Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2010

Company Number 3728374

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262

Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

Contents

Page:

- 1 Report of the directors
- 4 Independent auditor's report
- 6 Profit and loss account
- 7 Balance sheet
- 8 Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

M G Barlow S English I P Campbell

Secretary and registered office

T D Roberts, Birley Vale Avenue, Birley Vale, Sheffield, S12 2AX

Company number

3728374

Auditors

BDO LLP, 1 Bridgewater Place, Water Lane, Leeds, LS11 5RU

Bankers

HSBC Bank plc, 17 Church Street, Sheffield, S1 1HZ

Solicitors

DLA, Fountain Precinct, Balm Green, Sheffield, S1 1RZ

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

Principal activities and future developments

The company is engaged in the manufacture and installation of bespoke joinery and metalwork products to businesses operating in the UK, Ireland and mainland Europe There have been no changes in the company's activities in the year under review

Review of the business

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows turnover for the year of £7,697,381 (2009 £7,123,476) and profit after tax for the year of £333,976 (2009 £332,348)

Interim dividends of £50,000 were distributed to ordinary shareholders during the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend

There have been no events since the balance sheet date that materially effect the position of the company

Principal risks and uncertainties

Manufacturing conditions in the UK remain challenging given the current business environment. The company is focusing on its long term relationships with supermarket clients, who are continuing their growth strategies. A growth strategy is also in place to develop new clients.

The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. Credit risk is managed by running credit checks on new customers and by monitoring payments against contractual arrangements.

Cash flow will continue to be an important factor to the business and will continue to be monitored by the Senior Management Team

Key performance indicators

The company uses a number of key performance indicators to manage and control the assets and profitability of the business. The key performance indicators of the company are as follows.

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Return on capital employed (ROCE) (%) Gross Profit Margin (%)	1	17 31	19 31
Debtor days Cash generated from operating activities (£)		60 546,934	228,005

Note

1 Return on capital employed = Operating profit as a percentage of shareholders' funds

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Key performance indicators (continued)

Non-financial key performance indicators are set and monitored monthly for Health & Safety, environmental impact, waste, production capacity and product quality

The directors continue to promote a strong Health & Safety culture and have adopted relevant policies to manage the impact of the company's activities on the environment. Regular meetings with employees are maintained throughout the year in order to develop a partnership involvement.

Birley Manufacturing Limited now hold all three BSI standards - Health & Safety - OHSAS 18001, Quality - BS EN ISO 9001 and Environmental - EMS 14001 (achieved in 2008)

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were

M G Barlow S English I P Campbell

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and exist at the date of this report

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

On behalf of the board

h r 31/2/11 S English Director

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBER OF BIRLEY MANUFACTURING LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Birley Manufacturing Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's member in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Paul Davies (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor

Leeds

United Kingdom

Date 29 September 2011

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover	2	7,697,381	7,123,476
Cost of sales		5,303,532	4,892,151
Gross profit		2,393,849	2,231,325
Administrative expenses		2,064,237	1,956,914
Operating profit	3	329,612	274,411
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6	(6,397)	45 (927)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		323,215	273,529
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	10,761	58,819
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		333,976	332,348

All amounts relate to continuing activities

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account

Balance sheet at 31 December 2010

Company number 3728374	Note	2010 £	2010 £	2009 £	2009 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		132,218		132,345
Current assets					
Stocks	10	1,322,379		616,255	
Debtors	11	1,333,994		1,724,119	
Cash at bank and in hand		839,006		422,815 —	
		3,495,379		2,763,189	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	12	1,895,091		1,420,039	
Net current assets			1,600,288		1,343,150
Total assets less current liabilities			1,732,506		1,475,495
Creditors. amounts falling due after					
more than one year	13	8,751		22,931	
Provisions for liabilities	14	41,738		54,523 ————	
			50,489		77,454
			4 000 047		4.000.044
			1,682,017		1,398,041
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16		2		2
Profit and loss account	17		1,682,015		1,398,039
Shareholder's funds	18		1,682,017		1,398,041

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on

S English Director 31/8/11.

The notes on pages 8 to 18 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through cash resources and an overdraft facility which is due for renewal on standard terms and conditions in December 2011. The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company should be able to operate within the level of its current facilities. After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by Birley Manufacturing Holdings Limited and the company is included in consolidated financial statements

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax or local taxes on sales. Revenue on sale of goods is recognised in the profit and loss account when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred, which is typically upon delivery of goods to the customer. Revenue on the provision of services is recognised in the period in which the services are rendered.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets evenly over their expected useful lives—It is calculated at the following rates

Plant and machinery

15% straight line

Motor vehicles

33 3% reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% straight line

Office equipment

- 33 3% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase, including attributable overheads, on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Warranty provision

A warranty provision is recognised as a liability in the financial statements where any unavoidable future cost can be measured reliably and a transfer of economic benefit is required to settle the transaction

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that

 the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable over the term of the lease. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account over the shorter of estimated useful economic life and the period of the lease.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom

3 Operating profit

	2010	2009
	£	£
This is arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	60,843	62,159
Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(550)	(2,962)
Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases	21,455	27,315
Hire of other assets - operating leases	134,500	134,500
Auditors' remuneration - fees payable to the company's auditor for		
the audit of the company's annual accounts	10,850	10,820

4	Employees		
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,279,986 225,816 57,906	2,177,542 215,931 54,073
		2,563,708	2,447,546
	The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was as for	ollows	
		2010 Number	2009 Number
	Direct Administration	50 38	47 41
		88	88
5	Directors' remuneration		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	102,000 4,242	98,175 4,200
	There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme durir	ng the year (2	009 - 1)
6	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	2,679 3,718	927
		6,397	927

7	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities				
		2010 £	2010 £	2009 £	2009 £
	UK Corporation tax Adjustment in respect of previous periods		(1,123)		-
	Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences Effect of tax rate change on opening balance	(16,781) 7,143		(58,819) - 	
	Movement in deferred tax provision		(9,638)		(58,819)
	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		(10,761)		(58,819)
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than the before tax. The differences are explained below	standard rate o	of corporation ta	x in the UK appl	led to profit
				2010 £	2009 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax			323,215	273,529
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate o of 21 00% (2009 - 21 00%) Effect of	f corporation to	ax in the UK	67,875	57,441
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for period in (excess)/deficit of Utilisation of tax losses Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous properties of the term timing differences	•		3,613 (16,668) (52,135) (1,123) (2,685)	1,293 270 (50,677) - (8,327)
	Current tax credit for the year			(1,123)	

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

7 Taxation (continued)

At 31 December 2010 the company had recognised and unrecognised amounts in respect of deferred tax assets as set out below

	Unrecognised 2010 £	Unrecognised 2009 £	Recognised 2010 £	Recognised 2009
Depreciation in advance of capital allowances Short term timing differences Taxable losses	30,136 - -	59,435 - 56,257	9,686 149,952	12,855 137,145
	30,136	115,692	159,638	150,000

The company had unutilised tax losses available to carry forward of £709,648 (2009 £920,963) No deferred tax asset has been recognised on part of these losses, or in respect of the full extent of timing differences related to depreciation in advance of capital allowances, as their future recoverability is uncertain

8 Dividends

	2010 £	2009 £
Ordinary shares Interim dividend of £25,000 (2009 - £nil) per share	50,000	-

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and	Motor	Fixtures, fittings and office	
	machinery	vehicles	equipment	Total
Cost	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2010	1,250,124	20,500	672,684	1,943,308
Additions	52,508	20,500	8,208	60,716
Disposals	-	(20,500)	(14,641)	(35,141)
				·
At 31 December 2010	1,302,632	-	666,251	1,968,883
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Depreciation	4 475 744			
At 1 January 2010	1,175,744	20,500	614,719	1,810,963
Provided for the year Disposals	36,421	(20 500)	24,422	60,843
Disposais	<u>-</u>	(20,500)	(14,641)	(35,141)
At 31 December 2010	1,212,165	_	624,500	1,836,665
				
Net book value				
At 31 December 2010	90,467	-	41,751	132,218
	8			
At 31 December 2009	74,380	-	57,965	132,345
	· — — ·			

The net book value of, and depreciation charge for the year on, tangible fixed assets includes assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
Net book value Fixtures, fittings and office equipment	25,585	40,203
Depreciation charged Fixtures, fittings and office equipment	14,618	3,655

10	Stocks		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Raw materials and consumables	366,071	101,672
	Work in progress	264,866	197,922
	Finished goods and goods for resale	691,442	316,661
		1,322,379	616,255
	There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the	e amounts state	ed above
11	Debtors		
		2010	2009
	Amounts receivable within one year	£	£
	Trade debtors	1,044,313	1,433,970
	Corporation tax recoverable	1,123	
	Other debtors	28,063	1,750
	Prepayments and accrued income	100,857	138,399
		1,174,356	1,574,119
	Amounts receivable after more than one year	• •	, , ,
	Deferred taxation (see note 7)	159,638	150,000
	Total debtors	1,333,994	1,724,119
			Deferred taxation £
	At 1 January 2010 Credited to profit and loss account		150,000 9,638
	At 31 December 2010		159,638

12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Trade creditors	1,345,372	1,081,068
	Other taxation and social security	360,151	220,646
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	14,619	14,619
	Other creditors	91,604	57,585
	Accruals and deferred income	83,345	46,121
		1,895,091	1,420,039
13	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	-	
	3 3	2010	2009
		2010 £	2009 £
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	8,751	22,931
	Maturity of debt		
		-:	
		Finance	Finance
		leases	leases
		2010 £	2009 £
	In one year or less, or on demand	14,619	14,619
	In more than one year but not more than two years	8,751	14,619
	In more than two years but not more than five years		8,312
		8,751	22,931
14	Provisions for liabilities		
			Warranties £
	At 1 January 2010		54,523
	Charged to profit and loss account		12,878
	Released unused		(25,663)
	At 31 December 2010		41,738

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

15 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £57,906 (2009 - £54,073) Contributions amounting to £5,881 (2009 - £6,690) were payable to the fund at the year end and are included in creditors

16 Share capital

	2010 £	2009 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

17 Reserves

neserves	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2010 Profit for the year Dividends	1,398,039 333,976 (50,000)
At 31 December 2010	1,682,015
Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds	

18

Profit for the year Dividends	333,976 (50,000) ———	332,348
Net additions to shareholder's funds	283,976	332,348
Opening shareholder's funds	1,398,041	1,065,693
Closing shareholder's funds	1,682,017	1,398,041

2010

2009 £

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

19 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Operating leases which expire	Land and buildings 2010 £	Other 2010 £	Land and buildings 2009 £	Other 2009 £
Within one year	-	16,805	-	-
In two to five years	-	27,071	134,500	32,310
After five years	134,500	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· -
	134,500	43,876	134,500	32,310
	 			

20 Related party disclosures

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Birley Manufacturing Holdings Limited and has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with Birley Manufacturing Holdings Limited or other wholly owned subsidiaries within the group

Related party transactions and balances

	Sales to related party	Purchases from related parties	Amounts owed to related parties
	3	£	£
2010			
Barlow Group Limited	-	22,222	1,379
Keetons Management Services Limited	-	232,344	19,362
Campbell Consultancy Limited	-	26,691	1,880
2009			
Barlow Group Limited	5.174	75.612	10,993
Keetons Management Services Limited	-,	232,545	24.094
Campbell Consultancy Limited	-	22,097	- 1,001

Barlow Group Limited and Keetons Management Services Limited are companies in which Michael Barlow is a director and controlling shareholder. Michael Barlow is also a director of the company and controlling shareholder of Birley Manufacturing Holdings Limited.

Campbell Consultancy Limited is a company in which lan Campbell is a director—lan Campbell is also a director of Birley Manufacturing Limited

All transactions were at an arms length value

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 (continued)

21 Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent undertaking of the company is Birley Manufacturing Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Birley Manufacturing Holdings Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ. No other group accounts include the results of the company.