UNIVERSAL BEDDING & UPHOLSTERY (1998) LTD ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 31 DECEMBER 1999



UPTON NICHOL WILLIAMSON

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
Henshelwood House
18 Tankerville Terrace
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE2 3AJ

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE COMPANY

PURSUANT TO SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4, together with the financial statements of the company for the period from 6 July 1998 to 31 December 1999 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITORS

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

When William William Form

Henshelwood House 18 Tankerville Terrace Newcastle upon Tyne NE2 3AJ

25 April 2000

UPTON NICHOL WILLIAMSON Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 1999

	Note	31 Dec 99 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	2	5,634
l'angible assets		0,004
CURRENT ASSETS		
Stocks		160,397
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		97,004 27,465
Cash at bank and in hand		27,465
		284,866
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		(230,875)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		53,991
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		59,625
		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		44.000
Called-up equity share capital	3	41,666 1,944
Share premium account Profit and loss account		16,015
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		59,625

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These financial statements were approved and signed by the director on 25 April 2000

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 6 JULY 1998 TO 31 DECEMBER 1999

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

20% per annum straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Provision is made, under the liability method, to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for tax purposes. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect of all material timing differences to the extent that it is considered that a net liability may arise.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 6 JULY 1998 TO 31 DECEMBER 1999

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Fixed Assets £
COST Additions	7,184
At 31 December 1999	7,184
DEPRECIATION Charge for period	1,550
At 31 December 1999	1,550
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 1999	5,634
SHARE CAPITAL	

Authorised share capital:

3.

100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 21 00,000 100,000 100,000

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

Issue of ordinary shares $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{31 Dec 99} \\ \textbf{£} \\ 41,666 \end{array}$

During the period the company issued 41,666 £1 ordinary shares for a total consideration of £43,610.