Registered Number 03494862

Igloos Ltd.

**Abbreviated Accounts** 

31 March 2015

### Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015	_	2014	
Fixed assets	2	£	£	£	£
Tangible			280,531		367,231
		-	280,531		367,231
Current assets					
Stocks		28,018		87,353	
Debtors		1,264,973		661,852	
Cash at bank and in hand		418,260		24,178	
Total current assets		1,711,251		773,383	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(1,451,185)		(927,420)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			260,066		(154,037)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	540,597		213,194
Provisions for liabilities			(27,500)		(27,500)
Total net assets (liabilities)		- -	513,097		185,694
Capital and reserves	1		100		100
Called up share capital	4		100		100

Profit and loss account	512,997	185,594
Shareholders funds	513,097_	185,694

- a. For the year ending 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 28 July 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

D P W Featherstone, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 March 2015

## 1 Accounting policies

## Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided during the year in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales and related taxes.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that

there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### **Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

### Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery 10% Straight line Motor Vehicles 4% Straight line

# <sub>2</sub> Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 April 2014	1,793,940	1,793,940
Additions	27,115	27,115
Disposals	(31,049)	(31,049)
At 31 March 2015	1,790,006	1,790,006
Depreciation		
At 01 April 2014	1,426,709	1,426,709
Charge for year	110,463	110,463
On disposals	(27,697)	(27,697)
At 31 March 2015	1,509,475	1,509,475

### Net Book Value

At 31 March 2015	280,531	280,531
At 31 March 2014	367,231	367,231

# $_{ m 3}\,$ Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

# 4 Share capital

	2015	2014
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
1000 Ordinary of £1 each	1,000	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully		
paid:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100

# 5 Transactions with directors

L W J K Neale had an interest free loan during the year. The amount due at the balance sheet date was £183,349 (2014: £162,135). The increase in the loan has accrued over the year from a number of sums drawn. The maximum amount outstanding during the year was £183,349. D P W Featherstone had an interest free loan during the year. The amount due at the balance sheet date was £217,034 (2014: £157,571). The increase in the loan has accrued over the year from a number of sums drawn. The maximum amount outstanding during the year was £217,034.