AMTECH AUTOMATED MICRO TECHNOLOGY LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2012

SATURDAY

tM 06/10/2012 #1
COMPANIES HOUSE

Amtech Automated Micro Technology Limited Company No. 03496246 Abbreviated Balance Sheet 30 April 2012

		2012		2011	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSEIS					
Tangible assets	2		21,740		11,271
Investments	3	_	938,270	_	929,171
			960,010		940,442
CURRENT ASSEIS					
Stocks		11,125		13,446	
Debtors		42,025		43,204	
Cash at bank and in hand		171,612		208,286	
		224,762		264,936	
Creditors. Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		(619,326)	_	(610,752)	
NET CURRENT ASSEIS (LIABILITIES)		_	(394,564)		(345,816)
TOTAL ASSEIS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	565,446		594,626
NET ASSETS		_	565,446		594,626
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		_		_	
Called up share capital	4		2		2
Profit and loss account		-	565,444	_	594,624
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	565,446	<u></u>	594,626

Amtech Automated Micro Technology Limited Company No. 03496246 Abbrevated Balance Sheet (continued) 30 April 2012

For the year ending 30 April 2012 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the
 preparation of accounts.
- These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective 2008)

On behalf of the board

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Mr S Scott.

27/09/2012

Amtech Automated Micro Technology Limited Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts For The Year Ended 30 April 2012

1 Accounting Policies

11 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

12 Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

13 Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year it is incurred, except where the directors are satisfied that development expenditure incurred on an individual project is carried forward as permitted by SSAP13 when its future recoverability can be regarded as assured. The expenditure carried forward is treated as an intangible fixed asset and amortised over its estimated economic life of (Enter). Years so as to match the expenditure with the anticipated sales from the related project. Provision is made for any impairment.

14 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

 Leasehold
 2% straight line basis

 Plant & Machinery
 15% reducing balance basis

 Motor Vehicles
 25% reducing balance basis

 Fixtures & Fittings
 15% reducing balance basis

15 Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

16 Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and the law enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Amtech Automated Micro Technology Limited Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts (continued) For The Year Ended 30 April 2012

2 Tangible Assets				
				Total
Cost				£
As at 1 May 2011				37,515
Additions				17,612
As at 30 April 2012			•	55,127
Depreciation			•	······
As at 1 May 2011				26,244
Provided during the period				7,143
As at 30 April 2012			•	33,387
Net Book Value			•	-
As at 30 April 2012				21,740
As at 1 May 2011			•	11,271
3 Investments			·	
		Listed	Other	Total
		£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 May 2011		7,398	921,773	929,171
Additions			9,099	9,099
As at 30 April 2012		7,398	930,872	938,270
Provision			•	
As at 1 May 2011			<u>-</u>	_
As at 30 April 2012		<u>-</u>	-	-
Net Book Value				
As at 30 April 2012		7,398	930,872	938,270
As at 1 May 2011		7,398	921,773	929,171
4 Share Capital				
			2012	2011
Allotted, called up and fully paid.	Value	Number	£	£
Ordinary shares		1 2	2	2