### HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2003



Walsingham House 35 Seething Lane London EC3N 4AH

### HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED

**DIRECTORS** 

BJ Cook

RL Hughes CL Martin

CLC Manchester BRA Merriman

**SECRETARY** 

RL Hughes

REGISTERED NUMBER

3671966

REGISTERED OFFICE

Walsingham House 35, Seething Lane London EC3N 4AH

**SOLICITORS** 

Kendall Freeman 43, Fetter Lane London EC4A 1JU

**AUDITORS** 

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Southwark Towers

32, London Bridge Street

London SE1 9SY

### HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED

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### HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report for the year ended 31 December 2003.

#### Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently, with the exception of changes arising on the adoption of new accounting standards in the year;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business;

The directors confirm they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Directors

The directors set out in the table below have held office during the period unless otherwise stated

BJ Cook RL Hughes GJ Lockett (resigned 19 November 2003) CLC Manchester (appointed 22 January 2004) CL Martin BRA Merriman

Some of the directors of the company have interests in shares, and options over shares, in the ultimate parent company, HCC Insurance Holdings Inc., details of which they are not required to disclose by reason of The Companies (Disclosure of Directors' Interests) (Exceptions) Regulations 1985 (SI 1985/802).

#### Principal activity and review of the business

The company acts as a holding company. The principal subsidiaries, Rattner Mackenzie Limited and Dickson Manchester & Co. Ltd., are specialist Lloyd's brokers, the former transacting mainly Accident & Health and Non-Marine insurance and reinsurance and the latter Professional Indemnity. In 2004 Dickson Manchester and Co Ltd has split off its binding authority operations and transferred them to HCC Diversified Financial Products Ltd (formerly Dickson Manchester Underwriting Ltd.). The administration of the continuing broking operations will be handled by Rattner Mackenzie Ltd.

#### Results and dividends

The result for the period is shown in the profit and loss account on page 6. An interim dividend of US\$2,000,000 was paid in the year and the directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

## HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### Charitable contributions

The group contributed US\$ 1,636 to The Pilgrim's Hospice and \$1,047 to Oxfam (2002 US\$ Nil).

#### Post balance sheet events

On 6 January 2004 the company sold its entire holding in Pepys Holdings Ltd to its subsidiary undertaking HCC Specialty Holdings (No. 1) Ltd for consideration of 1,000 Ordinary Shares in HCC Specialty Holdings (No. 1) Ltd. On the same day, with respect to the Loan Note originally for US\$55,000,000 held by its parent company, HCC Insurance Holdings Inc., it agreed that the charge in favour of the Noteholder was discharged. On 31 March 2004 the company entered into a Deed of Variation in respect of that loan whereby the term of that loan was extended by five years to 2009 and it is no longer repayable on demand.

On 01 April 2004 the company acquired the entire share capital of HCC Europe Seguros y Reaseguros, S.A. for a payment of €16,545,258 and assumption of Intergroup loans of €23,500,000; on the same day this holding was sold by a share-for-share sale to its subsidiary undertaking HCC Specialty Holdings (No. 1) Ltd which in turn sold it by a share-for-share sale to HCC Specialty Holdings (No. 2) Ltd. Liability for the debt has been retained by this company.

#### Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have signified their willingness to continue in office and a resolution proposing their re-appointment will be put to the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

RL Hughes

Secretary

Walsingham House 35, Seething Lane

London EC3N 4AH

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out in the statement of accounting policies.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. The other information comprises only the directors' report.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group at 31 December 2003 and of the profit of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants

and Registered Auditors 32, London Bridge Street,

London SEI 9SY

# HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December 2003	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2003 US\$	Year ended 31 December 2002		
Revenue		033	US\$		
Turnover Interest and investment income Other income	1	33,649,478 916,679 776,414	17,709,733 844,525 27,194		
		35,342,571	18,581,452		
Expenses Salaries and associated expenses Other expenses	3,4	(14,690,377) (13,680,780)	(6,616,055) (7,663,291)		
		(28,371,157)	(14.279,346)		
Operating profit		6,971,414	4,302,106		
Interest payable Loss on disposal of fixed assets	5	(1,779,628) (16,383)	(1,626,785)		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	5,175,403	2,675,321		
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	6	(3,090,476)	(1,672,501)		
Non-equity minority interests		(5)	(4)		
Profit for the year		2,084,922	1,002,816		
Dividends payable	7	(2,000,000)	-		
Retained profit for the year	24	84,922	1,002,816		
The group's turnover and expenses all relate to continuing operations.					
STATEMENT OF GROUP TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES					
Profit for the year Exchange adjustments arising on consolidation	24	2,084,927 652,690	1,002,820		
Total gains recognised since last annual report		2,737,617	1,002,820		

# HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2003	Notes	31 December 2003 US\$	
Assets employed Fixed assets Intangible assets		USG	US\$
Goodwill arising on consolidation	8	75,329,762	66,178,974
Negative goodwill	8	(243,179)	(382,139)
		75,086,583	65,796,835
Tangible assets	10	1,279,354	1,119,051
		76,365,937	66,915,886
Current assets			<del></del>
Debtors	13	393,060,449	299,667,749
Investments	14	24,067,558	20,761
Cash and deposits		46,508,559	68,159,164
		463,636,566	367,847,674
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(501,691,710)	(414,433,751)
Net current liabilities		(38,055,144)	(46,586,077)
Total assets less current liabilities		38,310,793	20,329,809
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Provision for liabilities and charges	15 16	(17,297,386) (527,288)	(578,087)
1 Tovision for natimies and charges	10	(327,286)	(576,047)
Net assets		20,486,119	19,751,722
Financed by Shareholders' funds			
Called-up share capital	18, 24	16,252,870	16,252,870
Unrealised profits / (losses) on investments	24	10,232,070	(1,016)
Profit and loss account	24	4,233,249	3,495,637
Total shareholders' funds - equity	24	20,486,119	19,747,491
Non-equity minority interests		-	4,231
Capital employed		20,486,119	19,751,722
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Authorised by the board and signed on its behalf by

BJ Cook Chairman

# HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED COMPANY BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2003	Notes	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 US\$
Assets employed			
Fixed assets Investments in group undertakings	11	88,499,700	71,280,000
Current assets Debtors Cash and deposits	13	25,144 98,560	16,852,504 97,739
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	123,704 (43,746,148)	16,950,243
Net current liabilities		(43,622,444)	(47,422,062)
Total assets less current liabilities		44,877,256	23,857,938
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15	(17,219,700)	-
Net assets		27,657,556	23,857,938
Financed by			
Shareholders' funds Called-up share capital Profit and loss account	18, 24 24	16,252,870 11,404,686	16,252,870 7,605,068
		27,657,556	23,857,938

Authorised by the board and signed on its behalf by

BJ Cook Chairman

### HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with applicable accounting standards and on the going concern basis as explained below. The policies are consistent with prior years.

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis despite the existence of net current liabilities arising from the classification of inter-group debt as a current liability due to its being repayable on demand. In 2004 the terms of this loan were amended to extend the period to 2009 and to remove the requirement for repayment on demand. Accordingly the directors believe that the preparation of the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate.

During 2003 the group has adopted the requirements of Amendment to Financial Reporting Standard 5 "Reporting the substance of Transactions" ("FRS 5 Application Note G"). The adoption of these requirements had no impact on the current or prior year reported amounts.

#### Reporting currency

A substantial proportion of the group's income and certain expenses are paid in US Dollars. The group is also financed largely in US Dollars with inter-group debt and pays dividends in US Dollars having exchanged the £ Sterling declared dividends into US Dollars for remittance purposes. Additionally the ultimate parent of this company and its subsidiaries is based in the USA and all group reporting is in US Dollars. In the opinion of the directors the US Dollar is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the group operates; accordingly the accounts are prepared using the US Dollar as the reporting currency.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the accounts of the company and its subsidiary undertakings. No separate profit and loss account is presented for the company as permitted by S.230 of the Companies Act 1985.

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 1 para 5(a) the group is exempt from producing a cashflow statement as it is wholly owned by HCC Insurance Holdings Inc. whose consolidated financial statements contain a cashflow statement incorporating the results and cashflows of this group and those financial statements are publicly available.

#### Revenue

The group generates revenue principally from commissions and fees associated with placing insurance and reinsurance contracts. Revenues generated in this way are recognised at the point at which placement services are substantially complete, ordinarily at the point when the debit note is issued. Revenues from commissions and fees on adjustments to minimum premiums, binding authorities and treaties are recognised on a periodic basis when the revenue is confirmed by third parties. Profit commissions are recognised at the point at which they can be reliably measured. Interest on deposits and fixed interest investments is credited as it is earned. Income from other investments is credited when it is received.

#### Exchange rate

The company and the group record transactions in currencies other than their reporting currency ("foreign" currencies) at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction or, if hedged forward, at the rate of exchange under the related forward currency contract. Contracts for the sale of future revenue to be received in foreign currencies are accounted for on maturity. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies, other than those hedged forward, are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date which for £ Sterling was \$1.7785 (31 December, 2002 \$1.6044).

For entities where the accounting records are maintained in US Dollars, daily rates have been applied to transactions in foreign currencies included in the profit and loss account.

#### Pensions

Pension costs are charged against profits on a systematic basis relating to the current level of premiums rendered to the group's pension providers on a defined contribution basis; these are calculated individually for every member of staff.

#### HCC ACQUISITIONS (U.K.) LIMITED **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings is carried on the balance sheet. Positive goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful economic life. Negative goodwill is written back to the profit and loss account over the period expected to benefit from that negative goodwill. The carrying value of all goodwill is reviewed regularly for impairment.

#### Tangible assets

All tangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated to write-off the cost of fixed assets less estimated residual value on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives at the following annual rates. During the year a change was made in that new assets are depreciated commencing with the month of acquisition, previously a full year's charge was made in the year of acquisition; this was done to bring the company into alignment with group accounting policies and the impact on the profit for the year is not material. 15% and 20%

Fixtures and fittings

Office equipment

20% and 33% Computers

25% Vehicles

#### Investments

Investments are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

20%

#### Insurance debtors and creditors

Two subsidiaries act as agents in broking the insurable risks of clients and, generally speaking, are not liable as a principal for premiums due to underwriters or for claims payable to clients. Notwithstanding the legal relationship with clients and underwriters the companies have followed generally accepted accounting practice for insurance intermediaries by showing debtors, creditors and cash balances relating to insurance business as assets and liabilities of the companies themselves. In the ordinary course of insurance broking business, settlement is required to be made with certain market settlement bureaux, insurance intermediaries or insurance companies on the basis of the net balance due to or from them rather than the amount due to or from the individual third-parties which it represents. Under FRS5 assets and liabilities may not be offset unless net settlement is legally enforceable therefore insurance debtors and creditors are shown gross within these financial statements.

#### Deferred taxation

Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect of all material timing differences to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in tax computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Provision is made at the taxation rate at which it is anticipated any asset or liability might crystallise.

#### Operating and financial leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they are payable. Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives; the interest element of the obligations is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is payable.

#### Claims servicing

Provision is made for the cost of the group's constructive obligation to service future claims arising from insurance placed for clients by the year end.

1. Turnover		31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 US\$
Analysis by geographic location of client:	United Kingdom	19,265,728	3,375,962
	United States of America	13,109,045	13,517,813
	Canada	760,917	494,076
	Europe	362,939	29,985
	Caribbean	101,591	232,693
	Other	49,258	59,204
The turnover derives from the principal act	tivity of insurance broking.	33,649,478	17,709,733
2. Profit on ordinary activities before		31 December 2002	
		. US\$	US\$
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation			<b>-7.10</b> 0
Auditors remuneration: group audit fees	S	128,596	75,488
other services		2,799	4,802
Amortisation of goodwill arising on conso	lidation (note 8)	4,340,777	2,999,417
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (note	10)	562,691	180,291
Operating lease rentals: land and building	ngs	1,073,626	442,856
other		224,591	179,860
Gains / (losses) on exchange			
Arising from trading transactions		11,207	(544,832)
Arising from changes in financial po	sition	(200,833)	(23,373)

Audit fees attributable to the company were US\$18,674 (31 December 2002 US\$9,625). The parent company's profit for the year was US\$3,799,618 (31 December 2002 US\$65,871).

3. Directors' remuneration	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 US\$
Remuneration		
Emoluments	1,080,525	935,704
Contributions to money purchase pension schemes	284,550	281,647
Compensation for loss of office	621,018	-
The emoluments of directors disclosed above include the following amounts		
Paid to the highest paid director:		
Emoluments	420,054	426,127
Contributions to money purchase pension schemes	55,247	173,312
Compensation for loss of office	621,018	-

During the period three (2002 three) directors accrued benefits under money purchase pension schemes. The emoluments of Mr. BRA Merriman and Mr. CL Martin are paid by fellow subsidiaries of the ultimate parent company and their emoluments are deemed to be wholly attributable to the services they perform for these other companies. No recharge of these emoluments is made to the company and accordingly the above details include no emoluments in respect of these directors.

4. Staff costs	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 US\$
Wages and salaries	11,933,952	5,073,593
Social security costs	1,333,361	610,412
Other pension costs (note 21)	1,423,064	932,050
Other pension costs (note 21)	1,423,004	932,030
	14,690,377	6,616,055
The average number of persons employed by the group, including	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Directors, during the period was as follows: Insurance broking	156	99
		<del></del>
5. Interest payable	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
• •	USS	USS
Interest payable on loans from parent undertaking	1,712,548	1,626,785
Interest payable on loan notes to Manchester Dickson former shareholders	63,228	-
Other interest payable	3,852	-
	1,779,628	1,626,785
6. Taxation		31 December 2002
	US\$	US\$
(a) Analysis of charge in year	2.072.400	
UK Corporation tax on profits of the year	2,962,709	
Adjustments in respect of prior years	18,589	(1,245)
Total current tax	2,981,298	1,645,631
Deferred taxation (note 12)	109,178	26,870
Tax on profits on ordinary activities	3,090,476	1,672,501

6. Taxation (cont'd)	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 US\$
(b) Factors affecting tax charge for year	C 175 400	0.075.201
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	5,175,403	2,675,321
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2002 - 30%) Effects of:-	n 1,552,609	802,596
Tax on disallowed items	218,865	85,385
Difference between depreciation and capital allowances	12,439	(15,972)
Adjustment for tax on amortisation of goodwill arising on consolidation	1,255,436	899,825
Adjustments in respect of prior years	18,589	(955)
Other	(76,640)	(125,248)
Current tax charge	2,981,298	1,645,631
Deferred taxation (note 12)	109,178	26,870
	<del></del>	
Charge per Profit and Loss account	3,090,476	1,672,501

7. Dividends	31 Decem	nber 2003	31 Decem	ıber 2002
	Cents per Share	Total \$	Cents per Share	Total \$
Interim dividend	19.901715	2,000,000	-	-
	19.901715	2,000,000	-	-
	<del></del> _			

8. Intangible fixed assets	Negative goodwill US\$	Goodwill US\$	Total US\$
Cost			
At 31 December 2002	(694,798)	75,662,886	74,968,088
Additions (note 9)	-	13,575,068	13,575,068
Reductions (note 9)		(4,231)	(4,231)
	<del></del>		
At 31 December 2003	(694,798)	89,233,723	88.538,925
Amortisation			
At 31 December 2002	(312,659)	9,483,912	9,171,253
Charge for the year	(138,960)	4,420,049	4,281,089
At 31 December 2003	(451,619)	13,903,961	13,452,342
Net book amount			
At 31 December 2002	(382,139)	66,178,974	65,796,835
At 31 December 2003	(243,179)	75,329,762	75,086,583

The goodwill arising on the acquisition of Pepys Holdings Limited, Manchester Dickson Holdings Ltd. and Profind Insurance Services Ltd. is being amortised on a straight-line basis over 20 years and the negative goodwill arising on the acquisition of Rattner Mackenzie Limited (RML) (JEC) over 5 years, these being the periods over which the directors estimate that the values of the underlying businesses acquired are expected to exceed / remain below the value of the underlying assets.

#### 9. Acquisitions and other movements in intangible fixed assets

On 30 June 2003 Dickson Manchester & Co. Ltd. acquired by way of purchase the entire share capital of Profind Ltd. No adjustments were required to the book values of the assets and liabilities of the company in order to present the net assets of the company at fair value in accordance with group accounting policies.

On 30 December 2003 the group parent company HCC Insurance Holdings Inc transferred for Nil consideration its 2,550 £1 Preference shares in Pepys Holdings Ltd to this company. This reduced goodwill by their book value of \$4,231.

At 31 December 2003 provisional agreement had been reached to settle the earnout agreement with the former shareholders of Manchester Dickson Holdings Ltd. which was acquired in 2002. Additional consideration has been accrued in accordance with this agreement. As the settlement is to be in £ Sterling the year end rate of exchange has been used.

Profind Ltd. acquisition	Fair value US\$
Tangible assets	57,849
Cash	322,126
Debtors	97,449
Creditors	(270,865)
	(4,376)
Fair value of net assets acquired	202,183
Goodwill recorded in the books of Dickson Manchester & Co. Ltd.	1,483,400
Consideration	1,685,583

### 9. Acquisitions and other movements in intangible fixed assets (cont'd)

Manchester Dickson Holdings Ltd. acquisition	USS
Cost of goodwill b/f	12,895,377
Additional acquisition expenses paid Settlement of earnout	86,793 12,004,875
Settlement of eartfort	12.004,873
Total additions	12.091.668
Cost of goodwill c/f	24,987,045
Summary of additions	US\$
Dickson Manchester & Co. Ltd.	12,091,668
Profind Insurance Services Ltd.	1,483,400
	12.575.060
Total additions	13,575,068

The turnover and profit before tax of Profind's post acquisition activities are not separately identifiable, however, the impact of the overall results of the group was not material

10. Tangible fixed assets	Vehicles	Fittings & fixtures	Office equipment	Computers	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Cost					
At 31 December 2002	11,492	1,173,789	1,050,798	1,612,025	3,848,104
Additions	-	1,968	113,745	574,466	690,179
Acquired assets	-	15,803	90,877	-	105,960
Disposals	(11,492)	(15,803)	(29,230)	(83,424)	(139,229)
At 31 December 2003		1,175,757	1,226,190	2,103,067	4,505,014
Depreciation					
At 31 December 2002	1,094	1,076,932	647,087	1,003,938	2,729,051
Provided	2,598	84,069	143,801	332,223	562,691
On assets acquired	-	2,156	45,955	-	48,111
Disposals	(3,692)	(2,156)	(25,774)	(82,571)	(114,193)
At 31 December 2003		1,161,001	811,069	1,253,590	3,225,660
Net book value					
At 31 December 2002	10,398	96,857	403,711	608,087	1,119,053
At 31 December 2003	-	14,756	415,121	849,477	1,279,354
HCC Acquisitions (U.K.) Limited holds no tan	gible fixed as:	sets.	•	•	

11. Fixed asset investments	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 US\$
Shares in group undertakings: Pepys Holdings Limited	88,499,700	71,280,000
	<del></del>	

HCC Acquisitions (U.K.) Limited owns 100% of the shares of the above subsidiary. The company is registered in England and Wales. The increase in value is attributable to the issue of 17,219,700 US\$ shares in the company, issued at par.

12. Deferred tax	Balance I January 2003 US\$	Acquisitions US\$	Profit and Loss Account US\$	Balance 31 December 2003 USS
Group Realisable within one year Accelerated tax depreciation - liability acquired on acquisition of Profind Insurance Services Ltd. on 30 June 2003		(4,589)	4,589	-
Realisable after more than one year Timing differences Accelerated tax depreciation	4,213 31,868	<u>.</u> -	527 (114,294)	4.740 (82,426)
	36,081	(4,589)	(109,178)	(77,686)
13. Debtors	Group 31 December 2003 US\$	Group 31 December 2002 US\$	Company 31 December 2003 US\$	Company 31 December 2002 USS
13. Debtors  Amounts falling due within one year:	31 December 2003	31 December 2002	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
	31 December 2003	31 December 2002	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Amounts falling due within one year: Insurance broking debtors: related undertakings	31 December 2003 US\$ 23,746,295	31 December 2002 US\$ 34,807,497	31 December 2003	31 December 2002
Amounts falling due within one year: Insurance broking debtors: related undertakings other	31 December 2003 US\$ 23,746,295 366,629,615	31 December 2002 US\$ 34,807,497 262,712,049	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 USS
Amounts falling due within one year: Insurance broking debtors: related undertakings other Amounts owed by group undertakings	31 December 2003 US\$ 23,746,295 366,629,615 1,373,990	31 December 2002 US\$ 34,807,497 262,712,049 901,754	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 USS
Amounts falling due within one year: Insurance broking debtors: related undertakings other Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income  Amounts falling due after one year:	31 December 2003 US\$ 23,746,295 366,629,615 1,373,990 358,218	31 December 2002 US\$ 34,807,497 262,712,049 901,754 270,419	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 USS
Amounts falling due within one year: Insurance broking debtors: related undertakings other Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	2003 US\$ 23,746,295 366,629,615 1,373,990 358,218 883,919	31 December 2002 US\$ 34,807,497 262,712,049 901,754 270,419 859,725	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 US\$ - 16,852,504

#### 14. Cash and investments

	31 December 2003 \$	31 December 2002 \$
Insurance Broking Account monies included in investments and cash at bank and in hand	64,334,204	60,735.847

15. Creditors	Group 31 December 2003	Group 31 December 2002	Company 31 December 2003	Company 31 December 2002
A	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Amounts falling due within one year:	79 007 107	(0.155.369		
Insurance broking creditors: related undertakings	78,907,183	60,155,368	-	•
other	360,428,299	281,276,067	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	46,178,069	65,032,827	43,727,474	64,362,678
Other creditors	12,928,895	5,522,506	18,674	9,627
Corporation tax	1,044,767	1,511,913	-	-
Social Security and other amounts	77,942	41,073	_	-
Accruals and deferred income	2,126,555	893,997	-	-
	<del></del>			
	501,691,710	414,433,751	43,746,148	64,372,305
		<del></del>		
Amounts falling due after more than one year:				
Amounts owed to group undertakings	17,219,700	_	17,219,700	_
Deferred tax (note 12)	77,686	•	, , , <u>-</u>	-
	<del></del>			<del></del>
	17,297,386	-	17,219,700	-

Included in amounts falling due within one year - amounts owed to group undertakings is US\$43,702,083 (2002 US\$47,439,198) in respect of a Secured Loan Note issued to HCC Insurance Holdings Inc. on 23 December, 1999 and repayable on, or before, 23 December, 2004; carrying interest at variable rates based on LIBOR. Subsequent to the year end the term of this loan was extended to 2009.

Amounts falling due after more than one year - amounts owed to group undertakings consists of an Unsecured Loan Note issued to HCC Insurance Holdings Inc. incepting on 1 March 2003, repayable on or before 28 February 2010 and paying interest at variable rates based on LIBOR.

16. Provisions for liabilities and charges	Balance	Profit and	Balance
	1 January 2003	Loss Account	31 December 2003
	US\$	US\$	US\$
Group Provision for future claims processing	578,087	(50,799)	527,288

#### 17. Post balance sheet events

These are disclosed in the Directors' Report

18. Share capital	31 December 2003 £	31 December 2002
Authorised Ordinary (10,049,385 shares of £1)	10,049,385	10,049,385
Issued and fully paid Ordinary (10,049,385 shares of £1)	10,049,385	10,049,385

The issued and fully paid share capital was converted to Dollars at the rate of 1.6173, this was the rate in force on 23 December, 1999, the date of capitalisation of the company by HCC Insurance Holdings Inc. Issued share capital has been translated as below.

	Issued an	Issued and Fully paid		
	31 December 2003 US\$	31 December 2002 US\$		
Ordinary shares at £1 each	16,252,870	16,252,870		
	<del></del>	<del></del>		
	16,252,870	16,252,870		
		<del></del> _		

#### 19. Related party transactions

All related party trading transactions were with group members that were at least 90% owned by other group members and therefore do not require disclosure.

HCC Insurance Holdings Inc., incorporated in the USA and listed on the New York Stock Exchange, is regarded by the directors of the company as the company's both immediate and ultimate parent undertaking. The consolidated accounts of HCC Insurance Holdings Inc. may be obtained from the company's principal office at 13403, Northwest Freeway, Houston, Texas 77040-6094, USA.

20. Lease obligations	Land and buildings	Other	
	USS	US\$	
Rentals payable in the next twelve months are analysed as follows:			
Operating leases which expire in:			
1 year	-	31,048	
2 to 5 years	539,009	138,582	
Over 5 years	539,810	-	

#### 21. Pension costs

The group operates individual defined contribution pension plans for each employee through Friends Provident Life Assurance Company; additionally provision is made for payments to Funded Unapproved Retirement Benefit Schemes through James Hay Pension Trustees Ltd. where appropriate. There are no unfunded pension liabilities.

In respect of these schemes the pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the group to the plans and amounted to \$1,380,903 (31 December 2002 \$932,050). There are no amounts due to or from scheme members at the year end (31 December 2002 \$Nil).

#### 22. Commitments

#### Capital expenditure

At 31 December 2003 the group had commitments for contracted capital expenditure amounting to US\$ Nil, company US\$ Nil (2002 group US\$ Nil, company US\$ Nil)

### 23. Subsidiary undertakings

The following are the subsidiaries owned by this company, all of them are dealt with in the consolidated accounts.

Pepys Holdings Limited HCC Specialty Holdings (No.1) Limited HCC Specialty Holdings (No.2) Limited* Rattner Mackenzie Limited* Rattner Mackenzie Limited (RML) (Jordan Exempt Manchester Dickson Holdings Limited* Dickson Manchester & Company Limited* HCC Diversified Financial Products Limited* Profind Limited* Pepys Management Services Limited* HCC Trustees Limited* * Indirect holding via a subsidiary	Company)*	Principle Activity Holding Company Holding Company Insurance Broking Insurance Broking Holding Company Insurance Broking Insurance Broking Insurance Broking Insurance Agency Insurance Broking Management Services	Shares Ordinary	Effective % held 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100
24. Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds	Share capital US\$	Unrealised gains/(losses) US\$	Profit and loss account US\$	Total US\$
Group At 31 December 2001 Profit for year ending 31 December 2002	16,252,870	789 (1,805)	2,492,821	18,746,840 1,001,011
At 31 December 2002 Profit for year ending 31 December 2003 Dividends paid Exchange adjustment arising on consolidation	16,252,870	(1,016) 1,016	3,495,637 2,084,922 (2,000,000) 652,690	19,747,491 85,938 (2,000,000) 652,690
At 31 December 2003	16,252,870	-	4,233,249	20,486,119
Company At 31 December 2001 Profit for year ending 31 December 2002	16,252,870	- -	7,539,197 65,871	23,792,067 65,871
At 31 December 2002 Profit for year ending 31 December 2003	16,252,870	-	7,605,068 3,799,618	23,857,938 3,799,618
At 31 December 2003	16,252,870		11,404,686	27,657,556