

HOP LUN (UK) LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

HOP LUN (UK) LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director	Erik Otto Ryd
Registered number	03589393
Registered office	15/16 Pembroke Mews London W8 6ER
Independent auditors	Elman Wall Limited Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor 8th Floor Becket House 36 Old Jewry London EC2R 8DD

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	5,419	5,849
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	1,212,815	948,688
Cash at bank and in hand		70,588	10,360
		<u>1,283,403</u>	<u>959,048</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(768,674)	(474,855)
Net current assets		<u>514,729</u>	<u>484,193</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>520,148</u>	<u>490,042</u>
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax		(777)	-
		<u>(777)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net assets		<u><u>519,371</u></u>	<u><u>490,042</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	2	2
Profit and loss account		519,369	490,040
		<u><u>519,371</u></u>	<u><u>490,042</u></u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Erik Otto Ryd
Director

Date: 28 January 2022

The notes on pages 2 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

1. General information

Hop Lun (UK) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales, United Kingdom.

The address of the registered office is given on the Company Information page of these financial statements.

The principal activity of the Company is that of a sales office in accordance with the sales support services agreement entered into with a group entity on 1 November 2006. No significant changes to the business are currently anticipated.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.3 Revenue

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings	-	20% straight line
Computer equipment	-	33.3% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.11 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)**2.12 Financial instruments**

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (2020 - 4).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 April 2020	17,213	34,535	51,748
Additions	-	1,391	1,391
At 31 March 2021	<u>17,213</u>	<u>35,926</u>	<u>53,139</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2020	12,337	33,562	45,899
Charge for the year on owned assets	1,004	817	1,821
At 31 March 2021	<u>13,341</u>	<u>34,379</u>	<u>47,720</u>
Net book value			
At 31 March 2021	<u>3,872</u>	<u>1,547</u>	<u>5,419</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>4,876</u>	<u>973</u>	<u>5,849</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

5. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,157,275	878,131
Other debtors	41,211	55,824
Prepayments and accrued income	14,319	14,723
Tax recoverable	10	10
	<u>1,212,815</u>	<u>948,688</u>

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	14,340	19,286
Amounts owed to group undertakings	715,912	436,323
Corporation tax	5,018	12,296
Other creditors	6,422	2,489
Accruals and deferred income	26,982	4,461
	<u>768,674</u>	<u>474,855</u>

7. Deferred taxation

	2021 £
Charged to profit or loss	(777)
At end of year	<u>(777)</u>

The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Origination and reversal of timing differences	<u>(777)</u>	<u>-</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

8. Share capital

	2021 £	2020 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 (2020 - 2) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

On 01 January 2021 all the issued share capital of the Company comprising two ordinary shares of £1.00 each were transferred to Hop Lun Opportunity Limited at par value.

9. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £5,236 (2020: £7,289). Contributions totalling £464 (2020: £1,350) were payable to the fund at the reporting date and are included in creditors.

10. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption to disclose related party transactions with companies that are wholly owned within the Group.

At the year end the following balances were owed to the Company:

Hop Lun Brands Limited (incorporated in Ireland): £42,208 (2020: £37,654)

Hop Lun Brands Limited (incorporated in Hong Kong): £931,111 (2020: £710,915)

Hop Lun Hong Kong (incorporated in Hong Kong): £122,729 (2020: £122,729)

Hop Lun Scandale Brands Ltd: £6,833 (2020: £6,833)

Hop Lun Executive Ltd: £54,394 (2020: £nil-)

At the year end the following balances were due to Group members:

Hop Lun Benelux (incorporated in The Netherlands): £715,912 (2020: £436,323).

On 01 January 2021 all the issued share capital of the Company comprising two ordinary shares of £1.00 each were transferred to Hop Lun Opportunity Limited at par value.

11. Controlling party

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Hop Lun (Hong Kong) Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong. The Company's ultimate controlling party is Hop Lun International Limited, a company incorporated in The British Virgin Islands.

12. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 28 January 2022 by Ian Palmer (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of Elman Wall Limited.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.