REGISTERED NUMBER: 03536047 (England and Wales)

LAZARD ITALY LIMITED

Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Audited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

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Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

		Page
Company Information	•	1
Strategic Report		2
Report of the Directors		. 4
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities		6
Report of the Independent Auditor		. 7
Statement of Comprehensive Income	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10
Statement of Financial Position		- 11
Statement of Changes in Equity		12
Notes to the Financial Statements		13

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

DIRECTORS: R J Rountree C R Foster

SECRETARY: C R Foster

REGISTERED OFFICE: 50 Stratton Street London W1J 8LL

REGISTERED NUMBER: 03536047 (England and Wales)

AUDITOR:

Deloitte LLP
2 New Street Square
London
EC4A 3BZ

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the Company in the year under review was that of an investment holding company. The Company holds an investment in its subsidiary, Lazard S.R.L, which is principally engaged in financial advisory activities.

As a holding company, the Company receives income from shares in group undertakings. No dividends were received for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil). Loss after taxation for the year was £30,706 (2021: £21,495). The Company's net assets fell to £13,367,499 (2021: £13,398,155).

On 15 July 2021 the Company changed its accounting reference date from 30 November 2021 to 31 December 2021 to align the accounting period with the Lazard & Co., Holdings Limited ("LCH") Group.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company's activities expose it to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company uses foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge these exposures when necessary. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. The Company's principal financial assets are cash, trade and other receivables and investments.

CONFLICT IN UKRAINE

The conflict in Ukraine, which began in February 2022, has affected market sentiment and increased volatility. While the Company has no direct exposure to clients or suppliers either in Ukraine or subject to sanctions imposed as a result of the conflict, the consequences of the global macroeconomic environment and how that will affect the business remain uncertain, however the directors believe there will be no impact on the financial statements or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern business.

UNITED KINGDOM EXIT FROM THE EUROPEAN UNION

The U.K. left the European Union on 31 January 2020. Prior to that date, the U.K. adopted numerous European Union laws and regulations into U.K. domestic legislation in order to ensure continuity. The "Retained EU Law" bill announced by the U.K. Government on 22 September 2022, to the extent passed into U.K. law by the U.K. Parliament, will result in the disapplication of European Union legacy laws by the end of 2023 unless the U.K. Government has legislated to retain or replace them. There is currently no certainty on which European Union legacy laws and regulations will be changed going forward and the U.K. may diverge from these laws and regulations and may decide not to adopt rules that correspond to future European Union legislation. To the extent that different regulatory systems impose overlapping or inconsistent requirements on the conduct of the Company's business, the Company may face additional complexity and costs in its compliance efforts, as well as potential increased costs to the extent the Company is required to make further adjustments to how the Company operates its business in the U.K. and/or the European Union.

COVID-19 (CORONAVIRUS)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus ("COVID-19") a pandemic which continues to affect the global community. The UK Government continued to implement social distancing measures during early 2022 with the Company continuing with remote working arrangements and restricted business travel; these arrangements and restrictions were modified during the year as per government guidance. As of 1 April 2022 the U.K. Government removed all restrictions and social distancing measures relating to COVID-19. These arrangements have not materially affected the Company's ability to maintain and conduct its business operations, including the operation of financial reporting systems, internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. While the COVID-19 pandemic had adversely affected the global economy, an economic recovery has since taken place, reducing the risk of COVID-19's effect on the Company's operational and financial performance

APPROVED BY THE BOARD AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF:

R J Rountree - Director

Date: 5 May 2023

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company in the year under review was that of an investment holding Company.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been distributed for the period ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil). No dividends have been proposed at the date of signing this report.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

No change in the Company's principal activity is anticipated in the foreseeable future.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements. See note 15.

DIRECTORS

R J Rountree has held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2022 to the date of this report.

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

R J Farrer-Brown - resigned 28 February 2022 C R Foster - appointed 28 February 2022

GOING CONCERN BASIS

The directors have formed a judgement, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least twelve months from the date the financial statements are authorised for issue.

The Company is in a net asset position at year end and for this reason the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The Company has elected to dispense with the obligation to appoint an auditor annually and, accordingly, Deloitte LLP shall be deemed to be re-appointed as auditor for a further term under the provisions of Section 487 (2) of the Companies

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act

APPROVED BY THE BOARD AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF:

R J Rountree - Director

Date: 5 May 2023

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the Independent Auditor to the Members of Lazard Italy Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Lazard Italy Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- the Statement of Financial Position;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 15.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Report of the Independent Auditor to the Members of Lazard Italy Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management and internal audit about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including those that are specific to the company's business sector.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included UK Companies Act and tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty:

We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists such as tax specialists regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

Report of the Independent Auditor to the Members of Lazard Italy Limited

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report or Report of the Directors.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

And Pry

Andrew Partridge CA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom

Date: 5 May 2023

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

			Period 1/12/20
		Year Ended	to
	otes	31/12/22 £	31/12/21 £
TURNOVER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Administrative expenses		(3,379)	(3,744)
OPERATING LOSS		(3,379)	(3,744)
Interest payable and similar expenses	3	(25,000)	(25,000)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION	4	(28,379)	(28,744)
Tax on loss	5	(2,327)	7,249
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(30,706)	(21,495)
Other comprehensive income	•	. <u> </u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		<u>(30,706</u>)	<u>(21,495</u>)

LAZARD ITALY LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 03536047)

Statement of Financial Position 31 December 2022

			2022 ∙£		2021
	votes		· 2	•	ı.
FIXED ASSETS Investments	7		12,541,024		12,541,024
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	8		19,738		19,977
Cash at bank	o		1,346,387	-	1,421,387
Cush at bunk		•		-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		1,366,125		1,441,364
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	9		(39,700)	_	(84,233)
					•
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,326,425	_	1,357,131
•		•		_	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				. '	
LIABILITIES		•	13,867,449	. *	13,898,155
CREDITORS					
CREDITORS	10 .		(500,000)		(500,000)
Amounts falling due after more than one year	10)		(300,000)	· -	(300,000)
NET ASSETS			13,367,449		13,398,155
NET ASSETS	. ,		15,507,447	=	13,370,133
				•	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			•		
Called up share capital	12		3,999,717		3,999,717
Retained earnings			9,367,732		9,398,438
				-	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		١.	13,367,449		13,398,155
	•			.; =	

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 5 May 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

R J Rountree - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 December 2020	3,999,717	9,419,933	13,419,650
Changes in equity Total comprehensive loss	<u> </u>	(21,495)	(21,495)
Balance at 31 December 2021	3,999,717	9,398,438	13,398,155
		•	
Changes in equity Total comprehensive loss		(30,706)	(30,706)
Balance at 31 December 2022	3,999,717	9,367,732	13,367,449

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Lazard Italy limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The company's registered number, and registered office address can be found on the Company's Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework":

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10)(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D and 111 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of paragraphs 134 to 136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii) and 134(e) of IAS 36 Impairments of Assets.

Going Concern

The directors have formed a judgement, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least twelve months from the date the financial statements are authorised for issue.

The Company is in a net asset position at year end and for this reason the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the directors are required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. No critical accounting judgements have been made. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key source of estimation uncertainty

i. Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets, including those in relation to tax losses carried forward, are only recognised where it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The Company undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Hence, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. Exchange rate exposures are managed utilising forward foreign exchange contracts where necessary.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

Taxation

Current taxes are based on the results shown in the financial statements and are calculated according to local tax rules, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Foreign currencies

The functional currency of the Company is considered pound sterling because it is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Lazard Italy Limited as an individual Company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The Company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertaking are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its parent, Lazard & Co., Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. See note 13.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are held at cost less provision for impairment in value.

Impairment calculation was based on the revenue multiple valuation basis. No impairment required in the current or previous year.

Interest

Interest receivable and payable is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised in the period in which they are declared and become present obligations of the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

3.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMIL	AR EXPENSES		Year Ended 31/12/22	Period 1/12/20 to 31/12/21
	Interest on intercompany loans	•		25,000	25,000
	Interest on intercompany loans relates to	o 5% interest due on	preference shares.		
4.	LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		•	•	
	The loss before taxation is stated after c	charging:			Period
		•		Year Ended 31/12/22	1/12/20 to 31/12/21 £
٠	Auditor's remuneration for the audit of	the annual accounts		<u>3,379</u>	<u>3,744</u>
5.	TAXATION				
	Analysis of tax expense/(income)	,			Period 1/12/20
				Year Ended 31/12/22 <u>£</u>	to 31/12/21 <u>£</u>
	Deferred tax: Current year charge Prior period adjustments			(642) 2,969	(712) (6,537)
	Total deferred tax			2,327	(7,249)

Total tax expense/(income) in statement of comprehensive income

(7,249)

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

5. TAXATION - continued

Factors affecting the tax expense

The tax assessed for the year is higher (2021 - lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

			Period 1/12/20
		Year Ended 31/12/22 £	to 31/12/21 £
Loss before income tax		<u>(28,379</u>)	(28,744)
Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation (2021 - 19%)	on tax in the UK of 19%	(5,392)	(5,461)
Effects of: Prior period adjustment Non deductible expenses		2,969 4,750	(6,537) 4,749
Tax expense/(income)		2,327	(7,249)

6. **DIRECTORS EMOLUMENTS**

There were no directors' fees or other emoluments for their services to this Company during the current or previous years. The Company has no employees (2021: none). The directors of the Company were remunerated by other group entities for services to the group as a whole and it is not practical to allocate part of their remuneration to the Company.

7. INVESTMENTS

						Shares in group undertakings
COST At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	•	÷	 •		•	12,541,024
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2022						12,541,024
At 31 December 2021				,	٠	12,541,024

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

INVESTMENTS - continued

The Company's investments at the Statement of Financial Position date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Lazard S.R.L.

Registered office: Via Dell'Orso 2, Milan, 20121 Nature of business: Financial Advisory

		•	 . %
Class of shares:	.* *		holding
Ordinary	•	*	99.00

DEBTORS	-	
	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts falling due within one year: Amounts owed by group undertakings	<u>5,690</u>	3,601
Amounts falling due after more than one year: Deferred tax asset	14,048	. 16,376
Aggregate amounts	19,738	19,977

The amounts owed by group undertakings is made up of intercompany balances which are all unsecured, have no specified repayment terms and do not accrue interest.

The Finance Act 2021 was substantially enacted in May 2021 and has increased the corporation tax rate from 19% to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023. UK deferred taxation has been calculated at the current rate of corporation tax of 19%, at which the deferred tax asset of £14,048 (2021: £16,376) is expected to crystallise. There are no expiry dates on any of the timing differences above.

Tax debtor

		2022 2021 £ £
Foreign tax debtor Provision		5,600,366 5,305,803 (5,600,366) (5,305,803)
		-

Foreign tax debtor balance of £5,600,366 (2021: £5,305,803) relates to a reclaim of a tax credit from the Italian tax authorities which has been offset by a 100% (2021: 100%) provision.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

`.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	•	
		2022	2021
	Amounts awed to grown undertakings	39,700	84,233
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	39,700	64,233
	Amounts owed to group undertakings is made up of intercompany balances specified repayment terms and do not accrue interest.	which are all u	nsecured, have
	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE	•	•
	YEAR		
		2022	2021
	Professional shares (see note 11)	£ 500,000	500,000
	Preference shares (see note 11)	300,000	300,000
	The preference shares are non-cumulative, non-redeemable and bear an interest ra no discretion over the payment of interest and there are no voting rights or other ra		
	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - BORROWINGS		
		2022 £	2021
	Non-current:	ı	£
	Preference shares	500,000	500,000
			. 200,000
		\$ T	
	Terms and debt repayment schedule		
•		. '	
		•	More than 5
			years £
	Preference shares		500,000
		٠	
		,	٠.
	Details of shares shown as liabilities are as follows:	•	•
		•	
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:		
	Number: Class: Nominal	2022 £	2021 £
	value: 500,000 Preference £1	500,000	500,000
	500,000 Preference	300,000	300,000
		<i>.</i>	
	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	.•	
			*
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:	•	•
	Number: Class: Nominal	2022	2021
	value:	£	£
	3,999,717 Ordinary £1	3,999,717	3,999,717

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

13. .: ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Lazard Ltd is the parent company of the largest group which includes the Company and for which group accounts are prepared. Lazard Ltd is also the ultimate controlling party of the Company, a company incorporated and registered in Bermuda. The registered address for Lazard Ltd is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM1, Bermuda.

The parent company of the smallest group which includes the Company, and for which group accounts are prepared, is Lazard & Co., Holdings Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales (registered address stated below.

Copies of the parent company's financial statements may be obtained from The Company Secretary, Lazard & Co., Holdings Limited, 50 Stratton Street, London W1J 8LL.

The Company's immediate controlling party is Lazard & Co., Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales.

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption, under the terms of IAS 24 paragraphs 17 and 18A Related Party Disclosures, not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

15. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There have been no significant events or transactions since the statement of financial position date that require disclosure.