Registration number: 3540263

A C Emmerson Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

Aleathia Mann Ltd Chartered Accountants 14 Townsend Court Reepham Norfolk NR10 4LD

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Company Information

Director A C Emmerson

Registered office Nirvana

Fakenham Road Morton on the Hill

Norfolk NR9 5SP

Accountants Aleathia Mann Ltd

Chartered Accountants 14 Townsend Court

Reepham Norfolk NR10 4LD

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(Registration number: 3540263) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	45,227	37,974
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	300	300
Debtors	<u>6</u>	6,812	29,783
Cash at bank and in hand		51,051	40,694
		58,163	70,777
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(9,034)	(26,704)
Net current assets		49,129	44,073
Total assets less current liabilities		94,356	82,047
Provisions for liabilities		(8,593)	(7,215)
Net assets		85,763	74,832
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		85,663	74,732
Total equity		85,763	74,832

For the financial year ending 30 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{8}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 3540263) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2019

Approved and authorised b	by the director on 15 January 2020
A C Emmerson	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Nirvana Fakenham Road Morton on the Hill Norfolk NR9 5SP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 15 January 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ircland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Motor vehicles
Plant and machinery

Depreciation method and rate 25% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2 (2018 - 2).

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

4 Tangible assets

	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 May 2018	73,784	59,093	132,877
Additions	9,042	16,060	25,102
Disposals	(11,154)	<u> </u>	(11,154)
At 30 April 2019	71,672	75,153	146,825
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2018	50,755	44,148	94,903
Charge for the year	7,324	7,751	15,075
Eliminated on disposal	(8,380)		(8,380)
At 30 April 2019	49,699	51,899	101,598
Carrying amount			
At 30 April 2019	21,973	23,254	45,227
At 30 April 2018	23,029	14,945	37,974
5 Stocks		2019 £	2018 £
Other inventories		300	300
6 Debtors			
		2019	2018
		£	£
Trade debtors		1,163	21,872
Prepayments		2,216	3,810
Other debtors		3,433	4,101
		6,812	29,783

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	1,333	14,046
Taxation and social security	1,179	-
Accruals and deferred income	1,300	5,185
Other creditors	5,222	7,473
	9,034	26,704

8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

Thomas, canca up and rang para snares	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.