Registered Number 03552681

On-Line Accountants Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2012

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2012

Current assets	Notes	2012 £	£	2011 £	£
Cash at bank and in hand		60		624	
Total current assets		<u>60</u>		624	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(20,643)		(20,419)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			(20,583)		(19,795)
Total assets less current liabilities			(20,583)		(19,795)
Total net assets (liabilities)			(20,583)		(19,795)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	4		2 (20,585)		2 (19,797)
Shareholders funds			(20,583)		(19,795)

- a. For the year ending 31 March 2012 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 19 December 2012

And signed on their behalf by:

J W Walsh, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 March 2012

Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2 Investments (Fixed Assets)

2 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

√ Share capital

	2012	2011
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully		
paid:		
2 Ordinary of £1 each	2	2