# Company registration number 3577180

# NCP East Anglia Development Limited

Report and financial statements

For the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

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# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

#### **DIRECTORS**

A D Potter J P Walbridge J P Scott

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

A Campbell

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

6th Floor Offices Centre Tower Whitgift Centre Croydon Surrey CR0 1LP

#### **SOLICITORS**

Travers Smith 10 Snow Hill, London EC1A 2AL

Hamlins Roxburghe House 273-287 Regent Street London W1B 2AD

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
1 Embankment Place
London
WC2N 6RH

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for NCP East Anglia Development Limited ("the Company") for the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is as a landlord of its investment properties, receiving rental income. The directors do not envisage any change in the principal activities during the forthcoming period.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The trading results are shown in the profit and loss account on page 5

As at 26 March 2010, the Company had net assets of £36 7 million (27 March 2009 £36 4 million)

#### DIRECTORS

The directors who held office throughout the period and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows

A D Potter

J P Walbridge

Appointed 23 July 2009

S G Owens

Appointed 20 October 2009 and resigned 8 January 2010

A M Pollins

Resigned 23 July 2009

J P Scott

Appointed 10 February 2010

#### **DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES**

The company has maintained qualifying third party indemnity insurance throughout the financial period and up to the signing of the financial statments on behalf of its directors and officers

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- (1) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- (2) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself / herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

Approved by the board of directors and signed by order of the board

A D Potter Director

29 September 2010

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

# NCP East Anglia Development Limited INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NCP EAST ENGLIA DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of NCP East Anglia Development Limited for the period ended 26 March 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 3 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 26 March 2010 and of its profit for the year then
  ended.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the directors' report in accordance with the small company regime

Christopher Burns (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London

29 September 2010

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

	Note	28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010 £'000	29 March 2008 to 27 March 2009 £'000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	1	373	373 (577)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT		373	(204)
Interest receivable and similar income Amounts written off investments Interest payable and similar charges	2 7 2	2,334 (2,172) (254)	2,135 (269) (276)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2 5	281	1,386
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	11	281	1,386

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the year stated above and their historical costs equivalents

The results for the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010 and for the period from 29 March 2008 to 27 March 2009 reflect the continuing operations of the Company

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES For the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

	Note	28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010 £'000	29 March 2008 to 27 March 2009 £'000
Profit for the financial period  Deficit on revaluation of freehold properties in period	6	281 -	1,386 (2,920)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the period		281	(1,534)

### BALANCE SHEET As at 26 March 2010

# Company registration number 3577180

	Note	26 March 2010 £'000	27 March 2009 £'000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	6	6,604	6,604
Investments	7	, -	2,172
		6,604	8,776
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	8	33,997	31,290
CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	9	(3,928)	(3,674)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		30,069	27,616
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		36,673	36,392
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	10	1	1
Share premium account	11	16,002	16,002
Profit and loss account	11	20,670	20,389
TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	12	36,673	36,392

The financial statements on pages 5 to 13 were approved by the board of directors on 29 September 2010 Signed on behalf of the board of directors

A D Potter **Director** 

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in both the current and preceding periods in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements. These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost accounting convention as modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets further described below and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### Consolidation

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by virtue of Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements in the current period. The results of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements of MEIF II CP Holdings 1 Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. Therefore, these financial statements refer to the Company only

#### Cash flow statement

Under the provision of Financial Reporting Standard 1 'cashflow statement' (revised 1996) the Company has not presented a cash flow statement, as its intermediate parent company, MEIF il CP Holdings 1 Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, prepares consolidated financial statements which include the results of the Company and contain a cash flow statement

#### Turnover

The Company's turnover comprises gross rents receivable derived from activities performed within the United Kingdom and from a single class of business and is recognised on a gross accruals basis

#### Investments

Investments held as fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for any impairment in value

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets comprise properties in which NCP East Anglia Development Limited holds the beneficial ownership Although legal title is held by fellow group companies, the risks and rewards of ownership are held by NCP East Anglia Development Limited

#### Investment properties

Properties which are held on a long-term basis for capital appreciation purposes and not used as operating properties are regarded as investment properties. In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19 these are stated in the financial statements at directors' valuation, which is carried out by a internal surveyor on behalf of the group at the period end based on open market value.

Provisions in respect of impairment of investment properties are charged to the profit and loss account where carrying value is higher than open market value

#### Fixed assets and depreciation

No depreciation is provided on freehold land

#### Investment properties

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19, depreciation is not provided on investment properties. The properties concerned are not held for consumption but for investment, and the Directors consider that systematic annual depreciation would be inappropriate. This accounting policy is deemed necessary for the accounts to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at year end. The financial effect of the departure from the statutory accounting rules cannot reasonably be quantified as depreciation is only one of the factors reflected in the annual valuation and it cannot be separately identified or quantified.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Taxation**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

#### Leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term

#### 2 PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

	28 March 2009	29 March 2008
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated	to 26 March 2010 £'000	to 27 March 2009 £'000
After charging Interest payable to group undertakings Impairment of investment Impairment of freehold property	254 2,172 -	276 269 577
After crediting		
Rents receivable from property Interest receivable from group undertakings	373 2,334	373 2,135

#### 3. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The auditors' remuneration payable to the auditors for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements of £2,000 (period ended 27 March 2009 £2,000) was borne by National Car Parks Limited, a fellow group company

#### 4. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

None of the directors received any emoluments during the current and preceding periods in respect of their services to the Company

There were no employees during either period

#### 5 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

#### (a) Analysis of tax on profit on ordinary activities

	28 March 2009	29 March 2008
	to	to
	26 March 2010	27 March 2009
	£'000	£'000
United Kingdom corporation tax on profits of the period	•	•
		<del></del>
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	•	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

#### 5. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Factors affecting tax for the current period

The tax assessed for the period is different from that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 28% (period ended 27 March 2009 28%) The differences are explained below

	28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010 £'000	29 March 2008 to 27 March 2009 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	281	1,386
Tax at 28% (period ended 27 March 2009 28%) thereon	(79)	(388)
Effects of Group relief not paid for Impairment of fixed assets	687 (608)	625 (237)
Current tax for the period		

#### 6 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Freehold land and buildings £'000
Cost or valuation At 28 March 2009 and at 26 March 2010	7,638
Accumulated depreciation At 28 March 2009 and at 26 March 2010	1,034
Net book value At 26 March 2010	6,604
At 27 March 2009	6,604

Investment properties, and those elements of operating properties not dedicated to parking, were valued on an open market value basis in September 2005. Investment and operating properties are revalued annually by a suitably experienced member of the Group. For investment properties this is based upon a realistic market value. Following this review of the value of these investment properties at the 26 March 2010 the market value equates to the carrying value of these properties.

Included within freehold property is land with a cost of £30,000 (2009 £30,000)

The cost of fixed assets comprises

invest	Investment properties	
26 March 2 £'	2010 27 March 2009 2000 £'000	
	638 7,638	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

#### 7 FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Shares in Group undertakings £'000
Cost At 26 March 2010 and 28 March 2009	2,631
Provision for impairment At 28 March 2009 Charge for the period	(459) (2,172)
At 26 March 2010	(2,631)
Net book value At 26 March 2010	<u> </u>
At 27 March 2009	2,172

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets

Shares in group undertakings represent the cost of 100% of the ordinary shares in NCP Empire (No. 4) Limited (£2,630,819) and NCP Empire No. 1 Limited (£1) Both Companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. The principal activity of NCP Empire No. 1 Limited is property investment. NCP Empire (No. 4) Limited is a property investment and investment holding Company.

The investment in NCP Empire No. 4 Limited is shown at £nil value as the provision for impairment was increased to £2,631,819 (2009 £458,783) during the year, as this investment was written down to £nil value as NCP Empire No.4 has £nil net assets

#### 8. DEBTORS

	26 March 2010 £'000	27 March 2009 £'000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	33,997	31,290

All amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured these include £28,075,575 (2009 £25,741,500) which are interest bearing at rates between 6 50% and 9 90% and all amounts are repayable on demand

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

### 9 CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

9	CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
		26 Ma	rch 2010 £'000	27 March 2009 £'000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		3,928	3,674
	Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured these include £3,928,008 bearing at a rate of 7 0% and it is repayable on demand	(2008	£3,674,171)	which are interest
10	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			
		26 Ma	rch 2010 £'000	27 March 2009 £'000
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid 1,000 (2009 1,000) ordinary shares of £1 each		1	1
11	RESERVES			
		Share	premium account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000
	At 28 March 2009 Profit for the period		16,002	20,389
	At 26 March 2010		16,002	20,670
12.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			
		28 Ma	rch 2009	29 March 2008 to
		26 Ma	to erch 2010 £'000	27 March 2009 £'000
	Profit for the financial period Deficit on revaluation of freehold land and buildings		281	1,386 (2,920)
	Net increase/(decrease) in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds		281 36,392	(1,534) 37,926
	Closing shareholders' funds		36,673	36,392
	<del></del> -			

#### 13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Under a group registration the Company is jointly and severally liable for value added tax due by other group companies At 26 March 2010, this contingent liability amounted to £1.6 million (2009 £nil million). Contingent guarantees are disclosed in note 14

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 28 March 2009 to 26 March 2010

#### 14 COMMITMENTS

#### Financial guarantees

Where the Company enters into arrangements to guarantee the indebtedness of other companies within its group, the Company considers these to be insurance arrangements, and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the Company treats the guarantee as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the Company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.

#### Financial agreement and related debenture and cross guarantees

On 23 August 2004, Primepanel Limited, a fellow group Company, entered in a £73 million commercial mortgage facilities agreement with the Royal Bank of Scotland ("RBS") which was used to repay part of the £148 million senior facilities. The Company acted as a guarantor for this facility

On 8 March 2007, the £385 million senior facilities agreement with Royal Bank of Canada and £44 million junior facilities agreement were replaced with a new £500 million senior facilities agreement with Royal Bank of Canada. The facility was entered into by MEIF II CP Holdings 3 Limited, which on 19 March 2007 became a parent company of the Company. The facility allows the participating group to senior debt facility of £425 million, working capital facility of £25 million and capex facility of £50 million.

On 27 July 2007 the Company entered as a guarantor to the new senior facilities agreement

#### Tax deed guarantees

In 2002, Primepanel Limited, a fellow Group Company, entered into a tax deed with a third party, Bishopsgate Parking Limited ("Bishopsgate") The Company guaranteed Primepanel Limited's obligations under this deed

#### Lease and remedial works guarantees

On 8 September 2003, National Car Parks Limited ("NCPL"), a fellow Group Company, entered into two renewal lease agreements in favour of Bishopsgate and Bishopsgate Parking (No 2) Limited ("Bishopsgate No 2") in respect of leases over various premises. The Company guaranteed NCPL's obligations under these agreements. On 23 September 2003, the Company entered into a lease guarantee under which it is liable for the payment of the rents and other obligations of NCPL as tenant under various leases.

On 17 November 2003, NCPL entered into a charge over accounts and deposit agreement in favour of Bishopsgate No 2, and a deed of covenant in respect of remedial works in favour of Bishopsgate No 2. This deed was guaranteed by a number of group companies.

#### 15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a 100% owned subsidiary, advantage has been taken of the exemption granted by paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard No 8, 'Related party transactions', not to disclose transactions with other group entities

#### 16 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's immediate controlling party is National Car Parks Group Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain

The Company's ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party is Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II, a limited partnership incorporated in Great Britain, registered office Carinthia House, 9-12 The Grange, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 4BF. The parent undertaking of the largest group which includes the Company and for which consolidated financial statements are prepared is Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II. The parent undertaking of the smallest such group is MEIF. II. CP. Holdings 1 Limited, a company incorporated Great Britain. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of MEIF. II. CP. Holdings 1 Limited are available from Level 35, Citypoint, 1 Ropemaker Street, London, EC2Y 9HD.