Company No: 3707886 Registered in England and Wales

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THE ARDEN HOTEL LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

* FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006 *

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COMPANIES HOUSE

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Williams, Ashton & Anderson

Registered as Auditors by The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants

> 359 YARDLEY ROAD YARDLEY BIRMINGHAM B25 8NB

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

 $\Delta_{i,k}$

J.E. Gardner

Mrs. R.M. Gardner

D.J.Gardner S.J.M. Gardner P.L. Bretherton

A.G. Cheal

Secretary

D.J. Gardner

Registered office

Coventry Road Bickenhill Solihull West Midlands

B92 0EH

Registered number

3707886

Auditor

Williams, Ashton & Anderson Registered Auditor, and Authorised Public Accountants

359 Yardley Road

Yardley Birmingham B25 8NB

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc 15 Colmore Row Birmingham B2 2EP

Solicitors

Hammond Suddards Edge Rutland House

148 Edmund Street

Birmingham B3 2JR

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

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The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company is that of hotel, restaurant and leisure centre proprietors.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Turnover was up by 9.5%, in comparison with the previous year end, to £4,399,625 falling only £48,732 shy of an all time record. This was down largely to the NEC having a strong year, but also as a result of the company benefiting from an increase in web based sales. The strongest growth was experienced in room sales, which is encouraging as this should generate growth in other ancillary areas.

Generally costs increased in line with expectation, however there were a couple of notable exceptions. Agency staff increased 6 fold, largely due to the kitchen's reliance on temporary staff. This was partially offset by a 2.7% fall in wage and national insurance costs. Light and heat increased by 23.6%. Some of this can be attributed to the increased turnover, however the lion's share is likely to be due to the increased cost of energy.

The outlook for the forthcoming year appears positive, with the NEC winning new business (although generally smaller exhibitions). In addition, the potential growth of web based sales is healthy and so we forecast that turnover will be in line with 2006.

DIVIDENDS

A dividend of £500,000 was declared during the year. No further dividend is proposed.

DIRECTORS

The present directors of the company are set out on page 1. All the directors served throughout the year.

Those directors serving at the end of the year had interests in the share capital of the company as follows:

	Ordinary Shares	of £1 each
	30.6.2006	30.6.2005
J.E. Gardner	2,990	2,990
Mrs. R.M. Gardner	2,990	2,990
P.L. Bretherton	5,980	5,980
S.J.M. Gardner	5,980	5,980
A.G. Cheal	5,980	5,980
D.J. Gardner	5,980	5,980

Continued on page 3

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTD.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

The company made charitable donations of £310 during the year (2005 £100).

AUDIT ENQUIRIES

As far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Each of the directors has taken all steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make him/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

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In accordance with the Companies Act 1985, Williams, Ashton & Anderson retire and offer themselves for re-appointment.

The report of the directors was approved by the board on 2 February 2007 and signed on its behalf by:

D.J. GARDNER Director Coventry Road Bickenhill B92 0EH , *

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE ARDEN HOTEL LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of The Arden Hotel Limited for the year ended 30 June 2006 on pages 6 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanation we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes an examination on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

Continued on page 5

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE ARDEN HOTEL LIMITED (CONTD.)

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

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In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985.

359 Yardley Road Yardley Birmingham B25 8NB

2 February 2007

Williams, Ashton & Anderson
REGISTERED AUDITOR, AND
AUTHORISED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

1

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
TURNOVER	2 (a)	4,399,625	3,978,871
Cost of sales		(588,555)	(580,390)
GROSS PROFIT		3,811,070	3,398,481
Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses		(145,922) (2,697,171)	(116,260) (2,693,685)
		(2,843,093)	(2,809,945)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	967,977	588,536
Investment income	4	9,482	11,259
Interest (payable)	5	(351,972)	(392,530)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR BEFORE TAXATION		625,487	207,265
Taxation	8	(195,000)	(33,593)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	17	430,487	173,672

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Turnover and operating profit derive wholly from continuing operations.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

There were no recognised gains or losses other than those recorded in the profit and loss account.

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BALANCE SHEET			
AT 30 JUNE 2006	Note		2005
FIXED ASSETS Tangible Investment in subsidiary undertakings	10 11	£ 10,125,975 50,000	£ 10,412,533 50,000
		10,175,975	10,462,533
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors due within one year Cash at bank	2c 12	22,387 192,449 304,609	22,387 229,268 98,800
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	13	519,445	350,455 (958,363)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)		(870,084)	(607,908)
TOTAL ASSETS, LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		9,305,891	9,854,625
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(5,307,879)	(5,760,100)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES Deferred taxation	16	(261,000)	(288,000)
TOTAL NET ASSETS		3,737,012	3,806,525
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	17 17	29,900	29,900 3,776,625
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17	3,737,012	3,806,525

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 2 February 2007 and signed on its behalf by:

D.J. GARDNER Director

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CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash activities	inflow fro	m operating
Note	2006	2005
	£	£
Operating profit	967,977	588,536
Depreciation charge	401,064	414,264
Decrease in debtors	36,819	147,850
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	61,786	(53,705)
	1,467,646	1,096,945
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CASH FLOW STATEMENT		
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1,467,646	1,096,945
Returns on investments and servicing of finance 1	(342,490)	(381,271)
Taxation 1	(53,537)	(293,093)
Capital expenditure 1	(114,506)	(10,281)
Equity dividends paid	(300,000)	(550,000)
Financing - decrease in debt	(451,304)	(450,390)
Increase/(decrease) in cash	205,809	(588,090)
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT 2		
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period Cash outflow from decrease in debt	205,809 451,304	(588,090) 450,390
Change in net debt resulting from cash flows:	657,113	(137,700)
Net debt brought forward	(6,112,603)	(5,974,903)
Net debt carried forward	(5,455,490)	(6,112,603)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2006

			2006 £	2005 £
1.	ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS N THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT		~	4
	Returns on investments and servicing Interest received Interest paid	of finance:	9,482 (351,972)	•
			(342,490)	(381,271)
	Taxation UK Corporation tax paid		(53,537)	(293,093)
	Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed as	sets	(114,506)	(10,281)
2.	ANALYSIS OF NET DEBT	2005 £	Cash flow	2006 £
	Cash in hand and at bank	98,800	205,809	304,609
	Debt due after one year Debt due within	(5,748,089)	443,069	(5,305,020)
	one year Finance leases	(443,069) (20,245)		
		(6,211,403)	451,304	(5,760,099)
		(6,112,603)	657,113	(5,455,490)

30 JUNE 2006

1. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- * select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- * make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- * prepare the statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the company, and to enable them to ensure the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The principal accounting policies which the directors have adopted within that convention are set out below.

(a) TURNOVER

Turnover consists of the invoiced value (excluding value added tax) of goods and services supplied to third parties. All transactions arose in the United Kingdom.

30 JUNE 2006

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is provided so as to reduce fixed assets to their estimated residual value at the end of their anticipated useful lives. The principal annual rates used are:

Freehold buildings Between 2% and 5% p.a. straight

line basis

Computers 10% p.a. straight line basis

Fixtures & fittings 15% p.a. reducing balance basis and

25% p.a. straight line basis

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Assets are depreciated from the date they come into use.

(c) STOCKS

Stocks consist of goods for resale and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is determined on a first-in first-out basis.

Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price after taking into account all further costs expected to be incurred.

(d) TAXATION

The charge for taxation is based on the profit or loss for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision for deferred taxation is made under the liability method.

(e) LEASED ASSETS

Where asset acquisitions are financed by hire purchase and leasing agreements ("finance leases"), the assets are included in the balance sheet at cost less depreciation in accordance with the company's normal accounting policies. The present value of future rentals is shown as a liability. The interest element of rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease in constant proportion to the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

(f) INVESTMENTS

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value.

(g) GROUP ACCOUNTS

Group accounts have not been prepared as the company is exempt under S.248 Companies Act 1985 as the group is medium-sized.

30 JUNE 2006

OPERATING PROFIT	2006 £	2005 £
Operating profit is shown after charging:	_	~
	393,684	406,884
Depreciation of leased assets	7,380	7,380
Auditors' remuneration	3,700	3,600
INVESTMENT INCOME	2006	2005
	£	£
Bank interest	9,482	11,259
	<u></u>	
INTEREST PAYABLE	2006	2005
	£	£
Bank overdraft and loans	261,303	297,144
Loan notes	88,913	92,717
Finance leases	1,756	2,669
	351,972	392,530
		
	Operating profit is shown after charging: Depreciation of owned fixed assets Depreciation of leased assets Auditors' remuneration INVESTMENT INCOME Bank interest INTEREST PAYABLE Bank overdraft and loans Loan notes	Operating profit is shown after charging: Depreciation of owned fixed assets 393,684 Depreciation of leased assets 7,380 Auditors' remuneration 3,700 INVESTMENT INCOME 2006 E Bank interest 9,482 INTEREST PAYABLE 2006 E Bank overdraft and loans 261,303 Loan notes 88,913 Finance leases 1,756

6. EMPLOYEES

Employees:

Average number of people (including remunerated directors) employed by the company during the year:

	2006 £	2005 £
		employees
Office and management staff	3	3
Restaurant and hotel staff	97	105
	100	108
	<u></u>	
Costs in respect of these employees:	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,235,821	1,200,828
Social security costs	84,485	84,954
	1,320,306	1,285,782

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

7.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION Salaries	2006 £ 135,000	2005 £ 135,000
8.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2006	2005
(a)	Analysis of charge for the year Current tax:	£	£
	UK corporation tax on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of previous periods	174,000 48,000	53,593
	Deferred tax:-	222,000	53,593
	Origination and reversal of timing	(0.000)	(00.000)
	differences Adjustment in respect of previous periods	(8,000) (19,000)	(20,000)
	Adjustment in respect of previous periods	(19,000)	<u>-</u>
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	195,000	33,593
(b)	Factors affecting tax charge for year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	625,487	207,265
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by 26.47% (2005 19%)	165,566	39,380
	Effect of: Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Adjustment to tax charge in respect of	8,434	14,213
	previous periods	48,000	-
	Current tax charge for year	222,000	53,593

30 JUNE 2006

8. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (contd.)

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges: Little change is expected in future years with depreciation being in excess of capital allowances.

The company acquired the freehold property from its subsidiary company in a previous period. Prior to this the property had been revalued in the accounts of the subsidiary. No deferred taxation has been provided in respect of any potential capital gain as it is not anticipated that the property will be disposed of within the foreseeable future.

9.	DIVIDENDS			2006 £	2005 £
	Interim dividend (paid Final dividend declare		06	-	250,000
	(£300,000 paid)	 		500,000	-
				500,000	250,000
10.	TANGIBLE ASSETS				
10.		Freehold property	Fixtures fittings plant & equipment	Computers	TOTAL
		£	£	£	£
	Cost At 1 July 2005	10,762,359	2,105,056	90,808	10 050 000
	Additions	19,316	89,440	5,750	12,958,223
	At 30 June 2006	10,781,675	2,194,496	96,558	13,072,729
	Depreciation				
	At 1 July 2005	1,313,322	1,164,736	67,632	2,545,690
	Charge	230,502	157,352	13,210	401,064
	At 30 June 2006	1,543,824	1,322,088	80,842	2,946,754
	Net book value			-	
	At 30 June 2006	9,237,851	872,408	15,716	10,125,975
	At 30 June 2005	9,449,037	940,320	23,176	10,412,533

30 JUNE 2006

10. TANGIBLE ASSETS (contd).

The cost attributed to land included in freehold property which is not depreciated is £1,500,000.

The net book value of fixtures, fittings, plant and equipment includes £7,104 (2005 £14,484) in respect of assets held under finance leases.

11. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The investment of £50,000 relates to 35,094 shares (79.55% of share capital) in Arden Restaurant & Hotel Limited and the whole of the share capital of Kelube Limited which owns the remaining 20.45% of the share capital of Arden Restaurant & Hotel Limited. Neither company has traded during the years to 30 June 2006 and 30 June 2005.

The net assets of these companies at 30 June 2006 were £50,000.

12.	DEBTORS	2006	2005
		£	£
	Trade debtors	177,269	216,672
	Prepayments and accrued income	15,180	12,596
		192,449	229,268
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN		
	ONE YEAR	2006	2005
		£	£
	Bank loans (note 15)	443,069	443,069
	Trade creditors	183,018	140,446
	Amount due to subsidiary undertaking	50,000	50,000
	Corporation tax	222,463	54,000
	Other taxes and social security costs	192,079	166,425
	Accruals and deferred income	89,749	96,189
	Obligations under finance leases	9,151	8,234
	Dividend declared	200,000	-
		·	
		1,389,529	958,363

30 JUNE 2006

14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER		
	MORE THAN ONE YEAR	2006 £	2005 £
	Bank loans (note 15)	3,405,340	3,848,409
	Unsecured loan notes 2014 (note 15)	1,899,680	1,899,680
	Obligations under finance leases	2,859	12,011
		5,307,879	5,760,100
		 	····
15.	BORROWINGS	2006	2005
		£	£
	Bank loans	3,848,409	4,291,478
	Unsecured loan notes	1,899,680	1,899,680
	Obligations under finance leases	12,010	20,245
		5,760,099	6,211,403
	Analysis of repayments		
	Within one year or on demand	452,220	451,303
	Between one and two years	445,928	452,220
	Between two and five years	1,329,207	1,332,067
	After five years	3,532,744	3,975,813
		5,760,099	6,211,403
		·	

Bank loans are comprised of treasury loans which are repayable by quarterly instalments. Interest is charged at 1.25% over Barclays Libor rate.

The bank's security for the borrowings is a first legal charge over the company's land and buildings and a debenture on the bank's standard charge form.

The loan notes are unsecured and repayable by 2014. Interest is charged at Libor rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2006

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16.	PROVISION FOR DEFERRED TAX	2006 £	2005 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	261,000	288,000
	Provision at 1 July 2005 Deferred tax credit in profit and loss account for the year (note 8)	288,000	
		(27,000)	
	Provision at 30 June 2006	261,000	

17. SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS

Balance at 1 July 2005	Called up Share Capital £ 29,900	Loss account £	Total £ 3,806,525	
Profit for the financial year Dividends	-	430,487	430,487 (500,000)	
Balance at 30 June 2006	29,900	3,707,112	3,737,012	
The authorised share capital	l comprises:			
Authorised		2006 £	2005 £	
29,900 ordinary shares of £1	29,900 ————			
Called up, allotted and fully paid £ 29,900 ordinary shares of £1 each 29,900				

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The unsecured loan notes (note 15) are for J.E. Gardner and Mrs. R.M. Gardner £899,840 and P.L. Bretherton £999,840. During the year to 30 June 2006 the company paid interest on these loan notes amounting to £42,116 (2005 £43,918) to J.E. and Mrs. R.M. Gardner and £46,797 to P.L. Bretherton (2005 £48,799).

The company was charged rent of £10,000 for the use of certain land owned by J.E. Gardner and P.L. Bretherton

19.	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES	2006	2005
	Operating leases expiring within 2 to 5 years	£	£
	Land	10,000	10,000
	Contingent Liabilities	None	None