Report and Accounts

31 December 2005

THURSDAY



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Registered number 3709840

Directors

Virgin Media Directors Limited Virgin Media Secretaries Limited

Company Secretary

Virgin Media Secretaries Limited

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

Registered Office

160 Great Portland Street London W1W 5QA

Directors' Report

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2005.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The company made neither a profit or a loss for the year (2004 - £nil). The directors are unable to recommend payment of a dividend until the company has distributable reserves (2004 - £nil).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company is to act as an investment holding company for part of the interests in cable franchises in the UK of the Virgin Media Group (formerly ntl Group). The activities of the group, in which the company is a subsidiary undertaking, are to provide cable television, telephony, internet and other telecommunication services and run certain of the telecommunication systems over which they are provided.

The company has direct equity interests in licence companies for the following Virgin Media cable franchises as at 31 December 2005:

Bromley, Solent, Surrey, Sussex and Wessex.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The main purpose of financial instruments is to raise finance for the company's operations, although presently the company has none. The group intends to manage its financial risk, secure cost-effective funding for the group's operations and to minimise the adverse effects of fluctuations in the financial markets on the value of its financial assets and liabilities, on reported profitability and on its cash flows.

External debt is passed down the chain on matching terms to fellow group undertakings which have a funding requirement. In addition, working capital is managed centrally within the group creating further inter-company balances through normal operations.

The company is subject to financial risks where interest rates are not fixed or where the debt is denominated in foreign currency. The group's policy is to manage its interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate debts, and to hedge all or part of the exposure to interest rate risk, however the group's policy is not to hedge against inter-company debt denominated in foreign currencies. The company and its direct subsidiaries have not had foreign demominated financial instruments during the year ended 31 December 2005 nor in the prior year.

EVENTS SINCE THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

On 3 March 2006, NTL Incorporated and Telewest Global, Inc. announced that they had completed the merger of the two businesses, creating the UK's second largest communications company. Immediately upon the merger, NTL Incorporated was renamed NTL Holdings Inc. and Telewest Global, Inc. was renamed NTL Incorporated.

Telewest Global, Inc. (now renamed NTL Incorporated), ntl Cable PLC, ntl Investment Holdings Limited and certain of its subsidiaries and Telewest Communications Networks Limited and certain of its subsidiaries executed a senior credit facility agreement with a consortium of financial institutions. The new senior credit facility replaces the old facility and has an aggregate principal amount of £5.3 billion, comprising of £3.6 billion 5 year term loan facilities, £651 million 6.5 year term loan facilities, a \$650 million 6.5 year term loan facility, a £300 million 7 year credit facility and a £100 million 5 year multicurrency revolving credit facility.

Directors' Report

EVENTS SINCE THE BALANCE SHEET DATE (continued)

On 4 July 2006, NTL Incorporated acquired Virgin Mobile Holdings (UK) plc ("Virgin Mobile"), the U.K.'s leading mobile virtual network operator with approximately 4.3 million customers and the U.K.'s fifth largest provider of mobile communication services. ntl Group Limited, a subsidiary of NTL Incorporated, entered into a long-term exclusive trademark licence agreement with Virgin Enterprises Limited pursuant to which the group re-branded its combined consumer business with the Virgin Media brand from 8 February 2007. On the same day, ntl Group Limited was renamed Virgin Media Limited, ntl Cable PLC was renamed Virgin Media Finance PLC and NTL Incorporated was renamed Virgin Media Inc.

The group believes that the acquisition of Virgin Mobile will enhance Virgin Media as a scale competitor in the U.K. telecommunications industry, enabling it to become the first market participant offering an integrated "quadruple-play" product suite, which bundles mobile telephony with its existing triple-play bundle, and assist it in improving customer service by leveraging best practices from Virgin Mobile. The re-branding of the group's consumer business will bring the Virgin Media brand into approximately 5.0 million U.K. homes and, the group believes, will enhance consumer appeal for our range of communications services.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the year and thereafter and their interests in the share capital of the company were as follows:

Virgin Media Directors Limited (formerly ntl Directors Limited)
Virgin Media Secretaries Limited (formerly ntl Secretaries Limited)

The directors had no interest in the share capital of the company requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 1985. The company seeks exemption under the Companies (Disclosure of Directors' Interests) (Exceptions) Regulations 1985, not to disclose the directors' interests in the common stock of Virgin Media Inc., a company incorporated in the USA and the ultimate parent undertaking of the company.

Virgin Media Inc. has indemnified the directors of the company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 1985. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision is in force as at the date of approving the directors' report.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP will be re-appointed as the company's auditor in accordance with the elective resolution passed by the company under section 386 of the Companies Act 1985.

By order of the board

R M Mackenzie

For and on behalf of Virgin Media Secretaries Limited

12 February 2007

NTL CABLECOMMS HOLDINGS NO. 2 LIMITED STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business; and
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NTL CABLECOMMS HOLDINGS NO. 2 LIMITED

We have audited the company's accounts for the year ended 31 December 2005, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet, and the related notes 1 to 10. These accounts have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) as set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor

London

12 February 2007

NTL CABLECOMMS HOLDINGS NO. 2 LIMITED Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended 31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Result on ordinary activities before taxation		-	•
Taxation	3	-	~
Result for the financial year	6		

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than those reflected in the profit and loss account for the years ended 31 December 2005 and 31 December 2004.

NTL CABLECOMMS HOLDINGS NO. 2 LIMITED Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Fixed assets			
Investments	4	1	1
Net assets		1	1
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	5	1	1
Profit and loss account	6	- -	- -
Equity shareholders' funds	6	1	1

K-C-Gala

R C Gale

For and on behalf of Virgin Media Directors Limited

12 February 2007

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 December 2005

1 Accounting policies

Fundamental accounting concept

The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis because the ultimate parent undertaking has given the necessary assurances such that sufficient resources will be made available for the foreseeable future so that the group can meet its liabilities as and when they fall due.

Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

Group accounts

For the year ended 31 December 2005, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing group accounts afforded by Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 because it is a wholly owned subsidiary of another company incorporated in England and Wales which prepares group accounts (see note 9).

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated, but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

- (a) provision is made for deferred tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only when the replacement assets are sold;
- (b) provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable; and
- (c) deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Investments

Investments are recorded at cost, less any provision for impairment.

Cash flow statement

The group has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 1 (revised) not to prepare a cash flow statement as it is a subsidiary which is at least 90% controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking (see note 9).

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 December 2005

2 Result on ordinary activities before taxation

The directors' and auditors' remuneration are paid by Virgin Media Limited (formerly ntl Group Limited) and disclosed in the accounts of Virgin Media Finance PLC (formerly ntl Cable PLC).

Virgin Media Limited, a fellow group undertaking, employs most of the employees of the Virgin Media group. Details of staff numbers and staff costs for the group are disclosed in the accounts of Virgin Media Limited. The company does not have any directly employed staff.

Certain expenses are specifically attributable to the company. Where costs are incurred by other group companies on behalf of the company, expenses are allocated to the company on a basis that, in the opinion of the directors, is reasonable.

3 Taxation

(a) Tax on result on ordinary activities The tax charge is made up as follows: 2005 2004 £'000 £'000 Current tax charge: Current tax on income for the year - Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences - Total tax charge on result on ordinary activities

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

There are no differences between the effective statutory rate and the actual current tax charge.

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

There are no factors that may affect future tax charges.

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 December 2005

4 Investments

	Subsidiary undertakings £'000
Cost	2 000
At 1 January and 31 December 2005	1
Provision for impairment	
At 1 January and 31 December 2005	
Net book value	
At 1 January and 31 December 2005	1

All of the material investments in which the company holds at least 20% of the nominal value of any class of share capital, all of which are unlisted, are as follows. All are registered in England and Wales unless otherwise noted.

Subsidiary	Holding	Proportion held	Principal activities
Direct shareholdings			
ntl CableComms Bromley	'A' Ordinary	100% (i)	Telecoms
	'B' Ordinary	97.1%	
ntl CableComms Solent	'A' Ordinary	100% (i)	Telecoms
	'B' Ordinary	97.3%	
ntl CableComms Surrey	'A' Ordinary	100% (i)	Telecoms
	'B' Ordinary	97.3%	
ntl CableComms Sussex	'A' Ordinary	100% (i)	Telecoms
	'B' Ordinary	97.3%	
ntl CableComms Wessex	'A' Ordinary	100% (i)	Telecoms
	'B' Ordinary	97.1%	
Z25 11 1/2 1			

(i) unlimited company

The nature of the business of all subsidiaries is the provision of cable television and telecommunications services under licences awarded to them from their individual franchise areas.

£1 'A' ordinary shares

The right to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the company.

£1 'B' ordinary shares

The right to attend and speak but not vote at all general meetings of the company.

NTL CABLECOMMS HOLDINGS NO. 2 LIMITED Notes to the Accounts

At 1 January 2004 and 2005, and at 31 December 2005

for the year ended 31 December 2005

5	Share capital		
		2005	2004
		£'000	£'000
	Authorised:		
	1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
	1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
6	Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movements on reserves		
		Profit	
	Share	and loss	
	capital	account	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000

7 Contingent liabilities

The company, along with fellow subsidiary undertakings, is party to a senior secured credit facility with a syndicate of banks. The company is a guarantor of borrowings under this facility of certain other group companies. At 31 December 2005 the maximum contingent liability represented by outstanding borrowings by these companies amounted to approximately £1,713 million (2004 - £2,417 million). Borrowings under the facility are secured by security over the assets of certain members of the group including those of the company.

8 Related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 8 not to disclose transactions with group undertakings as it is a subsidiary undertaking which is at least 90% controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking.

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2005

9 Parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate principal parent undertaking is ntl South CableComms Management, Inc., a company incorporated in the state of Delaware, United States of America.

The company's results are included in the group accounts of Virgin Media Finance PLC (formerly ntl Cable PLC), copies of which may be obtained from Virgin Media, 160 Great Portland Street, London, W1W 5QA.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Virgin Media Inc. (formerly NTL Incorporated), a company incorporated in the state of Delaware, United States of America.

On 3 March 2006 NTL Incorporated executed an agreement of merger with Telewest Global, Inc. (incorporated in Delaware, USA), which resulted in NTL Incorporated being merged into a subsidiary of Telewest Global, Inc. In accordance with the terms of the merger agreement, immediately following the merger Telewest Global, Inc. was renamed NTL Incorporated and the former NTL Incorporated was renamed NTL Holdings Inc. On 8 February 2007, NTL Incorporated was renamed Virgin Media Inc. and NTL Holdings Inc. was renamed Virgin Media Holdings Inc.

Copies of all sets of group accounts, which include the results of the company, are available from The Secretary, Virgin Media Inc., 160 Great Portland Street, London, W1W 5QA.

10 Post balance sheet events

On 3 March 2006, NTL Incorporated and Telewest Global, Inc. announced that they had completed the merger of the two businesses, creating the UK's second largest communications company. Immediately upon the merger, NTL Incorporated was renamed NTL Holdings Inc. and Telewest Global, Inc. was renamed NTL Incorporated.

Telewest Global, Inc. (now renamed NTL Incorporated), ntl Cable PLC, ntl Investment Holdings Limited and certain of its subsidiaries and Telewest Communications Networks Limited and certain of its subsidiaries executed a Senior Facilities Agreement with a consortium of financial institutions. The new senior secured credit facility replaces the old facility and has an aggregate principal amount of £5.3 billion, comprising of £3.6 billion 5 year term loan facilities, £651 million 6.5 year term loan facilities, a \$650 million 6.5 year term loan facility, a £300 million 7 year term credit facility and a £100 million 5 year multi-currency revolving credit facility.

On 4 July 2006, NTL Incorporated acquired Virgin Mobile Holdings (UK) plc ("Virgin Mobile"), the U.K.'s leading mobile virtual network operator with approximately 4.3 million customers and the U.K.'s fifth largest provider of mobile communication services. ntl Group Limited, a subsidiary of NTL Incorporated, entered into a long-term exclusive trademark licence agreement with Virgin Enterprises Limited pursuant to which the group re-branded its combined consumer business with the Virgin Media brand from 8 February 2007. On the same day, ntl Group Limited was renamed Virgin Media Limited, ntl Cable PLC was renamed Virgin Media Finance PLC and NTL Incorporated was renamed Virgin Media Inc.

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