Registration number: 03535135

A J Phillips Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Abridged Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>5</u>

Company Information

Mr A J Phillips Mrs A S Imber Directors

Mrs S M Jackson Company secretary

Century Mill Worrall Street Registered office

Congleton Cheshir CW12 1DT

Page 1

(Registration number: 03535135) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets		
Investment property	30,144	30,144
Current assets		
Debtors	9,556	11,274
Cash at bank and in hand	8,433	10,511
	17,989	21,785
Prepayments and accrued income	722	1,862
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	(7,851)	(7,624)
Net current assets	10,860	16,023
Total assets less current liabilities	41,004	46,167
Provisions for liabilities	(2,840)	(3,540)
Accruals and deferred income	(1,100)	(3,249)
Net assets	37,064	39,378
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	30	30
Profit and loss account	37,034	39,348
Total equity	37,064	39,378

For the financial year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{5}{2}$ form an integral part of these abridged financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 03535135) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

Approved and authorised by the board on 26 December 2017 and signed on its behalf by:
Mr A J Phillips
Director
The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{5}{2}$ form an integral part of these abridged financial statements Page 3

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Century Mill Worrall Street Congleton Cheshir CW12 1DT

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 26 December 2017.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value, derived from the current market prices for comparable real estate determined annually. The valuation refers to observable market prices, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	30	30	30	30

4 Transition to FRS 102

No adjustments are required on the transition to FRS 102

Page 5

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.