Report and Accounts

1 January 2006

Deloitte & Touche LLP Leeds





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2006 REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2006 REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

Colin Campbell James Hawksworth

SECRETARY

Megan Langridge

REGISTERED OFFICE

15 Grosvenor Gardens London SW1W 0DB

BANKERS

Anglo Irish Bank Corporation plc 10 Old Jewry London EC2R 8DN

National Westminster Bank PLC Leeds City Office P O Box 154 8 Park Row Leeds LS1 1QS

SOLICITORS

DLA Princes Exchange Princes Square Leeds LS1 4BY

Olswangs 90 High Holborn London WCV 6XX

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Leeds

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The company was dormant throughout the period except for charging interest on inter-company loans. The directors expect this position to be maintained for the foreseeable future. Following the acquisition of the company's parent company, Furlong Hotels Limited, the company changed its accounting reference date to 1 January 2006.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

During the period dividends on ordinary shares of £1,300,000 (Year ended 31 January 2005: £nil) were paid. The directors do not recommend a final dividend.

The profit for the period of £39,000 (Year ended 31 January 2005: £Nil) was transferred to reserves.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the period were:

H Fentum (Resigned 9 December 2005)
S Wicks (Resigned 9 December 2005)
J Hawksworth (Appointed 9 December 2005)
C Campbell (Appointed 9 December 2005)

No director had any interest in the shares of the company at 1 January 2006 or 31 January 2005. Directors' interests in shares of other group companies are shown in the annual report of Dawnay Shore Hotels plc.

AUDITORS

Kilsby & Williams LLP resigned as auditors, during the period. Deloitte & Touche LLP, Chartered Accountants, were appointed as auditors during the period and a resolution for the re-appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

James Hawksworth Director

20 September 2006

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements. The directors have chosen to prepare the accounts for the company in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial period and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LYGON ARMS HOTEL LIMITED

We have audited the individual company financial statements (the "financial statements") of The Lygon Arms Hotels Limited for the period ended 1 January 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, the individual company balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 12. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with the relevant reporting framework and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and the other information contained in the annual report for the above year as described in the contents section and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstance of the company, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the individual company's affairs as at 1 January 2006 and of the company's profit for the period then ended; and
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

19 October 2006

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Leeds

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Period ended 1 January 2006

	Note	Period ended 1 January 2006 £'000	Period ended 31 January 2005 £'000
Interest receivable and similar income		1,913	
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	1,913 (574)	-
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD Equity dividends paid	5	1,339 (1,300)	- -
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		39	

All of the company's operations during the period shown above represent continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above financial periods.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET1 January 2006

	Note	As at 1 January 2006 £'000	As at 31 January 2005 £'000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	18,269	18,230
		18,269	18,230
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			······································
Called up share capital	7	150	150
Share premium account	8	16,688	16,688
Profit and loss account	8	1,431	1,392
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	9	18,269	18,230

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 20 September 2006 and signed on its behalf by:

James Hawksworth

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Period ended 1 January 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Taxation

Current tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is not recognized when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

2. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The directors received no emoluments in the financial year (31 January 2005: £nil). There are no directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under money purchase or defined benefit schemes.

	Period ended 1 January 2006 No.	Period ended 31 January 2005 No.
Average number of persons employed Administration	2	_
		

3. OPERATING PROFIT

The audit fee for the company has been incurred by the company's fellow group undertakings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Period ended 1 January 2006

4. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

5.

6.

TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	Period ended 1 January 2006 £'000	Period ended 31 January 2005 £'000
UK corporation tax charge - current year	574	
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	574	_
The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows.	calculated by	applying the
standard rate of oix corporation as to the profit defore as is as follows.	Period ended 1 January 2006 £'000	Period ended 31 January 2005 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1,913	
Tax on loss on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005: 30%)	574	-
Effects of: Capital allowances for the period in excess of depreciation Group relief received	-	-
Current tax charge for year	574	_
DIVIDENDS	Period ended	Period ended
	1 January 2006 £'000	31 January 2005 £'000
Interim dividend paid 1,000,000 "A" ordinary shares 500,000 "B" ordinary shares	866 434	-
	1,300	-
DEBTORS	1 January	31 January
	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year: Amounts owed by group undertakings	18,269	18,230

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Period ended 1 January 2006

7. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	1 January 2006 £'000	31 January 2005 £'000
Authorised		
1,000,000 "A" ordinary shares of 10p each	100	100
500,000 "B" ordinary shares of 10p each	50	50
	150	150
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
"A" ordinary shares of 10p each	100	100
"B" ordinary shares of 10p each	50	50
	150	150

Share rank equally, except for a dividend and return on capital, where the distribution rights of the "A" shares are 10,000 times more than those of "B" shares.

8. RESERVES

	Profit and loss account £'000	Share premium £'000
As at 1 February 2005 Retained profit for the period	1,392 39	16,688
As at 1 January 2006	1,431	16,688

9. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	1 January 2006 £°000	31 January 2005 £'000
Profit for the financial period Dividends	1,339 (1,300)	- -
Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	39 18,230	18,230
Closing shareholders' funds	18,269	18,230

10. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 1 January 2006 the company had no commitments under non-cancellable operating leases (2005 nil).

11. ULTIMATE PARNET UNDERTAKING

The entire issued share capital of this company is indirectly owned by Dawnay Shore Hotels plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. The Group accounts of Dawnay Shore Hotels plc, which represents the largest group in which the company is consolidated, can be obtained from Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Period ended 1 January 2006

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has been involved in transactions with other companies within the Furlong Hotels Group which are subject to common control.

I	Profit and loss charge / (credit) in the period £'000	Outstanding creditor/ (debtor) at the period end £'000
Dividend paid to Furlong Cotswolds Limited	1,300	(18,270)
Recharge of intercompany interest to Furlong Cotswolds Limited	(1,913)	(18,270)