# Aire Self Drive Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30 September 2017



# **Financial Statements**

# Year ended 30 September 2017

Contents	Page
Statement of financial position	1
Notes to the financial statements	3

# **Statement of Financial Position**

# 30 September 2017

		2017		
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5		205,904	190,940
Current assets				
Stocks		31,829		21,609
Debtors	6	42,199		54,754
		74,028		76,363
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	1,251,031		1,109,267
Net current liabilities			1,177,003	1,032,904
Total assets less current liabilities			(971,099)	(841,964)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than				
one year	8		_5,833	24,083
Net liabilities			(976,932)	(866,047)

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Financial Position (continued)

## 30 September 2017

			2017		2016
		Note	£	£	£
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital				1	1
Profit and loss account				(976,933)	(866,048)
Shareholders deficit	,			(976,932)	(866,047)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 September 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 14 May 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Miss V E Hillas Director

Company registration number: 03490878

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 30 September 2017

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Tong Park Garage, Otley Road, Charlestown, West Yorkshire, BD177QA.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared using the going concern basis. The director considers this to be wholly appropriate in spite of the net current liabilities given her continued support.

#### **Transition to FRS 102**

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 October 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 12.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

# Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 30 September 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

20% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

25% reducing balance

Equipment

33% straight line

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

## Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30 September 2017

# 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 5 (2016: 4).

# 5. Tangible assets

Hire purchase

		Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 October 2016 Additions Disposals	30,085 - -	351,484 80,874 (53,560)	407 449 —	381,976 81,323 (53,560)
	At 30 September 2017	30,085	378,798	856	409,739
	Depreciation At 1 October 2016 Charge for the year Disposals	10,127 3,991 —	180,541 49,884 (41,264)	368 188	191,036 54,063 (41,264)
	At 30 September 2017	14,118	189,161	556	203,835
	Carrying amount At 30 September 2017	15,967	189,637	300	205,904
	At 30 September 2016	19,958	170,943	<u>39</u>	190,940
6.	Debtors			2017	2016
	Other debtors			£ 42,199	£ 54,754
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within	n one year			
	Bank loans and overdrafts			2017 £ 4,185	2016 £ 1,829
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings a company has a participating interest Social security and other taxes Other creditors	nd undertakings	in which the	28,920 1,135,481 11,943 70,502	60,416 824,750 19,003 203,269
				1,251,031	1,109,267
	The following liabilities disclosed unde company:	r creditors falling	due within or	ne year are se	ecured by the
	Company.			2017 £	2016 £

18,250

37,333

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30 September 2017

## 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2017	2016
•	£	£
Other creditors	5,833	24,083

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

•	2017	2016
	£	£
Hire purchase	5,833	24,083

#### 9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

The directors loan account remained in credit throughout the year. There were no guarantees during the year.

#### 10. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Miss V E Hillas. Miss V E Hillas is the managing director.

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under the Financial Reporting Standard 102.

# 11. Controlling party

The ultimate parent company is Hillas Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

#### 12. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 October 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.