TECTONIC INTERNATIONAL LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

Watts Gregory LLP
Chartered Accountants
Elfed House
Oak Tree Court
Cardiff Gate Business Park
CARDIFF
County of Cardiff
CF23 8RS

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TECTONIC INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

DIRECTORS: S Harper

G R Jones

G R Jones SECRETARY:

REGISTERED OFFICE: The Old School

Merthyr Road Llwydcoed Aberdare CF44 0UT

REGISTERED NUMBER: 03696680 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Watts Gregory LLP Chartered Accountants

Elfed House Oak Tree Court

Cardiff Gate Business Park

CARDIFF County of Cardiff CF23 8RS

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	4	27,355	38,215
Tangible assets	5	253,827	257,595
ŭ		281,182	295,810
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		125,240	107,699
Debtors	6	30,881	65,022
Cash in hand	O	30,001	141
Casir in nanu		450.404	
ODEDITORS		156,121	172,862
CREDITORS	_	(4.45.004)	(400,000)
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>(145,391)</u>	(129,368)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		10,730_	43,494
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		291,912	339,304
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one			
year	8	_(101,127)	(107,446)
NET ASSETS	J	190,785	231,858
NETAGOLIO		<u></u>	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		5,000	5,000
Share premium		138,709	138,709
Revaluation reserve		21,020	31,520
Retained earnings		26,056	56,629
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		190,785	231,858
OHARLIOLDERO I ORDO		<u> 190,700</u>	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 DECEMBER 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and loss account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 2 December 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

G R Jones - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Tectonic International Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The company's functional and presentational currency in the financial statements is the Sterling (£), rounded to the nearest pound.

The significant accounting policies applied in the presentation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

There has been no material departures from FRS 102 1A during the year.

Going Concern

The directors are satisfied that despite the Coronavirus pandemic, it is appropriate for the company's financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis. The pandemic has resulted in a number of uncertainties arising and the directors have taken steps to minimise the effect on the company and will continue to do so. In the circumstances they have concluded that no adjustments are required to the financial statements at this time.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents income receivable during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax, in respect of the design and manufacture of web printing press inspection systems.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2001, is being amortised evenly over its useful economic life of twenty years.

Based on the performance of the company since acquisition, the directors consider that the useful economic life of goodwill is still valid.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill -5% straight line

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Website costs is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of eight years.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property -over 50 years

Plant and machinery
-25% on reducing balance
Fixtures & fittings
-25% on reducing balance
Computer equipment
-25% on reducing balance

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Research and development

Research and development expenditure which is regarded as part of a continuing operation required to maintain the company's business and it's competitive position, is written off when incurred.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Government grants

Government grants of a revenue nature are credited to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate. Government grants made as a contribution towards expenditure on fixed assets are treated as deferred income and amortised until the conditions of the grant are met.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 6 (2018 - 5).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

4.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				Website	
				Goodwill	costs	Totals
				£	£	£
	COST OR VALUATION					
	At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019			209,915	7,192	217 107
	AMORTISATION			209,915		217,107
	At 1 January 2019			178,395	497	178,892
	Amortisation for year			10,500	<u>360</u>	10,860
	At 31 December 2019			<u> 188,895</u>	<u>857</u>	189,752
	NET BOOK VALUE			24.020	0.005	07.055
	At 31 December 2019 At 31 December 2018			<u>21,020</u> 31,520	6,335 6,695	27,355 38,215
	At 31 December 2016			31,320	0,033	30,213
	Cost or valuation at 31 December 201	9 is represented	d by:			
					Website	
				Goodwill	costs	Totals
	N/ 1 (f. 1 0004			£	£	£
	Valuation in 2001 Cost			209,915	- 7,192	209,915 7,192
	0031			209,915	7,192	217,107
5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
		l and and	Diservan	Fixtures	0	
		Land and Property	Plant and machinery	and Fittings	Computer equipment	Totals
		£	£	£	£	£
	COST					
	At 1 January 2019	288,776	57,045	9,883	36,592	392,296
	Additions At 31 December 2019	2,340		0.002	<u>624</u> 37,216	2,964
	DEPRECIATION	<u>291,116</u>	57,045	9,883	31,210	395,260
	At 1 January 2019	34,649	56,811	9,466	33,775	134,701
	Charge for year	5,799	58	105	770	6,732
	At 31 December 2019	40,448	56,869	9,571	34,545	141,433
	NET BOOK VALUE	250 000	470	242	0.674	252.027
	At 31 December 2019 At 31 December 2018	250,668 254,127	======================================	312 417	<u>2,671</u> 2,817	253,827 257,595
	At 31 December 2010	204,127			2,017	201,090
6.	DEBTORS					
					2019	2018
	A management of the second sec				£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors				13,538	57,071
	VAT				1,269	57,071 -
	Prepayments and accrued income				7,126	3,787
	· ·				21,933	60,858

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

6.	DEBTORS - continued		
O.	DEBTORS - Continued	2019	2018
		£	£
	Amounts falling due after more than one year: Deferred tax asset	8,948	4,164
	Deferred tax asset		- +, 10+
	Aggregate amounts	<u>30,881</u>	65,022
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans	26,299	16,837
	Trade creditors	22,429 2	22,914
	Corporation tax Social security and other taxes	3,509	5,855
	VAT	-	2,261
	Other creditors	3,861	12,744
	Director's loan account	86,449	66,190
	Accruals and deferred income	2,842	2,567
		<u>145,391</u>	129,368
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
0.	ONEDITORO. AMOUNTO FALERIO DOL AFFER MORE THAN ONE TEAR	2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans - 1-5 years	101,127	<u>107,446</u>
9.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans	117,822	124,208

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