report.

# **Future developments**

The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

# Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.
- this confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

# Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in Note 2 of the financial statements.

#### **Auditor**

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Deloitte LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditor 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board on 17 May 2019 and signed on its behalf.

01

Claire Murphy
For and on behalf of
Anglo American Corporate Secretary Limited
Secretary

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare annual financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the annual financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the directors must not approve the annual financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN PREFCO LIMITED

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Anglo American Prefco Limited (the 'Company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" and
- have been properly prepared in accordance the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of the Company which comprise:

- the Statement of comprehensive income;
- the Balance sheet;
- the Statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 18.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the FRC's) Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN PREFCO LIMITED

#### Other information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

# Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic report or the Directors' report.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ANGLO AMERICAN PREFCO LIMITED

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; and
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Danet

Paul Barnett (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

# **Deloitte LLP**

Statutory Auditor

London United Kingdom

Hill House 1 Little New St London United Kingdom EC4A 3TR 17 May 2019

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 \$000	As restated 2017 \$000
Income from fixed assets investments	6	195,803	165,503
Interest payable and expenses	7	(30,839)	(30,839)
Profit before tax	_	164,964	134,664
Tax on profit	8	(47)	(88)
Profit for the financial year	_	164,917	134,576
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	164,917	134,576

The notes on pages 12 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

The results relate to continuing operations of the Company.

# ANGLO AMERICAN PREFCO LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03734783

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note		2018 \$000		As restated 2017 \$000
Fixed assets					
Investments	10		2,063,055		2,063,055
			2,063,055		2,063,055
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	11	55,241		71,218	
	•	55,241	_	71,218	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(48)		(18)	
Net current assets	•		55,193		71,200
Total assets less current liabilities		•	2,118,248	,	2,134,255
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year.	13	. <del></del>	(524,477)	<b>-</b>	(524,477)
			1,593,771		1,609,778
Net assets			1,593,771		1,609,778
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		25,699		25,699
Share premium account	16		1,988,218		1,992,615
Other reserves	16		(475,286)		(475, 286)
Profit and loss account	16		55,140		66,750
•		•	1,593,771	•	1,609,778

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 17 May 2019.

C Howells Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

At 1 January 2018	Called up share capital \$000 25,699	Share premium account \$000 1,992,615	Other reserves \$000 (475,286)	Profit and loss account \$000 66,750	Total equity \$000 1,609,778
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	-	-	•	164,917	164,917
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	164,917	164,917
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	(180,924)	(180,924)
Transfer to/from profit and loss account		-	-	4,397	4,397
Transfer to/from profit and loss account	-	(4,397)	-		(4,397)
At 31 December 2018	25,699	1,988,218	(475,286)	55,140	1,593,771
		<del></del>			

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

At 1 January 2017	Called up share capital \$000	Share premium account \$000	\$000	Profit and loss account \$000	Total equity
At 1 January 2017	25,699	1,992,615	(475,286)	315,760	1,858,788
Comprehensive income for the year		•			
Profit for the year	<b>-</b>	-	-	134,576	134,576
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	•	-	134,576	134,576
Dividends: Equity capital	· •	-		(383,586)	(383,586)
At 31 December 2017	25,699	1,992,615	(475,286)	66,750	1,609,778

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1. General information

Anglo American Prefco Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The nature of the Company's operations and principal activities is set out in the Strategic report.

The address of the registered office is given on the Company Information page.

# 2. Accounting policies

# 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

# 2.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
  - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D,
   111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

The Company may take FRS 101 exemptions as it is a member of a group where the parent prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss and the Company is included in that consolidation.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Going concern

The Company's ability to operate as a going concern is assessed in conjunction with Anglo American plc and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") as its viability is dependent upon the ability of the Group companies to settle their intercompany balances with the Company and to provide funds for working capital needs. Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd have confirmed that they intend to provide financial resources, where requested, for at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements, whilst the Company remains a subsidiary of Anglo American plc.

The directors of the Company therefore feel that the Company will have sufficient funds, taking account of possible changes in trading performance and amounts owed by other Group companies, to conclude that the Company can adopt the going concern basis for the foreseeable future.

#### 2.4 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each Balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

# 2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

# 2.6 Financial instruments

The Company recognises financial instruments when it becomes a party to the contractual arrangements of the instrument. Financial instruments are de-recognised when they are discharged or when the contractual terms expire. The Company's accounting policies in respect of financial instruments transactions are explained below:

# Financial assets

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as loans and receivables.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers (e.g. trade receivables), but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterparty or default or significant delay in payment) that the Company

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

# 2.6 Financial instruments (continued)

will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms receivable, the amount of such a provision being the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised within administrative expenses in the Statement of comprehensive income. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collected, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

#### Financial liabilities

The Company classifies all of its financial liabilities as liabilities at amortised cost.

#### At amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including bank borrowings are initially recognised at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the instrument. Such interest bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, which ensures that any interest expense over the period to repayment is at a constant rate on the balance of the liability carried into the Balance sheet.

# 2.7 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# 2.8 Foreign currency translation

# Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is USD as this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

# Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.9 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of IAS 39 are initially classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequently, the measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

# Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

# Interest bearing loans and borrowings

Obligations for loans and borrowings are recognised when the Group becomes party to the related contracts and are measured initially at the fair value of consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses arising on the repurchase, settlement or otherwise cancellation of liabilities are recognised respectively in finance revenue and finance cost.

# Derecognition of financial liabilities

A liability is derecognised when the contract that gives rise to it is settled, sold, cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such as an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability, such that the difference in the respective carrying amounts together with any costs or fees incurred are recognised in profit or loss.

# 2.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.11 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

# 3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no critical judgments made by the directors in applying the Company's accounting policies other than assessing investments for impairment and determining recoverability of loans. There are no key sources of estimation uncertainty.

#### Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

Determining whether the Company's debt and equity investments in subsidiaries have been impaired requires estimations of the recoverable amount of the investments. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The value in use calculations require the Company to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the investments and suitable discount rates in order to calculate present values.

If the recoverable amount of an investment is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. See Note 10 for further information.

# **Determining recoverability of loans**

The Company assesses the recoverability of loans to group undertakings and makes provision in the event that full recovery is not expected. The recoverability of loans is assessed by review of the net asset position of the group undertaking.

# 4. Operating profit

The audit fee payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's financial statements, of \$10,228 (2017 - \$9,656) has been borne by Anglo American Services (UK) Ltd in the current year.

# 5. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2017 - \$NIL).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 6. Income from fixed asset investments

		As restated
	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Dividend income	195,803	165,503
	195,803	165,503

On 30 May 2018, the Company received a dividend of \$195,803,070 (2017: \$165,503,070) from its subsidiary Anglo American Holdings Limited.

# 7. Interest payable and expenses

		As restated
	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Loans from group undertakings	30,839	30,839
<u> </u>	30,839	30,839
<b>=</b>	-	

On 30 May 2018, the Company declared and paid an interim dividend in respect of 2018 of \$0.60 per share to A.R.H. Limited of \$30,839,251 on its preference shares.

# 8. Taxation

		As restated
	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Corporation tax	•	
Current tax on profits for the year	8	32
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	39	56
Total current tax	47	88
• ,		<del>.</del>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 8. Taxation (continued)

# Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2017 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.25%). The differences are explained below:

Non-deductible interest on preference shares	5,859	5,970
Exempt dividends from UK companies Adjustments in respect of prior years	(37,203) 39	(31,856) 56
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.25%)  Effects of:	31,343	25,922
Profit before tax	164,964	134,664
	2018 \$000	As restated 2017 \$000

# Factors that may affect future tax charges

On 26 October 2015, the Finance Act 2015 was substantively enacted and provided for a reduction in the main rate of corporation tax from 20% to 19% effective from 1 April 2017 and a further 1% reduction to 18% from 1 April 2020. On 6 September 2016, the Finance Act 2016 was substantively enacted and provided for a reduction in the main rate of UK corporation tax to 17% from 1 April 2020.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 9. Dividends

	2018 \$000	As restated 2017 \$000
Dividends paid on equity capital	180,924	383,586
•	180,924	383,586

On 30 May 2018, the Company paid an interim dividend of \$2.16 per share to A.R.H. Limited of \$111,021,302 on its preference shares.

On 20 September 2018, the Company declared and paid an interim dividend of \$1.96 per share to A.R.H. Limited of \$100,741,552 on its preference shares.

Dividends of \$0.60 per share (\$30,893,251) have been classified as interest expense (see note 7).

# 10. Fixed asset investments

Investments
subsidiary companies \$000
2,063,055
2,063,055
2,063,055
2,063,055

# Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Class of shares Ordinary B shares	Holding	Principal activity
Anglo American	8% Preference	100 %	Holding
Holdings Limited	8.3% Preference		Company

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 10. Fixed asset investments (continued)

As at 31 December 2018 the Company held the entire issued preference share capital and ordinary B shares of Anglo American Holdings Limited, an intermediate holding company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

Group financial statements are not presented as the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Accordingly, these financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. Consolidated financial statements have not been prepared because the Company is exempt under \$400 of the Companies Act 2006.

Name

Registered office

20 Carlton House Terrace,

Anglo American Holdings Limited London, SW1Y 5AN, United Kingdom

#### 11. Debtors

	2018 \$000	As restated 2017 \$000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	55,241	71,218
	55,241	71,218

The Company has facility agreements with affiliated undertakings of which \$73,000 had been advanced at year end. The balance bears interest at a market related rate. The classification of the amounts owed is based on the repayment terms.

The Company has a dividend receivable due from its subsidiary Anglo American Holdings Limited of \$55,168,000 (2017 - \$66,818,000).

# 12. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

		As restated
	2018	2017
	\$000	\$000
Corporation tax	48	18
	48	18
	<del></del>	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 13. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2018 \$000	As restated 2017 \$000
Financial liability component of preference shares (51,398,741 shares of \$0.50 each)	25.699	25,699
Financial liability component of preference share premium	498,778	498,778
	524,477	524,477

Disclosure of the terms and conditions attached to the non-equity shares is made in note 15.

\$524,477,000 (2017 - \$524,477,000) of preference shares has been classified as debt in accordance with the presentation requirements of FRS 25.

The preference shares of US\$0.50 each entitle the holder to receive a cumulative preferential dividend on the paid up capital equal to the greater of US\$0.60 per preference share in issue or four times the aggregate dividends declared or paid on an Anglo American plc ordinary share.

# 14. Financial instruments

2018 \$000	As restated 2017 \$000
Financial assets	
Loans and receivables measured at amortised cost 55,241	71,218
Financial liabilities	
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (524,525)	(524,495)

Loans and receivables measured at amortised cost comprise amounts owed by group undertakings.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise the financial liability component of preference shares and corporation tax payable.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

15.	Share capital		
		2018	2017
		\$000	\$000
	Shares classified as equity		
	Authorised		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	-	-
	100,000,000 capital preference shares of \$0.50 each	50,000	50,000
		<del></del>	
		50,000	50,000
		<del></del>	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	-	-
	51,398,751 capital preference shares of \$0.50 each	25,699	25,699
		25,699	25,699
		2018	2017
	<u> </u>	·····•\$000	\$000
	Shares classified as debt		
	Authorised		
	100,000,000 <i>(2017 - 100,000,000)</i> preference shares of \$0.50 each	50,000	50,000
			<del></del>
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	51,398,751 preference shares of \$0.50 each	25,699	25,699
			·

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 15. Share capital (continued)

The Company's issued share capital is one ordinary share of £1 and 51,398,751 capital preference shares of US\$0.50. Preference shares have been classified as a combination of debt and equity under IFRS 7 (refer to note 13). The capital preference shares do not have any rights to dividends.

On a return of capital on winding up, holders of preference shares have the right, in priority to any payment to holders of any other class of shares, to the repayment of a sum equal to the nominal capital and any premium paid up or credited as paid up on the preference shares held by them and accruals (if any) of the preferential dividend, whether declared or not, accrued up to the date of winding up.

The holders of preference shares are not entitled to any further or other right of participation in the assets of the Company. In the event of winding up, capital preference shareholders will be, in priority to any payment to holders of any other class of shares (with the exception of preference shareholders), entitled to the repayment of a sum equal to the nominal capital paid up, or credited as paid up, on the capital preference shares held by them together with a premium of US\$38.65 per capital preference share held. Holders of capital preference shares are not entitled to any further participation or right of participation in the assets of the Company.

The holders of the preference shares and the capital preference shares have the right to vote at General Meetings of the Company only if a resolution is to be proposed modifying any rights of the holders of such shares or to wind up the Company. In addition, the preference shareholders are entitled to vote if and when the dividend on the preference shares is six months or more in arrears.

# 16. Reserves

#### Share premium account

Share premium represents the excess of the issue price over the par value on shares issued less transaction costs arising on issue. During the year the Company undertook a reduction in share premium of \$4,397,000.

# Other reserves

The other reserves balance represents the negative equity component of preference shares.

#### Profit and loss account

Profit and loss account reserve represents accumulated retained earnings or losses.

#### 17. Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

# 18. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling entity is Anglo American plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. Anglo American plc is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group which includes the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared. Its financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, 20 Carlton House Terrace, London SW1Y 5AN, the registered office of the Company.