REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

FOR

BONDCREST ENTERPRISES LIMITED

FRIDAY

A35

14/12/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE #132

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	Page
Company Information	1
Report of the Directors	2
Report of the Accountants	3
Profit and Loss Account	4
Balance Sheet	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6
Profit and Loss Account	Q

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

DIRECTORS:

Mr Harshad Desai

Mrs Rekha Desai

SECRETARY:

Mr Nipul Desai

REGISTERED OFFICE:

c/o Butler & Co LLP

3rd Floor

126-134 Baker Street

London W1U 6UE

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03545458 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Butler & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Third Floor

126 - 134 Baker Street

London W1U 6UE

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2012

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of property investment and management

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 March 2012

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2011 to the date of this report

Mr Harshad Desai Mrs Rekha Desai

FIXED ASSETS

The changes in fixed assets during the year are summarised in the notes to the accounts. In the opinion of the directors, the current valuations of investment properties are not significantly different from their book cost

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted. Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr Harshad Desai - Director

12 December 2012

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTANTS TO THE DIRECTORS OF BONDCREST ENTERPRISES LIMITED

As described on the balance sheet you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012 set out on pages four to eight and you consider that the company is exempt from an audit

In accordance with your instructions, we have compiled these unaudited financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us

Butler & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Third Floor 126 - 134 Baker Street London W1U 6UE

Date 12 December 2012

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

	Notes	2012 £	2011 £
TURNOVER		116,050	116,050
Administrative expenses		109,502	33,736
OPERATING PROFIT	3	6,548	82,314
Interest receivable and similar income		758	4
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	ES	7,306	82,318
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	1,831	16,087
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA	AR	5,475	66,231

The notes form part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2012

		2012	!	2011	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	5		959,420		961,761
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	6	21,682		3,852	
Cash at bank		4,549		46,457	
		26,231		50,309	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	550,681		582,575	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(524,450)		(532,266)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT L	IABILITIES		434,970		429,495
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account	9		433,970		428,495
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			434,970		429,495

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2012

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 December 2012 and were signed on its behalf by

Mr Harshad Desai - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention and on a going concern basis

As at 31st March 2012, current liabilities exceed current assets by £524,450 (2011 £532,265) However, the directors of the company consider that the going concern basis is appropriate in view of the assurance of continuing financial support which the company has received from its shareholders

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

Exemption has been taken from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company

Turnover

Turnover represents rental receivable in respect of properties and is attributable to the company's principal activity Rents are invoiced quarterly in advance. Rental income is recognised for the period to which it relates

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life

Freehold property - see below
Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost
Computer equipment - 25% on cost

In accordance with SSAP19, investment properties are revalued annually Surpluses or deficit are transferred to an investment revaluation reserve. Deficit in excess of prior revaluation surpluses are charged to the profit and loss account. Depreciation is not provided in respect of investment properties. The directors consider that this accounting policy(which represents a departure from statutory accounting rules) is necessary to provide a true and fair view.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

2 STAFF COSTS

	£	£
Wages and salaries	61,125	6,000
Social security costs	7,859	
	68,984	6,000
		
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:	2012	2011
	2012	2011
Management	3	2

2011

2012

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

3 OPERATING PROFIT

	Depreciation - owned assets Directors' remuneration and other benefits	etc		2012 £ 2,571 3,000	2011 £ 2,520 ————————————————————————————————————
4	TAXATION				
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit on ordinary ac	ctivities for the year was	as follows	2012 £	2011 £
	Current tax				
	UK corporation tax			1,831	16,087
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities			1,831	16,087
5	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Freehold property	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment	Totals
	COST	£	£	£	r
	At I April 2011 Additions	954,200	1,090	24,711 230	980,001 230
	At 31 March 2012	954,200	1,090	24,941	980,231
	DEPRECIATION	***************************************	1.000	17.150	18,240
	At 1 April 2011 Charge for year	- -	1,090	17,150 2,571	2,571
	At 31 March 2012		1,090	19,721	20,811
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 March 2012	954,200	<u>-</u>	5,220	959,420
	At 31 March 2011	954,200	-	7,561	961,761
6	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DU	IE WITHIN ONE YEA	R	2012	2011
	Other debtors			£ 17,736	£
	Prepayments			3,946	3,852
				21,682	3,852

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2012

7	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	
---	--	--

2012	2011
£	£
481,345	499,043
-	1
1,873	16,127
66,414	66,414
1,049	990
550,681	582,575
	
	£ 481,345 1,873 66,414 1,049

8 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issi	ued and fully paid			
Number	Class	Nominal	2012	2011
		value	£	£
1,000	Ordinary shares	£1 00	1,000	1,000
			===	==::

Profit and loss

9 RESERVES

	account £
At 1 April 2011 Profit for the year	428,495 5,475
At 31 March 2012	433,970

10 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling parties are the Trustees of H & R Desai Discretionary Trust

11 SECURITIES GIVEN

The bank loan is secured on the assets of the company