Report and Accounts

31 December 2005

Registered Number: 3517639



Registered No. 3517639

DIRECTORS

Larry J Towe John P Gillies Michael Volommer Walter Korchun David Riley Michael Gravelle Resigned 1 February 2006 Resigned 1 February 2006 Resigned 1 February 2006 Resigned 1 February 2006 Appointed 1 February 2006 Appointed 1 February 2006

SECRETARY

David Mott Tricorn House 51/53 Hagley Road Edgbaston Birmingham B16 8TO

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP No. 1 Colmore Square Birmingham B4 6HQ

BANKERS

Barclays Plc, PO Box 190 Barclays House East Parade Leeds LS1 2UX

SOLICITORS

DLA Victoria Square House Victoria Square Birmingham B2 4DL

REGISTERED OFFICE

Tricorn House 51/53 Hagley Road Edgbaston Birmingham B16 8TO

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be the processing of store cards and related services.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss for the year, after taxation, was £2,205,999 (2004: loss of £386,807). The directors do not recommend the payment of an ordinary dividend (2004: £Nil).

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

Larry J Towe Resigned 1 February 2006 John P Gillies Resigned 1 February 2006 Michael Volommer Resigned 1 February 2006 Walter Korchun Resigned 1 February 2006 David Riley Appointed 1 February 2006 Michael Gravelle Appointed 1 February 2006

The directors in office at the end of the year held no interests in the shares of the company at either their date of appointment or at 31 December 2005.

There are no other interests required to be disclosed by section 234 of the Companies Act 1985.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 1 February 2006 Certegy Inc was acquired by Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.

EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT

The company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued its previous practice of keeping them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the various factors affecting the performance of the company. This is achieved through formal and informal meetings.

EMPLOYMENT OF DISABLED PERSONS

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as is possible, be identical with that of other employees.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP have expressed their intention to resign as the auditors of the company. Following their resignation the directors have decided to appoint KPMG as the auditors.

By order of the board

Director

Director 31/10/06

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CERTEGY CARD SERVICES LIMITED

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 18. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) as set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered auditor
Birmingham

31/10/06

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
TURNOVER	2	23,012,413	24,310,491
Cost of sales		(11,117,283)	(12,537,442)
GROSS PROFIT		11,895,130	11,773,049
Administrative expenses		(14,147,836)	(12,255,745)
OPERATING LOSS	3	(2,252,706)	(482,696)
Bank interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	50,177 (3,470)	99,755 (3,866)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(2,205,999)	(386,807)
TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	7		<u> </u>
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR, RETAINED AND TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES	14	(2,205,999)	(386,807)

There are no recognised gains or losses for the current financial year and preceding financial year, other than the losses shown above.

BALANCE SHEET at 31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	8	6,094,226	6,307,725
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks	9	603,196	494,590
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	5,508,945 597,125	5,525,558 3,046,356
		6,709,266	9,066,504
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(4,213,636)	(5,078,374)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,495,630	3,988,130
Total assets less current liabilities		8,589,856	10,295,855
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(15,744,986)	(15,244,986)
NET LIABILITIES		(7,155,130)	(4,949,131)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called -up share capital	13	1,000	1,000
Capital contribution Profit and loss account	14 14	4,295,488 (11,451,618)	4,295,488 (9,245,619)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	14	(7,155,130)	(4,949,131)

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 31/10/06 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Under the provisions of FRS1 "Cash flow statements (Revised 1996)", the company has not prepared a cash flow statement, because its ultimate parent company, Certegy Inc, has prepared consolidated financial statements, which contains a cash flow statement and which are publicly available.

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis as Certegy Limited has committed to support the company to meet its commitments as and when they fall due.

Tangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are shown at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Costs of software developed to enable the company to provide services to third parties are capitalised. These costs include internal staff time, charges from other group companies and third party invoices.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition or revaluation, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office equipment

over 3 to 10 years

Software development costs

over 3 to 8 years

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition, and net realisable value as follows:

Raw materials, consumables and goods for resale

purchase cost on a first-in, first-out basis.

Contract work in progress

cost of direct materials and labour.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

The stock includes card, statements, letters etc, which be used in the management of the store card processing. It also includes contract costs incurred, but not yet billed, in the establishment of services to clients.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives.

The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

The company is part of the Certegy Retirement Savings Plan defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2005

2. TURNOVER

3.

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represents amounts invoiced to third parties.

Turnover is attributable to sales and services in the normal course of business.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	2005 £	2004 £
United Kingdom Europe United States of America	17,703,490 1,574,806 3,734,117	22,889,617 66,286 1,354,588
	23,012,413	24,310,491
OPERATING LOSS This is stated after charging:		

	2005 £	2004 £
Auditors' remuneration - audit	26,050	30,000
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	1,994,497	2,043,151
Operating lease rentals – plant and machinery	298,711	301,471
Operating lease rentals – land and buildings	435,272	304,017

4. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

No directors' received emoluments from the company during either year, the remuneration being borne by another company in the group in both years.

No directors were members of the pension schemes (2004: £nil.)

5. STAFF COSTS

37417 00313	2005 £	2004 £
Wages and salaries	7,861,287	6,859,297
Social security costs	735,808	628,963
Pension costs	238,944	190,455
	8,836,039	7,678,715
The average weekly number of employees during the year was as follows:	ows:	
	2005 No.	2004 No.
Operations	333	354
Administration	40	_ 37
	373	391

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2005

6. INTEREST PAYABLE

	2005 £	2004 £
Bank interest	3,470	3,866
	3,470	3,866

7. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

a) Analysis of charge in period	2005	2004
Current tax	2005 £	2004 £
UK Corporation tax	<u>-</u>	-
b) Factors affecting tax charge for period	2005 £	2004 £
(Loss)/Profit on ordinary activities before tax	(2,205,999)	(386,807)
Tax at 30% thereon (2004: 30%)	(661,799)	(116,042)
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Movement in short term timing differences Group relief not paid for	24,342 (328,706) 28,286 937,877	42,544 (180,535) (46,117) 300,150
Corporation Tax charge for the period	-	

c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

At 31 December 2005 the company has tax losses of approximately £0.6m (2004: £2.2m) carried forward for offset against future taxable profits of the company. The movement in the tax losses relates primarily to an adjustment in respect of prior years, resulting from the disclaimer of capital allowances.

d) Deferred tax

As at 31 December 2005 the company had an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £1,189,934 (2004: £1,154,368). A deferred tax asset has not been recognised as it is not regarded as more likely than not that suitable taxable profits will arise in the short term against which these losses can be offset.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2005

8.	TANGIBL	FFIXED	ASSETS
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•		Software development costs £	Office equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 January 2005 Additions	12,814,582 736,431	2,633,589 1,044,567	15,448,171 1,780,998
	At 31 December 2005	13,551,013	3,678,156	17,229,169
	Depreciation At 1 January 2005 Charge	7,422,642 1,471,545	1,717,804 522,952	9,140,446 1,994,497
	At 31 December 2005	8,894,187	2,240,756	11,134,943
	Net book value At 31 December 2005	4,656,826	1,437,400	6,094,226
	At 31 December 2004	5,391,940	915,785	6,307,725
9.	STOCKS		2005 £	2004 £
	Stocks of stationery and cards Contract work-in-progress		603,196	428,207 66,383
			603,196	494,590
10.	DEBTORS		2005	2004
	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Other taxes and social security costs Amounts owed by group undertakings		2,917,125 898,087 1,464,933 167,042 61,758 5,508,945	4,218,748 478,146 826,838 1,826 5,525,558

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2005

11. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

		2005 £	2004 £
	Trade creditors	128,074	405,672
	Other taxes and social security costs	204,923	368,858
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,201,542	2,210,098
	Other creditors	42,134	10,568
	Accruals	1,636,963	2,083,178
		4,213,636	5,078,374
12.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Loans from parent undertakings	15,744,986	11,230,000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	4,014,986
		15.744.986	15.244.986

None of the loans from the parent undertaking are interest bearing (2004 - £Nil).

Group undertakings have confirmed that amounts included above will not be recalled within 1 year.

13. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised, allotted, called up and not paid

	2005 £	2004 £
510 A ordinary shares of £1 each 490 B ordinary shares of £1 each	510 490	510 490
	1,000	1,000

The two classes of shares rank pari passu in all respects.

14. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT AND MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Share capital £	Capital contribution £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2004 Retained profit for the year	1,000	4,295,488	(8,858,812) (386,807)	(4,562,324) (386,807)
At 1 January 2005 Retained loss for the year	1,000	4,295,488	(9,245,619) (2,205,999)	(4,949,131) (2,205,999)
At 31 December 2005	1,000	4,295,488	(11,451,618)	(7,155,130)

15. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments as at 31 December 2005 totalled £nil (2004 – £503,015).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

at 31 December 2005

16. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company is a member of the Certegy Retirement Savings Plan. This is a defined contribution scheme, which represents the main scheme of the group and is funded by contributions from the employer and the employee, for the benefit of individual members.

The pension charge for the year was £238,944 (2004 - £190,455) and the year end accrual for pension costs is £35,573 (2004: £700).

17. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2005 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	Land and Buildings		Other	
	2005 £	2004 £	2005 £	2004 £
Operating lease which expire - within 1 year	_	_	_	2,157
- within 2 – 5 years - in more than 5 years	325,002 75,081	260,025 75,081	36,434 -	18,697 -
	400,083	335,106	36,434	20,854

18. IMMEDIATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The immediate parent company is Certegy Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by the ultimate parent company, Certegy Inc, a company incorporated in the USA. The consolidated financial statements of the group are available from Certegy Inc, 11720 Amber Park Drive, Suite 600, Alpharetta, Georgia, 30004.

As a subsidiary undertaking of Certegy Inc., Certegy Card Services Ltd has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 'Related Party Disclosures' not to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by Certegy Inc.

On 1 February 2006 Certegy Inc was acquired by Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.