## Strategic Report, Report of the Director and Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

for

**Maps Properties Limited** 



## Contents of the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

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# Company Information For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

DIRECTOR:

Mr M Christophi

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

The Union Building 51 - 59 Rose Lane

Norwich Norfolk NR1 1BY

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

03566459 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Cunninghams Statutory Auditors 61 Alexandra Rod

Lowestoft Suffolk NR32 1PL

### Strategic Report

For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

The director presents his strategic report for the year ended 31st July 2020.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of residential care.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The profit and loss account for the year is set out on page 6.

The company's (loss)/profit on ordinary activities after taxation was £500,927 (2019: £163,637)

Market conditions have improved for the company during 2020, and capital investment in the homes has also continued during the year. There has been an increase in sales, which coupled with a fall in the use of agency staff has lead to a financial profit. This is expected to continue to improve in 2021.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The latest CQC reports for the three care homes are shown below:

The Limes: 16 October 2020 - Requires improvement

17 October 2019 - Requires Improvement 28 July 2019 - Requires Improvement 14 September 2017 - Inadequate

Walsham Grange: 07 January 2021 - Inspected but not rated

20 January 2021 - Inspected but not rated

29 October 2019 - Inadequate 23 November 2017 - Good

31 May 2017 - Requires Improvement

Nightingale: 11 November 2020 - Inspected but not rated

27 April 2019 - Requires Improvement

01 June 2018 - Inadequate

11 October 2017 - Requires Improvement

Following on from the CQC reports in 2019 and the challenges caused by the global COVID-19 pandemic which began in March 2020, the material uncertainty regarding the going concern status is still applicable. However, due to the support that's been available and the continued work to improve the quality of all three homes, the director is still confident that ratings will improve going forward, as well as financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Director considers the company's financial key performance indicators (KPIs) to be as follows:

 2020
 2019

 (Decrease)/increase in turnover
 4.6%
 17.7%

 Wages as a percentage of turnover
 51.4%
 49.8%

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WERE APPROVED BY:

Mr M Christophi - Director

Date: 29/7/2

#### Report of the Director For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st July 2020.

#### DIVIDENDS

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31st July 2020 will be £60,000.

#### DIRECTOR

Mr M Christophi held office during the whole of the period from 1st August 2019 to the date of this report.

#### **DISCLOSURE IN THE STRATEGIC REPORT**

Under s414C(11) of the Companies Act 2006, the following information is included in the Strategic Report:

- 1. details of the principal activity of the company;
- 2. a review of the business including developments in the year, its performance and current position;
- 3. a summary of the principal risks and uncertainty affecting the position; and
- 4. information relating to the KPIs monitored by the company.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Cunninghams, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WERE APPROVED BY:

Mr M Christophi - Director

Date:

## Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Maps Properties Limited

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maps Properties Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31st July 2020 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st July 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to the Strategic Report on Page 2, which explains that Maps Properties Ltd had received poor reviews from the Care Quality Commission (CQC). This indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

## Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Maps Properties Limited

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Benjamin Lynes (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Cunninghams

Chartered Statutory Auditors

61 Alexandra Road

Lowestoft Suffolk NR32 1PL

Date: 2917121

**Cunninghams Accountants** 

## Income Statement For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

		31/7/20	31/7/19 as
	Notes	£	restated £
TURNOVER	4	4,016,060	3,839,306
Cost of sales		2,913,352	2,690,342
GROSS PROFIT		1,102,708	1,148,964
Administrative expenses		658,239	898,149
		444,469	250,815
Other operating income		137,607	2,100
OPERATING PROFIT	6	582,076	252,915
Interest receivable and similar income		1,042	474
		583,118	253,389
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	82,191	89,752
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		500,927	163,637
Tax on profit	8	60,136	80,972
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		440,791	82,665

## Other Comprehensive Income For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

	31/7/20	31/7/19 as
Notes	£	restated £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	440,791	82,665
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE Deferred Tax Income tax relating to other comprehensive OTHER COMPREHENSIVE FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TAX	- 	- 
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	440,791	82,665

## Maps Properties Limited (Registered number: 03566459)

# Statement of Financial Position 31st July 2020

		31/7	/20	31/7/19 as restat	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets	11		_		_
Tangible assets	12		4,242,248		4,350,879
			4,242,248		4,350,879
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	13	3,632		3,460	
Debtors	14	344,998		483,829	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>1,091,590</u>		414,245	
CREDITORS		1,440,220		901,534	
Amounts falling due within one year	15	1,207,009		967,871	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			233,211		(66,337)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			4,475,459		4,284,542
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	16		(2,575,953)		(2,693,507)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	19		(205)		(72,525)
NET ASSETS			1,899,301		1,518,510
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	20		200		200
Revaluation reserve	21		854,929		876,137
Retained earnings	21		1,044,172		642,173
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,899,301		1,518,510
The financial statements were approved by	the direct	or and authoricad	for iccue on	29/07/2021	and

Mr M Christophi - Director

## Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Revaluation reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1st August 2018 Prior year adjustment	200	494,630 103,670	897,345 	1,392,175 103,670
As restated	200	598,300	897,345	1,495,845
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	(60,000) 103,873	(21,208)	(60,000) 82,665
Balance at 31st July 2019	200	642,173	876,137	1,518,510
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	(60,000) 461,999	(21,208)	(60,000) 440,791
Balance at 31st July 2020	200	1,044,172	854,929	1,899,301

## Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

		31/7/20	31/7/19 as restated
	otes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid Tax paid	1	972,776 (82,191) 473	544,479 (89,752) ————————————————————————————————————
Net cash from operating activities		<u>891,058</u>	454,727
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Interest received		(27,046) 1,042	(73,178) ——474
Net cash from investing activities		(26,004)	(72,704)
Cash flows from financing activities Loan repayments in year Amount introduced by directors Amount withdrawn by directors Equity dividends paid  Net cash from financing activities		(117,557) - (10,152) (60,000) 	(159,993) 554,793 (545,110) (60,000) (210,310)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	677,345 414,245	171,713 242,532
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	1,091,590	414,245

# Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

1.	RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH (	GENERATED FR	OM OPERATION 31/7/20	<b>iS</b> 31/7/19
				as
			£	restated £
	Profit before taxation		500,927	163,637
	Depreciation charges Impairment of development costs		135,680	134,113 174,745
	Finance costs		82,191	89,752
	Finance income		(1,042)	<u>(474</u> )
			717,756	561,773
	Increase in stocks		(172)	(165) (57,134)
	Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors Increase in trade and other creditors		138,831 116,361	40,005
	Cash generated from operations		972,776	544,479
	outing generated from operations		<u> </u>	
2.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect these Statement of Financial Position amounts:	of cash and cas	h equivalents are	in respect of
	Year ended 31st July 2020			
			31.7.20 £	1.8.19 £
	Cash and cash equivalents		1,091,590	414,245
	Year ended 31st July 2019			
	•		31.7.19	1.8.18
			as resta £	itea £
	Cash and cash equivalents		414,245	242,532
3.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT			
		At 1.8.19	Cash flow £	At 31.7.20
	Net cash	£	L	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	414,245	677,345	1,091,590
		414,245	677,345	1,091,590
	Debt			
	Debts falling due within 1 year	(249,745)	-	(249,745)
	Debts falling due after 1 year	(2,693,507)	117,554	<u>(2,575,953</u> )
		(2,943,252)	117,554	(2,825,698)
	Total	(2,529,007)	794,899	(1,734,108)

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Maps Properties Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest pound.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Turnover

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided, in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all the following conditions are satisfied.

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- The stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2007, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of ten years.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - 2% on cost Improvements to property - 2% on cost

Plant and machinery - 20% on reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 15% on reducing balance
Computer equipment - 33% on reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loan from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

### Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors consider this basis to be appropriate but have not assessed a period in excess of twelve months from the date of approving the financial statements.

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

### 4. TURNOVER

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The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below:

	An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below:		
		31/7/20	31/7/19 as restated
	Rendering of services	£ 4,016,060	£ 3,839,306
		4,016,060	3,839,306
5.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	31/7/20	31/7/19 as
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	£ 2,063,703 122,063 28,802 2,214,568	restated £ 1,913,641 111,302 20,033 2,044,976
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	31/7/20	31/7/19 as restated
	Average Number of Employees	142	135
		31/7/20	31/7/19
	Director's remuneration	£	as restated £
6.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		31/7/20 £	31/7/19 as restated £
	Depreciation - owned assets Auditors' remuneration Impairment of development costs	135,677 10,500 	134,113 10,585 206,367
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	31/7/20	31/7/19 as restated
	Bank interest	£ 82,191	£ 89,752

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

#### 8. TAXATION

<b>Analysis</b>	of the	tax charge
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The tax charge on	the profit for the v	year was as follows:

The tax of tax go on the profit of the year tax go on the go	31/7/20	31/7/19 as
Current tax:	£	restated £
UK corporation tax	132,456	73,127
Deferred tax	<u>(72,320</u> )	7,845
Tax on profit	60,136	80,972

UK corporation tax was charged at 19% in 2020.

#### Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit before tax	31/7/20 £ 500,927	31/7/19 as restated £ 163,637
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	95,176	31,091
Effects of: Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Effect of prior year adjustment Deferred tax movement	17,583 19,697 (72,320)	42,036 - 7,845
Total tax charge	60,136	80,972

#### Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive income

There were no tax effects for the year ended 31st July 2020.

		31/7/19		
	Gross £	Tax £	Net £	
Deferred Tax				
DIVIDENDS		31/7/20	31/7/19 as	
Ordinary B shares of £1 each		£	restated £	

#### 10. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

Interim

9.

In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31st July 2020 it was identified that historically the company had overstated the wages and salaries cost and the social security and other taxes creditor. The impact of this was that net assets of the company were understated by £103,670 at 31st July 2019 and 31st July 2018. In restating the prior year comparatives, net assets at 31st July 2019 have been increased by £103,670.

60,000

60,000

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

11.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			Goodwill £
	COST At 1st August 2019 and 31st July 2020			100,000
	AMORTISATION At 1st August 2019 and 31st July 2020			100,000
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31st July 2020			-
	At 31st July 2019			
12.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Improvements	
		Freehold property £	to property	Plant and machinery £
	COST At 1st August 2019 Additions	4,399,590 	482,691 1,940	229,943 1,540
	At 31st July 2020	4,399,590	484,631	231,483
	<b>DEPRECIATION</b> At 1st August 2019 Charge for year	664,009 87,992	44,388 9,692	162,142 13,861
	At 31st July 2020	752,001	54,080	176,003
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31st July 2020	3,647,589	430,551	55,480
	At 31st July 2019	3,735,581	438,303	<u>67,801</u>
	COST	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	COST At 1st August 2019 Additions	307,977 22,227	4,540 1,339	5,424,741 <u>27,046</u>
	At 31st July 2020	330,204	5,879	5,451,787
	<b>DEPRECIATION</b> At 1st August 2019 Charge for year	199,555 23,436	3,768 696	1,073,862 135,677
	At 31st July 2020	222,991	4,464	1,209,539
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31st July 2020	107,213	1,415	4,242,248
	At 31st July 2019	108,422	<del>772</del>	4,350,879

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

40	070000		
13.	STOCKS	31/7/20	31/7/19
		31/1/20	as
			restated
		£	£
	Stocks	<u>3,632</u>	<u>3,460</u>
4.4	DEDTODO AMOUNTO FALLINO DUE WITHIN ONE VEAD		
14.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	31/7/20	31/7/19
		01/1/20	as
			restated
		£	£
	Trade debtors	330,555	469,072
	Other debtors Propayments	8,850 5,593	2,850 11,907
	Prepayments		11,907
		344,998	483,829
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
15.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	31/7/20	31/7/19
		31///20	as
			restated
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 17)	249,745	249,745
	Trade creditors	145,933	146,114
	Tax Secial acquity and other tayes	206,056 145,132	73,127 25,239
	Social security and other taxes Wages control	41,861	87,233
	Pension control	3,895	2,993
	Other creditors	178,037	83,262
	Company credit card	688	2,069
	Directors' loan accounts	28,557	38,709
	Accruals and deferred income	207,105	259,380
		1,207,009	967,871
16.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	24/7/20	24/7/40
		31/7/20	31/7/19 as
			restated
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 17)	2,525,953	2,693,507
	Other loans (see note 17)	50,000	
		2,575,953	2,693,507
17.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
	3		
		31/7/20	31/7/19
			as restated
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	~	_
	Mortgage - less than 1 year	249,745	249,745
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:		
	Mortgage - 1-2 years	249,745	249,745
	······································		= .0,0

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

17.	LOANS - contir	nued			
				31/7/20	31/7/19 as
				£	restated £
	Amounts falling due between two and five years: Mortgage - 2-5 years		749,236	749,236	
	Bounce back loa			50,000	
				799,236	749,236
	Amounts falling	due in more than five years:			
	Repayable by in			4 506 070	1 604 526
	Mortgage - more	e man 5 years		1,526,972	1,694,526
18.	SECURED DEB	втѕ			
	The following se	ecured debts are included within credito	ors:		
				31/7/20	31/7/19
					as restated
	Bank loans			£ 2,775,698	£ 2,943,252
	Residential Car	ninster Bank Plc has a fixed charge of re Home ,16a Drayton Wood Road, N and Nightingale Care Home, Church L	lorwich, Walsham Grange Ca	associated ass are Home, 81 B	ets at Limes acton Road,
19.	PROVISIONS F	OR LIABILITIES			
				31/7/20	31/7/19 as
				£	restated £
	Deferred tax			205	<u>72,525</u>
					Deferred
					tax
	Balance at 1st A				£ 72,525
	Provided during				<u>(72,320</u> )
	Balance at 31st	July 2020			205
20.	CALLED UP SH	HARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued Number:	and fully paid: Class:	Nominal	31/7/20	31/7/19
	Number.	<b>J</b> 1433.	value:	£	as restated £
	100	Ordinary A	£1	100	100
	100	Ordinary B	£1	<u>100</u>	

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31st July 2020

#### 20. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL - continued

The holders of the Ordinary B shares do not have the right to attend and vote at all general meetings. The holders of the Ordinary B shares have the right to receive an annual dividend at the discretion of the Ordinary A shareholders.

The holders of the Ordinary A shares have the right to attend and vote at all general meetings. The holders of the Ordinary A shares have the right to receive an annual dividend.

### 21. RESERVES

Revaluation reserve: The revaluation reserve represents accumulated unrealised gains and losses in respect of revaluations of assets held by the company.

Profit and loss account: The profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses of the company, net of dividends paid.

#### 22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Dividends of £60,000 (2019: £60,000) were paid to Mr M Christophi during the year.

At the year end Mr M Christophi was owed £28,557 (2019: £38,709) by the company and is included within creditor due within one year.

At the year end Maps Properties Limited owed MPC Hotels Ltd, a company owned by Michael Christophi, £153,485 (2019:48,485).

#### 23. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company was controlled in the current and preceding period by the Director, Mr Christophi by virtue of their shareholdings.