Report and Financial Statements

For the 26 week period ended 30 June 2000

COMPANIES HOUSE

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Deloitte & Touche **Martins Building** 4 Water Street Liverpool L2 8UY

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2000

CONTENTS	Page
Directors' report	1
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Auditors' report	4
Consolidated profit and loss account	5
Balance sheets	6
Consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses	7
Reconciliation of movement in consolidated shareholders' funds	7
Notes to the accounts	8

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the 26 week period ended 30 June 2000.

ACTIVITIES

The company acts as a holding company for several UK based businesses owned by General Cable Corporation.

REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS

The company was formed to hold General Cable Corporation's investments in several UK based energy cable business purchased from BICC plc on 29 May 1999. Since then the business has formed part of General Cable Corporation's Europe, Africa, Middle-East and Asia-Pacific group of companies.

In February 2000 the company divested its interests in one of its German joint ventures and the other ceased trading.

DIVIDENDS AND TRANSFERS FROM RESERVES

During the period the group recorded a profit of £4,860,000 which has been transferred to reserves (1999: loss of £10,367,000 transferred from reserves). No dividend is proposed.

FUTURE PROSPECTS/POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

In August 2000, General Cable Corporation sold several of its worldwide businesses, including subsidiaries of General Cable Holdings (UK) Limited, to Pirelli Cables and Systems SpA. The subsidiaries of General Cable Holdings (UK) Limited sold were BICC General UK Cables Limited (later renamed Pirelli Cables (2000) Limited) and BICC General Industrial Cables Limited (later renamed Pirelli Cables (Industrial) Limited).

In March 2001, General Cable Corporation sold its worldwide Pyrotenax businesses, including Pyrotenax Cables Limited, a subsidiary of General Cable Holdings (UK) Limited, to Tyco International.

At this stage the directors are unaware of how such sales will affect this Company.

FIXED ASSETS

Full details of movements in fixed assets are given in the notes to the accounts.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The current directors, and the changes both during the period and to the date of signing were:

M J Downie (appointed 14 May 1999, resigned 27 June 2001)
A E Cox (appointed 14 May 1999, resigned 1 June 2001)

R J Siverd (USA) (appointed 14 May 1999)
C F Virgulak (USA) (appointed 14 May 1999)

P S Farrell (appointed 14 May 1999, resigned 25 August 2000)

J Lawrenson (appointed 1 August 2000, resigned 8 March 2001)

K W Hanley (appointed 1 August 2000, resigned 19 April 2001)

No director had any interest in the ordinary shares of the Company during the period under review. The interests of directors in the shares of the ultimate parent company (see note 24) during the period are shown in the accounts of that company.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY

Throughout the period under review the directors and officers of the company were subject to liability insurance cover purchased by the company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

EMPLOYMENT OF DISABLED PERSONS

Full and fair consideration is given to applications for employment made by disabled persons having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities. Appropriate training is arranged for disabled persons, including retraining for alternative work of employees who become disabled, to promote their career development within the organisation.

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Director

24 october 2001

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company and group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and of the group to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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Deloitte & Touche

GENERAL CABLE HOLDINGS (UK) LIMITED

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 17 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on pages 8 and 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements which are required to be prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group at 30 June 2000 and of the profit of the group for the 26 weeks then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Walte Jucke

30 October 2001

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT 26 weeks ended 30 June 2000

Note	26 weeks ended 30 June 2000 £'000	46 weeks ended 31 December 1999 £'000
TURNOVER: Including share of joint ventures Share of joint ventures	171,700 (8,946)	193,444 (13,552)
Group turnover 2	162,754	179,892
Cost of sales	(158,639)	(152,882)
Gross profit	4,115	27,010
Distribution costs	(10,665)	(9,797)
Administrative expenses	(5,808)	(23,114)
Other income 4	20,000	-
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) 4	7,642	(5,901)
Share of operating loss of joint ventures	•	(1,021)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INTEREST		
AND TAXATION	7,642	(6,922)
Interest receivable and similar income	570	35
Interest payable and similar charges 5	(3,352)	(3,480)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAX	4,860	(10,367)
Taxation receivable on ordinary activities 6	-	-
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY		
ACTIVITIES AFTER TAX AND RETAINED PROFIT/(LOSS)	4,860	(10,367)

All activities in the current period relate to continuing activities, which had been acquired in the prior period.

BALANCE SHEETS 30 June 2000

		30 June 2000 Group Company		Group	ember 1999 Company
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	8	39,294	-	35,236	_
Investments	9	-	121,065	-	91,686
Investments in joint ventures					
Share of gross assets	9	-	→	9,541	-
Share of gross liabilities	9	-	-	(7,646)	-
		39,294	121,065	37,131	91,686
CURRENT ASSETS		ŕ	•	,	,
Stocks	10	43,326	-	40,721	-
Debtors	11	127,286	667	103,901	25,003
Cash at bank and in hand		3,766	27,477	17	7,529
		174,378	28,144	144,639	32,532
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within					
one year	12	(171,242)	(122,316)	(139,685)	(99,031)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		3,136	(94,172)	4,954	(66,499)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES		42,430	26,893	42,085	25,187
DROVICIONE FOR LIABILITIES AND		v.*			
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	14	(8,912)		(13,427)	
NET ASSETS		33,518	26,893	28,658	25,187
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	15	38,600	38,600	38,600	38,600
Profit and loss account	17	(5,082)	(11,707)	(9,942)	(13,413)
A TOTAL MINE TODO MOOVMIN	17	(3,002)	(11,707)	(7,374)	(13,413)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		33,518	26,893	28,658	25,187

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on QQ Q + QQQSigned on behalf of the Board of Directors

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES 26 weeks ended 30 June 2000

	26 weeks ended 30 June 2000 £'000	46 weeks ended 31 December 1999 £'000
Profit/(loss) for the period	4,860	(10,367)
Gain on purchase of subsidiary's loan note at a discount		425
Total recognised gain/(loss)	4,860	(9,942)

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	26 weeks ended 30 June 2000 £'000	46 weeks ended 31 December 1999 £'000
Profit/(loss) for the period Other recognised gains and losses relating to the period Issue of shares	4,860 - -	(10,367) 425 38,600
Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	4,860 28,658	28,658
Closing shareholders' funds	33,518	28,658

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Basis of consolidation

The Group accounts include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings, together with the Group's share of the results of joint ventures. In accordance with FRS10 'Goodwill and (Intangible Assets', goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries and joint ventures is capitalised and amortised through the profit and loss account in equal annual instalments over 20 years.

The investments in joint ventures are accounted for using the gross equity method. The consolidated profit and loss account includes the group's share of the pre-tax profits and attributable taxation of the joint venture. In the consolidated balance sheet, the investments in joint ventures are shown at cost plus the group's share of the joint venture loss.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on cost in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Typical estimated useful lives are as follows:

Short-term leasehold improvements

Over the term of the lease

Buildings

Up to 40 years

Plant and machinery

Up to 15 years

Computer hardware Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment

Up to 3 years Up to 10 years

Stocks

Stocks and work-in-progress, other than on long-term contracts, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes materials, direct labour and production overheads appropriate to the relevant stage of production. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less all further costs to completion and all relevant marketing, selling and distribution costs.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on timing differences, arising from the different treatment of items for accounts and taxation purposes, which are expected to reverse in the future, calculated at rates at which it is estimated that tax will arise.

Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rates ruling at the date of the transactions or at the rate specified in related foreign exchange forward contracts. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated at the rates ruling at that date, except if covered by foreign exchange forward contracts. Translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to income in equal annual amounts over the lease term.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Pension costs

The expected cost of providing pensions, as calculated periodically by professionally qualified actuaries, is charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost over the service lives of employees in the scheme in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and expected future personable payroll.

Cash flow statement

In accordance with the exemption contained in FRS1 (revised) the company has not presented a cash flow statement because the ultimate parent company, General Cable Corporation, has included a consolidated cash flow statement in its group accounts.

2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents amounts derived from the provision of goods and services which fall within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of trade discounts and Value Added Tax. The turnover is attributable to one activity, the manufacture of energy cables and related products:

	26 weeks	46 weeks
	ended	ended 31
	30 June	December
	2000	1999
	Group	Group
	£'000	£'000
External sales within UK and EC	134,933	141,792
External sales Rest of World	19,143	28,863
Sales within the BICC General group	8,678	9,237
	162,754	179,892

3. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The company has no employees. No director received any emoluments of any kind from the company during the period under review. Directors and employees received the following emoluments from the Group:

	26 weeks	46 weeks
	ended	ended 31
	30 June	December
	2000	1999
Average number of persons employed	Group	Group
	No.	No.
Hourly paid	648	600
Salaried	1,550	1,830
	2,198	2,430
Employee costs during the period	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	26,922	34,162
Redundancy payments	4,364	4,390
Social security costs	2,233	2,835
Pension costs	2,437	2,872
	35,956	44,259

3. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES (continued)

Directors emoluments	26 weeks	46 weeks
	ended	ended 31
	30 June	December
	2000	1999
	Group	Group
	£'000	£'000
Management remuneration	209	243
Pensions	56	65
Other benefits	20	23
	285	331
The remuneration of the highest paid director was:	117	137

Pension contributions were made by the company in respect of three directors (46 weeks ended 31 December 1999 – 3). As explained in note 16, the directors have been given the option to transfer benefits accrued to the BICC General Pension Fund, or transfer to a defined contribution plan within the BICC General Pension Fund.

The pension contribution in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £32,000 (46 weeks ended 31 December 1999 - £37,000)

4. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

	26 weeks ended 30 June 2000 Group £'000	46 weeks ended 31 December 1999 Group £'000
Operating profit/(loss) is after		
charging: Depreciation		
Owned assets	1,493	1,624
Rentals under operating leases		
Hire of plant and machinery	770	841
Other operating leases	219	329
Business reorganisation costs/(release		
excess provision)	(96)	14,243
Auditors' remuneration - Audit	150	203
- Other	-	25
And after crediting:		
Profit on repurchase of loan note	20,000	

5. INTEREST

e 30 G	veeks nded June 2000 roup	46 weeks ended 31 December 1999 Group £'000
Bank interest payable Group interest payable	2,800 552	2,835 645
3	3,352	3,480

6. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

No tax charge has arisen in the 26 week period ended 30 June 2000 nor the 46 weeks ended 31 December 1999 due to losses generated in the prior period and brought forward.

7. PROFIT OF PARENT COMPANY

As permitted by section 230 of the Companies Act 1985, the profit and loss account of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The consolidated profit for the period includes profit after taxation of £1,706,000 (1999: loss of £13,413,000) in relation to the parent company.

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land £'000	Buildings £'000	Plant and equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost				
At 1 January 2000	2,850	13,757	20,253	36,860
Additions	-	162	5,388	5,550
Disposals			(33)	(33)
At 30 June 2000	2,850	13,919	25,609	42,378
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2000	-	754	870	1,624
Charge for the period	-	629	864	1,493
Disposals			(33)	(33)
At 30 June 2000		1,383	1,701	3,084
Net book value				
At 30 June 2000	2,850	12,536	23,908	39,294
At 31 December 1999	2,850	13,003	19,383	35,236

The company owns no fixed assets in its own right. All the above fixed assets are held by subsidiary companies.

9. INVESTMENTS

10.

	Group: Joint ventures £'000	Company: Subsidiary companies £'000
Cost		
At 1 January 2000	2,916	3,606
Disposals	(1,519)	
At 30 June 2000	1,397	3,606
Share of net assets of joint ventures:		
At 1 January	(1,021)	-
Losses retained for the period	(376)	
At 30 June 2000	(1,397)	_
Loans to group companies:		
At 1 January 2000	-	99,853
Additions	-	46,641
Repaid	<u>-</u>	(3,659)
		142,835
Provisions:		
At I January 2000	-	(9,858)
Provided in period	-	(15,518)
At 30 June 2000	-	(25,376)
Net book value:		
At 30 June 2000	-	121,065
At 31 December 1999	1,895	91,686
STOCKS		
		31
	30 June	
	2000	1999
	£'000	£'000
Raw materials and consumables	10,551	9,974
Work-in-progress	9,154	12,642
Finished goods and goods for resale	23,621	18,105
	43,326	40,721
	<u> </u>	

The replacement cost of stocks is equivalent to their historical cost as shown above.

11. DEBTORS

	30 June 2000		31 December 1999	
	Group £'000	Company £'000	Group £'000	Company £'000
Receivable within one year:				
Trade debtors	62,142	-	59,717	-
Amounts recoverable on contracts	1,216	-	383	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings:				
Parent company	-	-	24,173	24,173
Fellow subsidiaries	50,553	- '	2,781	-
Other debtors	10,638	667	11,715	830
Prepayments and accrued income	1,599	-	3,403	
•	126,148	667	102,172	25,003
Receivable after more than one year:				
Trade debtors	-	-	100	-
Amounts recoverable on contracts	1,138		1,629	-
	1,138	-	1,729	•
Total	127,286	667	103,901	25,003

12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	30 June 2000		31 December 1999	
	Group £'000	Company £'000	Group £'000	Company £'000
Bank loans and overdrafts	68,682	68,682	57,600	57,600
Trade creditors	40,150	-	28,736	-
Contract applications	1,090	-	5,278	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings				
Parent company	52,021	45,441	22,803	22,803
Fellow subsidiaries	2,368	8,193	19,369	18,628
Corporation tax	-	-	-	-
Other taxes and social security	1,939	-	239	_
Other creditors	155	-	2,733	-
Accruals and deferred income	4,837		2,927	
	171,242	122,316	139,685	99,031

13. BANK LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS

31 Dec	31 December 1999		30 June 2000	
Group £'000	Company £'000	Group £'000	Company £'000	
68,682	68,682	57,600	57,600	
	Group £'000	Group Company £'000 £'000	Group Company Group £'000 £'000	

The company, its UK parent company and its fellow UK based subsidiaries share banking facilities supported by the ultimate parent company (see note 24). In addition, the company, its UK parent company and its fellow UK based subsidiaries have issued a joint and several cross-guarantee in favour of its banker. The banking facilities are not secured by charges over the company's assets.

14. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Contract provisions £'000	Business reorgan- isation costs £'000	Fault and warranty claims £'000	Other provisions	Total £'000
As at 1 January 2000 Charged/(released) to profit and loss	2,954	9,302	1,143	28	13,427
account Utilised	1,032	(534) (5,600)	709 (123)	30 (29)	1,237 (5,752)
As at 30 June 2000	3,986	3,168	1,729	29	8,912

All provisions are in subsidiary companies.

15. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2000 £'000
Authorised 40,000,000 ordinary shares of £1.00 each	40,000
Called up, allotted and fully paid 38,600,000 ordinary shares of £1.00 each	38,600

100 £1 ordinary shares were authorised upon incorporation, one of which was allocated at par at that time. The remaining 99 were allocated at par on 14 May 1999. On 26 May 1999, the authorised share capital was increased to 40,000,000 £1 ordinary shares and on that date, 38,599,900 were issued at par in order to provide capital to acquire certain trade, assets and liabilities from BICC plc.

16. PENSION COSTS

During the period, the directors and employees have been given the option to transfer benefits accrued to the BICC General UK Pension Fund (subsequently renamed General Cable UK Pension Fund), or transfer to a defined contribution plan within the BICC General UK Pension Fund (subsequently renamed General Cable UK Pension Fund). During this period, contributions continue to be made to the BICC General UK Pension Fund (subsequently renamed General Cable UK Pension Fund) in line with the recommendation of the actuary.

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17. PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

1/,	TROTTI MID DODD ACCOUNT		
			weeks ended 0 June 2000
		Group £'000	Company £'000
	At I January 2000 Profit for the period	(9,942) 4,860	(13,413) 1,706
	At 30 June 2000	(5,082)	(11,707)
18.	FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS		
		30 June 2000 £'000	31 December 1999 £'000
	Capital commitments Contracted for but not provided	1,788	2,494
	Operating lease commitments Leases which expire:		
	Within one year Within 2 to 5 years After 5 years	35 289	131 1,365 82
		324	1,578
	All financial commitments are in the name of subsidiary companies.		
19.	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		
	Contingent liabilities not recorded in the accounts comprise:		i .
		30 June 2000 £'000	31 December 1999 £'000
	Bonds issued in normal course of business On-demand bonds	0.00-	46
	On-default bonds	9,039 485	12,207 728
	All contingent liabilities are in the name of subsidiary companies.		

20. PURCHASE OF BUSINESS

On 28 May 1999 the company purchased part of the trade, assets and liabilities from BICC plc for a consideration of £99,082,000. The assets acquired were:

£'000
29,649
-
43,368
78,171
(35,752)
(16,354)
99,082

On 3 September 1999, the company also purchased the entire share capital of BICC Cables Projects Limited (subsequently renamed General Cable Projects Limited) for consideration of £1,000,000. The assets acquired were:

	£'000
Investments	2,916
Debtors	9
Creditors	(1,925)
	1,000

The directors consider these to have been purchased at their fair value.

21. COMPANY FINANCING

The company's ultimate parent company has agreed to provide or procure adequate financial resources to allow the company to meet its obligations, as they fall due for a period of not less than twelve months from the date of signing these financial statements. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with FRS8, transactions with other group undertakings within, and investee parties of, the General Cable Corporation group have not been disclosed within these financial statements.

23. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

In August 2000, General Cable Corporation sold several of its worldwide businesses, including subsidiaries of General Cable Holdings (UK) Limited, to Pirelli Cables and Systems Spa. The subsidiaries of General Cable Holdings (UK) Limited sold were BICC General UK Cables Limited (later renamed Pirelli Cables (2000) Limited) and BICC General Industrial Cables Limited (later renamed Pirelli Cables (Industrial) Limited).

In March 2001, General Cable Corporation sold its worldwide Pyrotenax businesses, including Pyrotenax Cables Limited, a subsidiary of General Cable Holdings (UK) Limited, to Tyco International.

At this stage the directors are unaware of how such sales will affect this company.

24. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

At 30 June 2000 the ultimate parent company was General Cable Corporation, a company incorporated in the United States of America. Copies of the group financial statements are available from General Cable Corporation, 4 Tesseneer Drive, Highland Heights, Kentucky 41076-9753, USA.

25. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES

Subsidiary Undertakings

	Country of registration and operation	Proportion of ordinary shares held 30 June 2000
BICC General UK Cables Limited (subsequently renamed Pirelli Cables (2000) Limited)	England and Wales	100%
BICC General Industrial Cables Limited (subsequently renamed Pirelli Cables (Industrial) Limited)	England and Wales	100%
BICC General Pyrotenax Cables Limited (subsequently renamed Pyrotenax Cables Limited)	England and Wales	100%
BICC General Finance Company Limited (subsequently renamed General Cable Finance Company Limited)	England and Wales	100%
BICC Cables Projects Limited (subsequently renamed General Cable Projects Limited)	England and Wales	100%

The principal activity of all the subsidiary companies were the manufacture of energy cable with the exception of BICC General Finance Company Limited and BICC Cable Projects Limited whose principal activities were that to providing finance to the group and holding company for joint ventures respectively.

26. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES

Investments in Joint Ventures at 1 January 2000

	Country of registration and operation	Proportion of ordinary shares held 30 June 2000
Kaiser Kwo Kabel Energie GmbH & Co KG	Germany	100%
Kaiser Kwo Kabel Telekom GmbH & Co KG	Germany	-

The principal activity of the joint venture companies were the manufacture of energy and telecommunications cable.

In February 2000, the group sold its investment in Kaiser Kwo Kabel Telekom GmbH & Co KG to NKF Participate BV, a subsidiary of Draka Holding NV. On the same date, the group purchased the remaining 50% of Kaiser Kwo Kabel Energie GmbH & Co then ceased trading.